Quarterly Environmental Monitoring Report (QEMR) Q1 December 2024

Project No: ENRS0033

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Executive Summary



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1 Introduction

Environment & Natural Resource Solutions (ENRS Pty Ltd) were commissioned as independent environmental consultants by ALS Environmental (Wollongong) on behalf of Shellharbour City Council (SCC) to prepare the Quarterly Environmental Monitoring Report (QEMR) for the Dunmore Recycling and Waste Depot (herein referred to as the Site).

This (QEMR) summarises the results of field testing and laboratory analysis conducted by ALS for the first quarter (quarter 1) of the 2024-2025 monitoring period. Environmental monitoring is conducted by ALS over four (4) quarterly sampling events which and provides the necessary data assessment and analysis to meet requirements of the Site's Environment Protection Licence/s (EPL's); No.5984.

1.1 Project Background

1.1.1 Site History

The Site was established in 1945 and has been managed by Shellharbour City Council (SSC) since 1983. The Site is an active landfill and accepts putrescible and non-putrescible waste within its managed landfill cell. Recycling activities conducted at the site include Resource Recovery Centre, Revolve Centre and Food Organics and garden Organics (FOGO) processing. The Site contains multiple landfill cells consisting of a historic legacy cell and multiple lined cells.

In late 2020 to July 2021 Shellharbour City Council moved away from sole reliance on traditional onsite leachate management techniques through initiating a secondary leachate treatment option in which leachate was transported from site for processing at a contractor facility.

In early 2021 Shellharbour City Council constructed a new Leachate Treatment Plant (LTP) on site, which was commissioned in July/August 2021. The LTP is comprised of three (3) primary biological treatment units, including an anoxic reactor, nitrifying reactor, and sequencing batch reactor. The treated stream meets Sydney Water requirements for discharge into Sydney Water sewer, under a trade waste agreement. On average the LTP discharges 60kL/day of treated water, equating to approximately 22ML of leachate removal from site per annum.

1.2 EPL Requirements

Waste regulation in NSW is administered by the EPA under the Protection of the Environment Operations (POEO) Act (1997); the Waste Avoidance and Resource Recovery Act (2001).

The Site operates under the conditions of two (2) EPLs:

- ➤ EPL No. 5984. Landfill activities. Consisting of; extractive activities, waste disposal and composting.
- ➤ EPL No. 12903. Resource recovery activities. Consisting of; composting and waste storage within the FOGO Facilities and Resource Recovery Centre. ENRS note that EPL No. 12903 does not specify any monitoring or sampling requirements.

A copy of the relevant EPL sections outlining the sampling requirements is provided in Appendix A (EPL No. 5984).



1.3 Objectives

The objectives of this AEMR are to:

- ➤ Meet the environmental monitoring requirements of Sites EPLs; No. 5984;
- Assess and analyse the environmental monitoring data for the Site against NSW EPA endorsed criteria:
- > Identify trends of the environmental monitoring data over the reporting period;
- Identify any on-site or off-site impacts associated with operation of the Site;
- Advise SCC if the current environmental monitoring program is providing adequate information to identify potential environmental impacts from existing operations (if any) and provide recommendations on improvement to the monitoring program if required; and
- Document monitoring results in a Quarterly Environmental Monitoring Report.

1.4 Scope of Work

The scope of work for this QEMR comprised the collation, assessment and reporting of Site data made available to ENRS from the monitoring events in regard to the following tasks:

- Review previous reports and document the hydrogeological setting;
- Tabulate results of all monitoring data for water, dust samples and methane gas collected and provided by ALS and landfill gas flare temperatures collected by LGI, as required by the EPLs for the respective reporting period.
- Analysis and interpretation of all monitoring data (water, dust, methane gas, gas flare temperatures);
- Review the quarterly environmental monitoring data and reports from the first quarterly sampling event and compare against data from at least the last three (3) years;
- Identification of any deficiencies in environmental performance identified by the monitoring data, trends or environmental incidents, and identification of remedial actions taken or proposed to be taken to address these deficiencies; and
- > Recommendations on improving the environmental performance of the facility including improvement to the monitoring program.

2 Site Identification

2.1 Site Identification

The Site is located at 44 Buckleys Road, Dunmore, NSW, 2529, legally defined as Lot 21 in Deposited Plan 653009 and Lot 1 Deposited Plan 419907. The Site is situated approximately three and a half (3.5) kilometres southwest of the Shellharbour town centre. The area's regional location is defined in **Figure 2-1** below. Details of the Site boundary and sampling points are provided in the Site Plan as **Figure 14-1**. The key features required to identify the Site are summarised in **Table 2-1**.

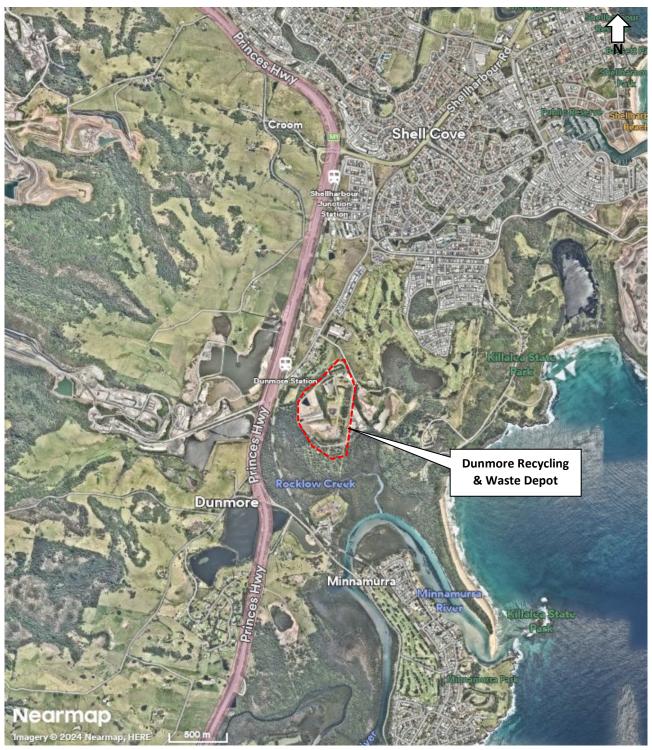


Table 2-1: Site Identification

| Site | Description |
|---|--|
| Site name | Dunmore Recycling and Waste Depot |
| Street address | 44 Buckleys Road, Dunmore, NSW 2529 |
| Property description | - |
| (Lot / Deposited Plan) | 21 / 653009 and 1 / 419907 |
| Easting/Northing (GDA2020) (approximate centre of Site) | Zone 56H Easting: 302280 Northing: 6168169 (Approximate centre of Site) |
| Current owners | Shellharbour City Council |
| Current occupiers | Shellharbour City Council |
| Site area (total) | 54.78 hectares |
| Site dimensions | Irregular shaped boundary. Please refer to Figure 14-1. |
| Areas excluded or inaccessible | Assessment was limited to the available data for the sample points listed in the EPL. |
| Local government area | Shellharbour City Council |
| Current zoning | RU1 Primary Production |
| Locality map | Albion Park 9028 |
| Trigger for assessment | Reporting requirements of EPL 5984. |
| State or Local government statutory controls | EPL 5984; Contaminated Land Management Act 1997; Environment Protection Act 1997; Waste Avoidance and Resource Recovery Act (2001). Work Health and Safety Act 2011; and Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011. |
| Legal permissions to access the Site obtained or required | N/A. ENRS did not access the Site. |
| Consent of adjoining landowners and/or occupiers to access land (if required) | N/A. Not required for this scope of work. |



Figure 2-1 Project Location



Source: Nearmap.com.au (cited 15/10/2024)

2.2 Surrounding Land Use

The current activities and operations on adjacent properties and the surrounding area include:



Table 2-2: Summary of surrounding land use

| Direction | Land Use |
|---|---|
| North Buckleys Road, commercial infrastructure and open grassland. Residential dwellings along the northwest border of the Site. Golf course further to the northeast. | |
| East | Dunmore Resources and Recycling facility immediately to the east, bushland to the southeast. |
| South Bushland, Rocklow Creek (300m from landfill activities). Further to Kiama Community Recycling Centre and Riverside Drive. | |
| West | Bushland to the southwest, scattered trees immediately to the west and further to the Princes Highway. Boral Quarries complex beyond the Highway. Residential dwellings to the Northwest. |

2.2.1 Sensitive Receptors

The nearest sensitive receptors are likely to include:

- Recreational users of the Minnamurra River estuary environs;
- Neighbouring and down gradient stakeholders;
- Ecological receptors flora and fauna.
- > Shallow soil, groundwater and stormwater vertical and lateral migration of contaminants (if any) and connectivity with shallow groundwater, drainage waterways and nearby tributaries; and
- ➤ Down gradient alluvial aquifers, swamps, Rocklow Creek, Minnamurra River and Groundwater Dependent Ecosystems (GDE) near discharge zones.

2.3 Topography

A review of the current series Albion Park (90281N) 1:25,000 topographic map sheet was conducted to assess the regional topography and to identify potential runoff and groundwater controls in the region. Topography provides a useful indicator for groundwater controls including gradient and flow path.

The Site presents low topographic relief, remaining between approximately 3-5 mAHD across the entirety of the Site. The regional topographic gradient trends south-southeast towards Rocklow Creek and Minnamurra River.

2.4 Soil Landscape

Review of the Sites soil landscape was conducted with reference to the Kiama 1:100,000 soil landscape map. The Site was mapped as underlain by the Mangrove Creek Estuarine (mc) organic, black, massive sandy loam topsoil overlying loose bleached light grey sand with iron staining in the subsoil.

Landscape – vegetated tidal flats in estuarine areas on Holocene sediments. Relief <3 m. Slopes <3%. Mangrove open-scrub, saltmarsh herbland, sedgeland and low open-forest

Soils - deep (>150 cm) Siliceous Sands (Uc1.21) and Calcareous Sands (Uc1.11) and Solonchaks (Uc1.11) occur on mangrove flats. Humic Gley Soils (Uc4.53) and Solonchaks (Uc1.11) occur on saltmarshes.



Review of the online *Shellharbour City Council* Acid Sulphate Soil Risk Map indicates that the Site lies within a **Class 3** area, suggesting that works beyond 1 metre below the ground level (mbGL) have the potential to encounter Acid Sulphate Soils.

2.5 Geology

A review of the Site geology was undertaken with reference to the Wollongong 1:250,000 geological series sheet (Si56.9) and the Shellharbour-Kiama area coastal quaternary 1:50,000 geology sheet (See Figure 4). The Site is predominately underlain by the Quaternary alluvial deposits (Qal) characterised as Holocene backbarrier flat; marine sand, silt, clay, gravel and shell (Qhbf). The northern most corner of the site is intersected by the Gerringong Volcanics (Pbb) characterised by Latite. Based on the mapped geology, previous investigations and borehole logs, the Site infrastructure including the landfill cell is located within the alluvial deposits.

2.6 Hydrogeology

Groundwater resources in the area are expected to be associated with Shallow unconfined alluvial and unconsolidated systems, generally less than 20 m in depth with moderate to high transmissivity, variable water quality, and strongly controlled by rainfall recharge.

2.6.1 Existing Bores

A network of groundwater monitoring bores is installed at the Site to provide specific data on the quality and nature of groundwater. Given the spatial distribution of the bores and disturbed ground condition expected within the land fill cell, groundwater contours could not be accurately mapped.

A review of the NSW Office of Water (NOW) existing bore records was conducted to develop the conceptual understanding of regional groundwater conditions, including aquifer depths, yields, water quality, and distribution. A search of the Bureau of Meteorology Australian Groundwater Explorer groundwater database identified a total of eighty-eight (88) registered bores within one and a half (1.5) kilometres of the Site (see Figure 5). Registered bores in the area are predominantly associated with the Landfill Site and with the quarry complex (Boral Site) to the west of the EPL Site. The majority of bores are registered for monitoring purposes, excluding a single well (GW044447), which is registered for stock and domestic purposes. The stock bore is located approximately one (1) kilometre to the north of the Site, on the western side of the Princes Highway, which is considered to be up gradient of the Site and not in direct hydraulic connectivity. Registered bore depths are between 1.25 m and 22 m. Bore records indicate shallow unconsolidated aquifer systems.

2.6.2 Flow Regime

Previous reports (Environmental Earth Sciences, 2018) have identified that groundwater flows vary across the Site, but the general trend is south, towards Rocklow Creek.

Based on the unconfined nature of the aquifers, the shallow groundwater flow is inferred to mimic topography with low to moderate hydraulic gradients flowing towards the south.

The Site and adjoining land, was largely unsealed with potential for local recharge from rainfall infiltration. Likely discharge areas are predominantly to the south and east of the Site including swamps and Rocklow Creek. The waterbodies surrounding the Site are recognised as State



Environmental Planning Policy No.14 (SEPP14) registered wetlands and Proximity Areas for Coastal Wetlands border the eastern, southern and western boundaries of the Site.

2.7 Surface Water

The Site topography indicates that surface water flow will generally trend to the east towards off Site wetlands and southeast towards Rocklow Creek. These present the primary regional drainage structures for natural surface water and runoff. A series of stormwater infrastructure is present at the Site which is expected to capture run off. Infrastructure includes but not limited to; stormwater drains; sedimentation ponds; levee banks; collection and diversion drains; and leachate dams.

3 Assessment Criteria

ENRS have adopted the most appropriate criteria in accordance with current state and national guidelines. Where available, Australian and NSW EPA endorsed guidelines have been referenced in preference to international standards.

3.1 Water Quality Guidelines

Nationally developed guidelines are provided in the National Water Quality Management Strategy (NWQMS): Guidelines for Groundwater Protection in Australia (ARMCANZ & ANZECC;2013). The relevant criteria to protect environmental values are provided in **Table 3-1**:

Table 3-1: Water Quality Assessment Criteria

| Environmental Value | Relevant Guideline |
|---|--|
| Ecosystems / Health Screening Levels | ANZG (2018) (Australian and New Zealand Guidelines for Fresh and Marine Water Quality); ASC NEPM (2013); and Health Screening Levels for Petroleum Hydrocarbons in Soil & Groundwater (CRC CARE, Sept. 2011) |
| Drinking Water | Australian Drinking Water Guidelines (ADWG) |

3.1 Groundwater & Surface water Assessment Criteria

The ANZG (2018) provide <u>default guideline values</u> (DGVs) for four (4) levels of protection categorised by the percent of species possibly affected, being 80%, 90%, 95% or 99% of species. Where DGVs are not available reference is made against the ANZECC (2000) Trigger Values (TV). The NSW Office of Water (DECCW;2007) endorsed groundwater management guidelines recommend assessment for aquatic ecosystems based on the 95 per cent of species level of protection. This assessment has adopted the assessment criteria considered most appropriate for the contaminants of concern based on the Site's EPL and results provided by ALS. The adopted TV for the Site Assessment Criteria (SAC) are summarised in **Table 3-2** below.



Table 3-2: Groundwater & Surface Water Assessment Criteria

| Analyte | Units | Fresh Water ^A | Marine Water ^A | Drinkin Health | g Water ^B Aesthetic |
|--|-------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Chloride | mg/L | - | - | - | 250 |
| Calcium | mg/L | - | - | - | - |
| Magnesium | mg/L | - | - | - | - |
| Sodium | mg/L | - | - | - | 180 |
| Potassium | mg/L | - | - | - | - |
| Manganese | mg/L | 1.9 | - | 0.5 | 0.1 |
| Total iron | mg/L | - | - | - | 0.3 |
| Dissolved iron | mg/L | - | - | - | 0.3 |
| Fluoride | mg/L | - | - | 1.5 | - |
| Ammonia as N ^C | mg/L | 0.91 (pH 8) | 0.91 (pH 8) | - | 0.5 |
| Nitrate as N | mg/L | 0.7 | - | 50 | - |
| Nitrite as N | mg/L | - | - | 3 | - |
| Total Organic Carbon | mg/L | - | - | - | - |
| Bicarbonate alkalinity as CaCO3 | mg/L | - | - | - | - |
| Total alkalinity as CaCO3 | mg/L | - | - | - | - |
| Sulfate as SO4 - turbidimetric | mg/L | - | - | - | 250 |
| Dissolved Oxygen - % Saturation (surface water only) | % | 85-110% | - | - | - |
| Suspended Solids (SS) (surface water only) | mg/L | - | - | - | - |
| Turbidity (surface water only) | NTU | - | - | - | 5 |
| рН | рН | 6.5-8.5 | | 6.5-8.5 | 6.5-8.5 |
| Electrical Conductivity | μS/cm | 2200 | - | - | - |

Table notes:

Criteria is only provided for the analytes test by ALS and listed within EPL 5984.

3.1.1 Ammonia Assessment criteria

In addition to the default TV of 0.91mg/L (pH 8) for ammonia, Table 3.3.2 of the ANZECC (2000) also provides stressor values for physical and chemical stressors for south-east Australia for slightly disturbed ecosystems. The table provides a stressor guideline for ammonia of **0.2mg/L** at pH 8 for lowland rivers. For the purposes of this assessment, the value has been applied to all water samples, excluding the leachate tank.

pH specific ammonia TVs. Additional sample point specific pH dependant trigger values for total ammonia were also adopted when a sample was outside of 8 pH units. Sample specific values were

A: Investigation levels apply to typical slightly-moderately disturbed systems. See ANZECC & ARMCANZ (2000) for guidance on applying these levels to different ecosystem conditions.

B: Investigation levels are taken from the health values of the Australian Drinking Water Guidelines (NHMRC 2011).

D. Criteria for ammonia. See Section 3.1.1:



based on Table 8.3.7 of the ANZECC (2000). The additional criteria and results are presented in Table 14-2 to Error! Reference source not found. attached.

3.2 Dust Deposition Assessment Criteria

Criteria for collection and assessment of dust deposition concentrations are provided within the Australian standard AS3580.10.1 - Methods for sampling and analysis of ambient air; method 10.1-Determination of particulate matter - Deposited matter - Gravimetric method. AS3580.10.1 provides an acceptable level of 4 g/m2/month.

3.3 Surface Methane Gas Assessment Criteria

The NSW EPA Solid Waste Landfill Guidelines 2nd Edition (2016) provides sampling methodologies and threshold for surface methane gas concentrations at landfill sites. The acceptable threshold for capped landfills is 500 parts per million (ppm) at 5 cm above the capping surface.

3.4 Gas Accumulation Assessment Criteria within Enclosed Structures

The NSW EPA Solid Waste Landfill Guidelines 2nd Edition (2016) provides sampling methodologies and threshold gas levels to ensure that gas is not accumulating within enclosed structures on or within 250m of deposited waste or leachate storage. The acceptable threshold for 1% (volume/volume).

4 Data Quality Objectives (DQO)

If sampling is conducted, Data Quality Objectives (DQO) are required to define the quality and quantity of data needed to support management decisions. The process for establishing DQO's is documented in the National Environment Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure (NEPC;2013).

4.1 Step 1: State the problem

The Site is currently operating as an active landfill and requires regular environmental monitoring in accordance with the EPL 5984.

4.2 Step 2: Identify the decision/goal of the study

The primary goals / objectives of the investigation program were to:

- Meet the environmental monitoring requirements of Sites EPLs; No. 5984 and 12903;
- Assess and analyse the environmental monitoring data for the Site against NSW EPA endorsed criteria;
- Identify trends of the environmental monitoring data over the reporting period;
- Identify any on-site or off-site impacts associated with operation of the Site;
- Advise SCC if the current environmental monitoring program is providing adequate information to identify potential environmental impacts from existing operations (if any) and provide recommendations on improvement to the monitoring program if required; and
- Document monitoring results in a Quarterly Environmental Monitoring Report.



4.3 Step 3: Identify the information inputs

The provided results shall be used to identify any risks to the sensitive receptors or change in site conditions. The following inputs were required:

- Representative environmental samples;
- Measurements of environmental parameters;
- Comparison of the parameter results against the adopted Site Assessment Criteria (SAC);
- The completion of an Quarterly Environmental Monitoring Report.

4.4 Step 4: Define the study boundaries

The assessment was limited to sampling locations listed in EPL 5984. As listed in **Appendix A** and depicted in **Figure 14-1** - **Figure 14-2**.

4.5 Step 5: Develop the analytical approach (decision rule)

The site information and results obtained from this assessment scope will be compared against the NSW EPA endorsed SAC documented in **Section 3** with considerations of the land use and nearby receptors. The decision rule process is defined by the following:

- QA/QC indicate the results are reliable;
- ➤ Laboratory Practical Quantitation Limits (PQL) or Limits of Reporting (LOR) are less than the SAC; and
- > Results meet the adopted SAC and/or are within background levels and regulatory criteria.

4.6 Step 6: Specify performance or acceptance criteria

To ensure the quality of the environmental data collected during the assessment, detailed quality assurance and quality control (QA/QC) measures will be applied by ALS. The QA/QC measures will be followed from the inception of the project, during field sampling, laboratory analysis of samples and data reporting. The QAQC measures understood to have been adopted by ALS are documented in detail below within **Table 5-1**.

4.7 Step 7: Develop the plan for obtaining data

The seventh and final step involves identifying the most effective sampling and analysis design for generating the data that is required to satisfy the data quality objectives. The required sampling program is based on and accounts for the following key points:

- Requirements of Sites EPLs; No. 5984 and 12903;
- The results will be compared against the adopted SAC for the proposed land use.

The indicators (DQI) used to identify that data obtained and provided by ALS has been done so in a way which meets project data quality objectives (DQO) summarised below.

Table 4-1: Summary of Data Quality Objectives (DQO)

| DQO | Evaluation Criteria |
|---------------|--|
| Documentation | Completion of field records, chain of custody documentation, |
| completeness | laboratory test certificates from NATA-accredited laboratories. |



| DQO | Evaluation Criteria |
|--|---|
| Data comparability | Use of appropriate techniques for the sampling, storage and transportation of samples. Use of NATA accredited laboratory using NEPM endorsed procedures. |
| Data representativeness | Adequate sampling coverage of all required EPL sample points. |
| Precision and accuracy for sampling and analysis | Use properly trained and qualified field personnel and achieve laboratory QC criteria. Blind field duplicates to be collected at a minimum rate of 1 in 20 samples. RPD's to be less than 30% for inorganic and 50% for organic analyses. |
| | Rinsate samples not considered necessary as all PCoC measured by the lab were assumed to be present at the site. Disposable single use items used for the collection of samples. |

5 Sampling Methodology

Field sampling was conducted by ALS Environmental (Wollongong) as commissioned by SCC on quarterly basis. ENRS understands that sampling was conducted in accordance with ALS sampling protocols with reference to current industry standards and Code of Practices. The following subsections provide a summary of the sampling methodologies.

Monitoring frequency is defined by the EPL's and is designed to capture necessary site data to support assessment of Site conditions (quarterly and annual), any long-term trends or overflow events. Monitoring is conducted quarterly and annually for selected analytes with additional overflow and event-based sampling triggered by Site conditions.

5.1 Water Sampling

5.1.1 Location of Water Monitoring Points

Groundwater and surface water monitoring requirements are defined by the EPL No. 5984, as provided in Appendix A. The water sampling regime includes; five (5) surface waters, one (1) located onsite and four (4) located off-site; twelve (12) groundwater monitoring wells surrounding the landfill operations; and one (1) leachate point. Sampling locations are illustrated in Figure 2 attached.

5.1.2 Depth to Water

Prior to sampling, the depth to the groundwater table was measured from the top of casing (TOC) using a water dipper and clear disposable bailer. The bores were inspected for the presence of hydrocarbon and the thickness of any LNAPL was measured visually in clear disposable bailers. No LNAPL was reported on field sheets provided by ALS.

5.1.3 Sample Collection

Sampling is conducted independently by ALS Environmental under contract with SCC. Chain of Custody records and field sheets are provided in Appendix D. ENRS understand sampling was conducted in accordance with ALS sampling protocols.



5.1.4 Groundwater Sampling

Groundwater wells were sampled in order of distance from any areas of known contamination to ensure that lower contaminated wells are sampled before likely higher contaminated wells. Groundwater bores were purged prior to sampling by removing at least three (3) well volumes with samples being collected using clear disposal bailers or low flow parameter stabilisation methods applied with field sheets provided to document pumping volumes and field parameters. Post sampling all samples were sealed in laboratory-prepared sampling containers appropriate for the analysis.

Surface water samples were collected as 'grab samples' from the midpoint of the source at middepth.

Post flushing, leachate samples were sampled from a tap on the discharge line directly into purpose specific, pre preserved sample containers.

All samples were stored on ice immediately after their collection and transported to the laboratory under Chain of Custody (CoC) documentation.

Any loss of volatile compounds was kept to a minimum by employing the following sampling techniques:

- Minimal practical disturbance during sampling;
- Samples placed in sample containers as soon as possible;
- Sample containers contain zero headspace;
- > Samples placed directly on ice and transported to the laboratory as soon as possible; and
- > Employing the most appropriate analytical method to minimise volatile losses at the laboratory.

5.1.5 Field Testing

Field testing was conducted during bore purging and sampling to record physical water parameters. A multi-probe water quality meter was used to measure the following parameters:

- Oxygen Reduction Potential (ORP, representing redox).
- Electrical Conductivity (Salinity EC);
- > Temperature; and
- > pH (Acidity).

5.2 Dust Deposition Sampling

Measurement of dust deposition was carried out in accordance with the Australian Standard AS3580.10.1 (2016). This Australian Standard provides a mean of determining the mean surface concentration of deposited matter from the atmosphere.

Dust collection gauges were set up for a one (1) month periods at during each quarterly sampling event. A total of four (4) dust monitoring locations were considered adequate to assess site conditions.

5.3 Surface Methane Gas Monitoring

The concentration of methane gas (in units of ppm) at the Site was carried out in accordance with EPA Guidelines Solid Waste Landfill 2nd Edition 2016. On the day of sampling the wind speed was



below 10 km/hr. Testing was conducted using a calibrated LaserOne portable gas monitor specifically designed for landfill gas monitoring. A calibration Certificate is provided in Appendix F.

One field technician commenced data collection along transect lines in a grid pattern across the landfill surface at 25-metre spacings. A site plan depicting the sampled transect line is provide in Figure 3. Transects were recorded using a Magellan SporTrak GPS. The concentration of methane gas was measured at a height of 5 cm above the ground in areas with intermediate or final cover over the emplaced waste.

5.4 Gas Accumulation Monitoring in Enclosed Structures

The concentration of methane gas (in units of percent volume/volume) inside all enclosed structures within 250m of emplaced waste or leachate storage facility at the Site was carried out in accordance with EPA Guidelines Solid Waste Landfill 2nd Edition 2016. On the day of sampling testing was conducted using a calibrated LaserOne portable gas monitor specifically designed for landfill gas monitoring. A calibration Certificate is provided in Appendix F.

The internal methane concentrations for each enclosed structure were recorded by a field technician. A site plan depicting the location onsite of each structure provided in Figure 3. Any depressions or surface fissures away from the sampling grid were also investigated.

5.5 Laboratory Analysis

ALS, a NATA accredited laboratory, was contracted by SCC to undertake the sample analysis in accordance with current standards. Laboratory QA/QC results are detailed in the Laboratory reports contained in the appendices section of this report.

5.6 Flare Monitoring

Landfill gases (LFG) are formed through bacterial action on emplaced waste and are a normal by-product of Landfilling operations. Landfill gas is a mixture of many different gases, typically its major components include methane and carbon dioxide. Smaller concentrations of nitrogen, oxygen, ammonia, sulphides, hydrogen, carbon monoxide, and nonmethane organic compounds (NMOCs) and Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC's) may also be present.

When operated efficiently the use of a gas flare to burn landfill gas can significantly reduce emissions of methane, NMOCs and VOC's.

The flare was monitored, maintained and operated by LGI LTD. Copies of LFG reports for the relevant reporting period are included as Appendix G.

5.7 QAQC

The Quality Assurance and Quality Control (QA/QC) protocols for the sample program conducted by ALS are summarised in **Table 5-1**.

Table 5-1: Summary of QAQC for Sample Program

| Protocol | Description |
|---------------|--|
| Sampling Team | Site personnel comprised only experienced and qualified environmental professionals trained in conducting site contamination investigations. |



| Sample Method | Samples obtained in laboratory prepared containers with preservatives appropriate for the required analysis. |
|---------------------------|--|
| Calibration | Equipment calibration certificates for each sampling event. |
| Sample Equipment | All sample equipment disposed or decontaminated between sample sites. |
| Field Screening | Visual and manual inspection of sample materials for potential contamination recorded on field sheets. |
| Chain of Custody Forms | All samples logged and transferred under appropriately completed Chain of Custody (COC) forms with Sample Receipts issued by the laboratory. |
| Blind Field Duplicate | At least one (1) blind field duplicate collected per 20 samples and submitted for analysis accompanied by COC forms. |

6 Water Quality Results

Laboratory results for groundwater and surface water were provided to ENRS for tabulation and comparison with relevant EPL assessment criteria. A summary of results is provided in Table 14-1 and Table 14-2 with comparison against the relevant Site Assessment Criteria (SAC). The laboratory certificates of analysis are provided in Appendix B, Appendix C, Appendix D and Appendix E.

6.1 Overflow Results

ENRS understands that no overflow events were reported the overflow point SWP1 (EPA Point 1) during the quarterly monitoring period.

6.2 Physical Indicators

6.2.1 Groundwater Depth

The measured depth to groundwater remained relatively consistent with a low degree of variance in comparison to the historical data. The Site was charactered by a shallow water table of less than 5.0 mBGL. The depth to water was measured between:

Quarter 1 December 2024: 0.65 mbgl (BH-15) and 4.81 mbgl (BH-14).

6.2.2 Salinity

Salinity is reported by the laboratory as either Electrical Conductivity (EC) or Total Dissolved Solids (TDS). The ANZECC guidelines document a conversion ratio of 0.68 mg/L = 0.68 EC (μ S/cm). Table 3.3.3 of the ANZECC (2000) guidelines document default TV for EC in lowland freshwater rivers between 125 μ S/cm - 2,200 μ S/cm (~1,500 mg/L). Marine waters may be characterised by an EC between 35,000 μ S/cm - 50,000 μ S/cm.

Groundwater

During the monitoring period, salinity in groundwater samples was generally characterised by freshwater EC values in the upgradient northern portions of the Sites, tending to become more saline towards Rocklow Creek, being a tidal river system. Results for groundwater were reported between



 $437~\mu\text{S/cm}$ (BH19r) and 7,160 $\mu\text{S/cm}$ (BH1c Q1). The results were all considered to be in range of historical values.

Surface Waters

Surface water samples collected from Rocklow Creek reported EC values between 9,780 μ S/cm (SWC_2) and 17,200 μ S/cm (SWC_Down). EC values were consistent with the saline conditions of a tidal river system and may fluctuate due to Rocklow Creek being a tidal system.

Results for onsite surface water location SWP1 was reported at 1,160 μ S/cm (Q1) which was in range of historical data.

Leachate

Leachate salinity was reported between 10,400 μ S/cm which was in range of historical data. Salinity in leachate is expected to vary significantly with leachate concentration and stormwater dilution.

6.2.3 Dissolved Oxygen

Levels of Dissolved Oxygen (DO) were measured in the field for surface waters only. DO reflects the equilibrium between oxygen-consuming processes and oxygen-releasing processes. DO can initiate redox reactions resulting in the uptake or release of nutrients. Low DO concentrations can result in adverse effects on many aquatic organisms which depend on oxygen for their efficient metabolism. At reduced DO concentrations many compounds become increasingly toxic, for example Zinc, Lead, Copper, phenols, cyanide, hydrogen sulphide and Ammonia.

The ANZG (2018) guidelines Table 3.3.2 outlines a range between 85% to 110% saturation for low land rivers. Assuming a water temperature of 18°C this is equivalent to approximately 7-11 mg/L or ppm. DO is reported by the laboratory in mg/L which be converted to a percentage.

Surface Waters

Dissolved Oxygen within onsite surface water location SWP-1 was 3.55 mg/L or 39.17%. The results were outside of the TV and consistent with historical data.

Results for DO within offsite surface water locations within Rocklow Creek ranged from 4.01 mg/L or 44.12% (SWC_up) and to 4.72 mg/L or 51.86% (SWC_down). The results were generally consistent with the historical data.

Leachate

Dissolved oxygen within leachate tank LP1 was 7.89 mg/L or 86.74%. The result was generally in range of the historical data.

6.2.4 pH

pH is a measure of hydrogen activity. pH determines the balance between positive hydrogen ions (H+) and negative hydroxyl ions (OH-) and provides a test of water acidity (low pH) or alkalinity (high pH). Most natural freshwaters have a pH in the range 6.5 to 8.0. Changes in pH may affect the physiological functioning of biota and affect the toxicity of contaminants. Both increases and decreases in pH can result in adverse effects, although decreases are likely to cause more significant problems. Low pH indicates acidic conditions which may increase the mobility of heavy metals, whilst high pH indicates alkaline conditions which may also generate Ammonia. Previous



investigations of other regional Landfill Sites in the Illawarra-Shoalhaven (Forbes Rigby;1996) report regionally acidic groundwater with low readings in the range of 4.3 pH associated with silica saturation and oxidation of accessory marcasites grains (iron sulphide).

Groundwater

Results pH in groundwater was reported between 6.6 (BH22) and 7.60 (BH4 and BH18). The results were relatively neutral and within the SAC. No exceedances were recorded. The results were considered to be satisfactory and within range of historical data.

Surface Water

Results for pH in surface waters of Rocklow Creek reported neutral conditions of 7.3 in all sample locations. The results were within the SAC and range of historical values.

Leachate

The pH of leachate tank LP1 was 8.10 which was within the range of historical values.

6.2.5 Total Suspended Solids (TSS)

TSS provides a measure of turbidity reported as the mass of fine inorganic particles suspended in the water. Measurement of TSS provides a valuable indication of the sediment and potential nutrient load. Elevated TSS decreases light penetration whilst phosphorus is absorbed onto sediment surfaces. TSS was measured for surface water sample points only.

Results for TSS in Rocklow Creek samples were reported at 5 mg/L in all sample locations. The results were within range of historical values.

Results for TSS in onsite SWP1 was 8 mg/L which was within range of historical values.

6.3 Inorganic Analytes

Water samples were analysed for select nutrients including Ammonia, Ammonium, Nitrate and Nitrite. The most bio-available forms of Nitrogen are Ammonium (NH4+) and Nitrate (NO3-). Ammonia is an oxygen-consuming compound and is toxic to aquatic biota at elevated concentrations. Ammonia toxicity increases under low oxygen levels and higher pH.

6.3.1 Ammonia

Groundwater

Results for ammonia in groundwater were reported in exceedance of the SAC (ESLs of 0.2 mg/L, 0.91 mg/L and pH modified TV's) in all sample locations. Results were considered to be significantly above the SAC and within range of the previous values. A table outlining the ammonia results is provided in Table 14-2 attached.

Surface Water

Ammonia in onsite surface water dam SWP-1 was reported at 0.02 mg/L which was below the minimum SAC of 0.2 mg/L. The result was considered to be satisfactory.



Ammonia concentrations in Rocklow Creek were reported at 0.2 mg/L (SWC_up, SWC_2), 0.22 mg/L (SWC_down) and 0.60 mg/L (SWC_down). All results in Rocklow Creek were above the ecological stressor value or 0.2 mg/L. The results were below the 95% trigger values.

Leachate

Ammonia in leachate tank LP1 was 1.0 mg/L. Results are generally expected to be elevated in untreated leachate. The results were within range of historical values.

6.3.2 Nitrate

Groundwater

Results for Nitrate in groundwater samples were generally reported below the SAC of 0.7 mg/L. Four (4) exceedances were reported of 1.0 mg/L (BH13), 2.44 mg/L (BH14), 12mg/L (BH21) and 16.40 mg/L (BH22). The results were within range of historical data.

Surface Water

Nitrate concentrations for all surface water samples were reported below the SAC and considered satisfactory.

Leachate

The nitrate concentration in leachate tank LP1 was 739 mg/L. Increased concentrations of nitrate may be characterised of untreated leachate.

6.3.3 Nitrite

Results for nitrate in all groundwater, surface water and Leachate Tank LP1 were all reported below the SAC. The results were reported within range of historical values

6.4 Anions

6.4.1 Chloride

The results for chloride in groundwater across the Site varied across the Site. Elevated chloride results were measured within Rocklow Creek which may be characteristic of a marine tidal river system. In comparison, upgradient groundwater results reported slightly lower chloride concentrations.

Results for chloride within groundwater monitoring wells were reported between 12mg/L (BH19r) and 835 mg/L (BH1c). Onsite surface water dam SWP1 reported concentrations of chloride of 141 mg/L. Chloride within Leachate Tank LP1 was 1,590 mg/L. Results for Rocklow Creek were reported between 4,460 mg/L (SWC up) and 6,120 mg/L (SWC down).

6.4.2 Fluoride

The results for fluoride in groundwater, surface water and leachate tank were all reported below the SAC and were generally consistent with the historical data.



6.4.3 Sulphate

Results for sulphate in groundwater generally reported satisfactory results that were in range of the historical data. Higher sulphate results were reported in Rocklow Creek, which may be characteristic of a marine tidal river system.

6.4.4 Total Alkalinity

6.4.5 Total and Bicarbonate Alkalinity

Alkalinity is a measure of the ability of water to neutralize acids, specifically related to the presence of bicarbonate ions (HCO₃⁻). At a landfill, groundwater can be affected by various contaminants from decomposing waste, and the bicarbonate alkalinity plays an important role in mitigating some of the environmental impacts. Bicarbonate alkalinity acts as a buffer to maintain the pH of water. Typical bicarbonate alkalinity levels in freshwater range from 20 to 200 mg/L and marine water of 1200 to 2500 mg/L

Total and bicarbonate alkalinity in groundwater and surface waters were consistent with historical data and considered to be satisfactory. Higher alkalinity levels were reported in down gradient monitoring wells and within Rocklow Creek.

6.5 Metals

6.5.1 Manganese (Total Mn)

Groundwater

Results for manganese in all groundwater, surface water and leachate tanks samples were reported below the 95% TV of 1.9 mg/L. Results were reported between 0.07 mg/L (BH18) and 0.92 mg/L (SWP1). The results were generally consistent with historical data.

6.5.2 Iron (total Fe)

Total iron was measured in surface water and leachate tank LP1 only. Results for total iron in Rocklow Creek were reported between 0.16mg/L (SWP2) and 0.75 (SWC_up). Total iron in leachate tank LP1 was 1.79 mg/L. The results were generally consistent with historical data.

6.5.3 Iron (Dissolved Fe)

Concentrations of dissolved iron in groundwater were reported results between 0.22 mg/L (BH21) and 18.5 mg/L (BH12r). The results were generally consistent with the historical data.

6.6 Calcium

Results for calcium in groundwater reported results between 54 mg/L (BH19r) and 196 mg/L (BH9).

Results for calcium in Rocklow creek surface water samples were reported between 110 mg/L (SWC 2) and 154 mg/L (SWC Down).

Results for calcium in onsite dam SWP1 was 50 mg/L.

Calcium in leachate tank LP1 was 124 mg/L.



6.7 Potassium

Elevated potassium levels in groundwater near a landfill could be an indicator of contamination. Leachate from decomposing organic waste in landfills can contribute to higher concentrations of potassium, especially from fertilizers and other waste materials. High potassium concentrations in landfill leachate might reflect the breakdown of organic waste (e.g., food or agricultural waste) containing potassium-rich compounds.

Results for potassium in groundwater and surface water generally reported results considered to be within range of normal background levels and were within range of the historical data. Higher detections were reported in the leachate tank LP1 of 350 mg/L and BH1c of 128mg/L.

6.8 Organic Analytes

6.8.1 Total Organic Carbon

Total Organic Carbon (TOC) provides a measure of the total concentration of organic material in a water sample. TOC is typically higher in surface water than groundwater. However, high TOC is also characteristic of leachate from landfill. TOC provides a marker for biological activity associated with contaminant degradation and can be used to delineate contaminant plumes. TOC influences geochemical processes by:

- acting as proton donors/acceptors;
- providing pH buffering;
- participating in mineral dissolution/precipitation reactions; and
- providing carbon substrate for microbe-based biodegradation.

Results for TOC in groundwater and surface water samples were generally low and consistent with historical data.

TOC in leachate tank LP1 was reported at 474 mg/L which was generally consistent with historical data.

7 Dust Gauge Results

The below table provides the results of the dust depositions results. A total of four (4) dust collectors were onsite for one (1) month between the dates of the 01/11/2024 - 10/12/2024. Sampling was conducted in general accordance with AS3580.10.1. Dust gauge locations are provided in **Figure 14-1** attached. A summary of the results is provided in **Table 7-1** below.

Table 7-1: Summary of Dust Gauge Results

| Quarter | Sample ID | Guideline Criteria (g/m2/month) | Total Insolvable Matter (g/m²/month) | Comment |
|-----------|----------------|---------------------------------------|--|-----------|
| Quarter 1 | Quarter 1 DDG1 | | 1.9 | Below SAC |
| DDG | DDG2 | 4 | 0.5 | Below SAC |
| | DDG3 | | 1.2 | Below SAC |



| Quarter | Sample ID | Guideline Criteria (g/m2/month) | Total Insolvable Matter (g/m²/month) | Comment |
|------------|-----------|---------------------------------------|--|-----------|
| 01/11/2024 | DDG4 | | 6.7 | Above SAC |
| 10/12/2024 | | | | |

Results for depositional dust sampling during the Q1 2024-2025 monitoring periods generally reported levels of dust below the adopted assessment criteria of 4 g/m²/month. However, dust gauge DDG4 reported a minor exceedance above the SAC. DDG4 has historically reported exceedances. It is recommended that client reviews the potential sources of excess dust in areas proximal to DDG4. The client should look within the site boundary and also consider external factors which may influence the results. Continue monitoring in accordance with EPL 5984.

8 Methane Monitoring Results

8.1 Surface Gas Methane

The surface gas monitoring for the Q1 2024-2025 monitoring period DID NOT detect any levels of methane above the EPA license limits of 500 ppm. The results were considered satisfactory. A table of results is provided in **Appendix D**.

8.2 Gas Accumulation Monitoring in Enclosed Structures

The internal methane testing for enclosed structures within 250m of the landfill during the Q1 2024-2025 monitoring period DID NOT detect any levels of methane above the EPA license limits of 1% V/V. The results were considered satisfactory.

9 Flare Operations Results

Weekly average operating temperatures for the flare were supplied by LGI and displayed typical variation associated with a continuous process. Results are summarised in Chart 1 below. LGI Gas Flare reports included as Appendix G.

Weekly average operating temperatures for the Q1 2024-2025 monitoring period supplied by LGI displayed an average temperature of 642.4 degrees Celsius. This was below the lower operation limit of 760 degrees as specified within EPL 5989. Further information is documented within the LGI reports in Appendix G.



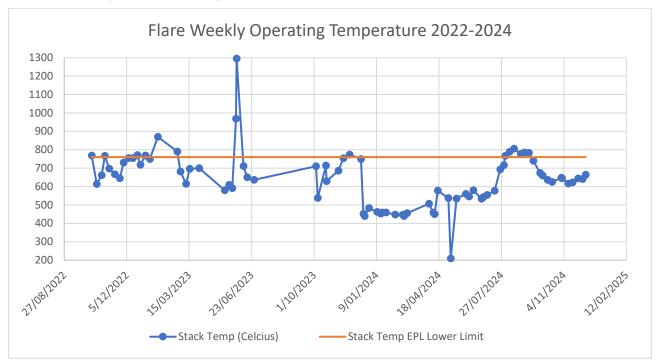


Chart 1: Weekly Flare Operating Temperatures October 2022 – December 2024

Notes: Data sourced from the LGI reports provided in Appendix G.

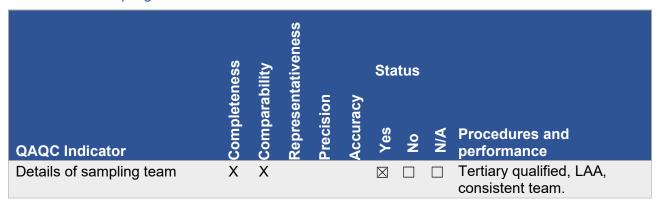
10 Quality Assurance/Quality Control Data Evaluation (QAQC)

10.1 Field Sampling QAQC

ENRS understands that the sample program was completed in general accordance with the ALS standard operation procedures (SOP) which references current industry guidelines.

It was understood that the QAQC procedures and indicators for field sampling procedures within the SOP included items summarised in Table 10-1.

Table 10-1: Sampling QAQC Procedures





| | Completeness | Comparability | Representativeness | recision | Accuracy | | itus | | |
|---|--------------|---------------|--------------------|----------|----------|-----|--------|--------|---|
| QAQC Indicator | | Con | Rep | Prec | Acc | Yes | 8 N | ¥ Z | Procedures and performance |
| Reference to sampling plan/method, including any deviations from it – sampling and analysis quality plan | X | | | | | | | | Sampling in accordance with the SOP. |
| Any information that could be required to evaluate measurement uncertainty for subsequent testing (analysis) | | | | X | X | | | | Field sampling records and chain of custody completed in full. |
| Decontamination procedures carried out between sampling events | | | X | X | X | | | | Equipment such as decontaminated between samples by washing with phosphate free detergent followed by rinsing with potable water. Re-use of sampling equipment was avoided, where possible. Single use deposable sampling equipment was the preferred method. |
| Logs for each sample collected, including date, time, location (with GPS coordinates if possible), sampler, duplicate samples, chemical analyses to be performed, site observations and weather/environmental (i.e. surroundings) conditions. Include any diagrams, maps, photos. | | X | X | | | | | | Sampling field sheets were used as required. |
| Chain of custody fully identifying – for each sample – the sampler, nature of the sample, collection date, analyses to be performed, sample preservation method, departure time from the site and dispatch courier(s) (where applicable) | X | X | | | | | | | COC's completed in full. |



| | Jess | illity | epresentativeness | | | Status | | | |
|--|--------------|------------|-------------------|-----------|----------|-------------|----------------|-----|---|
| QAQC Indicator | Completeness | Comparabil | Represent | Precision | Accuracy | Yes | N _o | A/N | Procedures and performance |
| Field quality assurance/quality control results (e.g. field blank, rinsate blank, trip blank, laboratory prepared trip spike) | | | | X | X | | | | Field QAQC analysed for chemical samples – field duplicate. |
| Sample splitting techniques – subsampling, containers/preservation (ensure unique ID for subsequent samples provided) | | | X | | | | | | Samples obtained in laboratory prepared sample containers appropriate for the analytes. |
| Statement of duplicate frequency | | | X | X | | \boxtimes | | | Blind field duplicates collected at 1/20 frequency |
| Background sample results | X | X | | | | \boxtimes | | | Reviewed against previous results from the last 3 years. |
| Field instrument calibrations (when used) | | | | Χ | X | | | | Yes field equipment was calibrated prior to use. |
| Sampling devices and equipment | X | X | | | | | | | Manual sampling with decontamination procedures and disposable equipment. |
| A copy of signed chain-of- custody forms acknowledging receipt date, time and temperature and identity of samples included in shipments | X | X | | | | | | | COC's completed in full, final records from NATA laboratory attached to CoAs. |

10.2 Laboratory QAQC

The QAQC procedures and indicators for laboratory analysis procedures are summarised in Table 10-2.



Table 10-2: Laboratory QAQC procedures

| | tenes | rability | entativ | u | <u>ئ</u> | Stat | tus | | |
|---|-------------|-------------|---------------|-----------|----------|-------------|----------|-----|---|
| QAQC Indicator | Completenes | Comparabili | Representativ | Precision | Accuracy | Yes | ON No | A/N | Procedures and performance |
| A copy of signed chain-of- custody forms acknowledging receipt date, time and temperature and identity of samples included in shipments | X | X | | | | | | | All samples were logged and transferred under appropriately completed Chain of Custody Forms. |
| Record of holding times and a comparison with method specifications | Χ | X | | | | \boxtimes | | | Records documented in the laboratory QAQC report attached to CoA. |
| Analytical methods used, including any deviations | Χ | Χ | | | | | | | Recorded in the CoA. |
| Laboratory accreditation for analytical methods used, also noting any methods used which are not covered by accreditation | X | | | X | | | | | Recorded in the CoA. |
| Laboratory performance for the analytical method using interlaboratory duplicates | | X | | | X | \boxtimes | | | Records documented in the laboratory QAQC report attached to CoA. |
| Surrogates and spikes used throughout the full method process, or only in parts. Results are corrected for the recovery | X | X | | | | | | | Records documented in the laboratory QAQC report attached to CoA. |
| A list of what spikes and surrogates were run with their recoveries and acceptance criteria (tabulate) | | X | | | X | | | | Records documented in the laboratory QAQC report attached to CoA. |
| Practical quantification limits (PQL) | X | X | | | | \boxtimes | | | Recorded in the CoA. PQLs <sac.< td=""></sac.<> |
| Reference laboratory control sample (LCS) and check results | X | | | | | | | | Records documented in the laboratory QAQC report attached to CoA. |
| Laboratory duplicate results (tabulate) | X | | | | X | \boxtimes | | | Records documented in the laboratory QAQC report attached to CoA. |
| Laboratory blank results (tabulate) | X | | | | X | | | | Records documented in the laboratory QAQC report attached to CoA. |
| Results are within control chart limits | Χ | | | | | \boxtimes | | | Records documented in the laboratory QAQC report attached to CoA. |



| | es | iity | ativ | | Status | | | | |
|--|-------------|---------------|---------------|-----------|----------|-----|----------|-----|---|
| QAQC Indicator | Completenes | Comparability | Representativ | Precision | Accuracy | Yes | No No | N/A | Procedures and performance |
| Evaluation of all quality assurance/control information listed above against the stated data quality objectives, including a quality assurance/control data evaluation | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Records documented in the laboratory QAQC report attached to CoA. |

10.3 QAQC Discussion

A summary of the Data Quality performance and evaluation is summarised in **Table 10-3** below:

Table 10-3: QAQC and Data Evaluation Summary

| Objective | Performance | Status |
|--|--|----------|
| Documentation completeness | Completion of field records; Chain of Custody (COC) documentation; Calibration certificates for equipment; NATA Laboratory Sample Receipt Notification (SRN); and NATA laboratory Certificate of Analysis (COA). Sample Location Plans. Sample field sheets. | V |
| Precision & accuracy for sampling & analysis | Use only trained and qualified field personnel; Calibration certificates for field equipment; Appropriate sampling and field techniques; Decontamination procedures; Achieve laboratory QC criteria; and Achieve QAQC requirements for RPDs and Recovery | ✓ |
| Identify Anomalies | No elevated results not expected by the CSM; No labelling or sample management errors; No laboratory analyses or reporting errors | ✓ |
| DATA completeness | Sampling density comparison meets NSW EPA (1995) 'Sampling Design Guidelines' for or all potential contaminants of concern at all areas of environmental concern; and Systematic and judgemental sampling to provide sufficient data representative of all AECs. | ✓ |
| Data comparability | Use of appropriate techniques for the sampling, storage and transportation of sample media; Use of NATA certified laboratory using NEPM endorsed procedures; and Comparison with previous site information, if any. | ✓ |



| Objective | Performance | Status |
|----------------|--|--------|
| Data | Adequate sampling coverage at all points listed in the EPL. | ✓ |
| representative | Selection of representative samples from each sampling location; & | |
| ness | Analysis for PCoC. | |
| | Achieve laboratory QC criteria. | |
| | Achieve QAQC requirements for RPDs and Recovery. | |

The laboratory was NATA accredited, and the Practical Quantitation Limits (PQL) also referred to as Limits of Reporting (LOR) were within the acceptable levels for the assessment criteria. Laboratory certificates of analysis provided in **Appendix C** indicate that for the samples collected during the scope of works, sampling techniques, transport procedures and laboratory analysis were satisfactory

In summary, the QA/QC indicators all complied with the ALS standards or showed variations that would have no significant effect on the quality of the data or the conclusions of this assessment. Based on the following conclusions it is therefore determined that, for the purposes of this study, the QA/QC results are valid, and *the quality of the data is acceptable for use in this assessment:*

- > The data was representative of site conditions;
- The data was complete with comprehensive records available from all field work undertaken, and all areas of concern sampled and analysed;
- > The data was comparable for samples analysed at different times, and consistent with field observations; and
- > The data was precise and accurate based on the laboratory achievement of relevant quality control criteria.

11 Quarterly Environmental Assessment

11.1 Monitoring Point Summary

Based on the results of field measurements and NATA laboratory results conducted by ALS, the following summaries were noted for the Q1 2024 - 2025 monitoring period;

- Groundwater monitoring wells located across the site reported elevated concentrations of key indicators of leachate above the site assessment criteria, specifically ammonia. Groundwater wells were located across the Site including upgradient, adjacent to and downgradient of the landfill cells. The elevated results were generally consistent with the available historical data;
- Out of all the groundwater monitoring well locations, monitoring point BH1c reported the highest concentrations analytes associated with leachate. Results have historically remained elevated and in exceedance of the SAC;
- ➤ The leachate tank LP1 reported elevated results of key leachate analytes which was considered to be characteristic of untreated leachate;
- Onsite surface water dam SWP1 generally reported results within the Site Assessment Criteria with no significant changes;
- Offsite surface water of Rocklow Creek generally reported conditions characteristic of a tidal river system. Concentrations of key analytes associated with landfill leachate within the creek were generally reported below adopted the ecological protection trigger values. However,



concentrations of ammonia were reported above the ecological stressor value at each sample point;

- Dust monitoring reported minor exceedances at DDG4;
- > Surface gas monitoring did not detect any methane above the allowable limit across the site surface transects or within onsite buildings;
- No overflow events occurred during the quarterly monitoring period; and
- ➤ Review of the gas flare reports prepared by LGI reported gas flare temperatures below the minimum requirement of 760 degrees Celsius as specified within EPL 5984.

11.2 Environmental Management

11.2.1 Landfill Operations

ENRS understand 'solid' waste (general solid waste putrescible and non-putrescible) landfill operations are ongoing at the Site. Landfill practices should be conducted in accordance with the Site's Landfill Environmental Management Plan (LEMP) and the EPA Solid Waste Landfill Guidelines (EPA; 2016).

11.3 Environmental Safeguards

Appropriate management actions are required to continue to prevent and detect potential groundwater and surface water pollution. The nearest sensitive receptors for any uncontrolled Site water and leachate include; areas of adjoining bushland; recreational users of the Minnamurra River estuary environs, down gradient stakeholders; and down gradient alluvial aquifers, swamps, Rocklow Creek, Minnamurra River and Groundwater Dependent Ecosystems (GDE).

It is recommended that any drainage and detention structures are inspected annually by a suitably qualified environmental professional to assess their structural integrity and identify the need for any maintenance (such as removal of deep rooted vegetation, sediment, and re-lining).

Access tracks to sampling points should be inspected and maintained prior to each quarterly sampling events.

Continue to review surface water and groundwater monitoring results from up and down gradient of the land fill cells and offsite sampling locations within Rocklow Creek.

Ensure the integrity of the landfill cap is maintained. This is to avoid additional surface infiltration during rainfall events and the release of landfill gasses. Continue to monitor surface methane gas in order to assess the capping integrity of the landfill cells.

11.4 Monitoring Program

The Site's EPL's and monitoring regime should be reviewed annually by SCC and the NSW EPA.

Review of the quarterly monitoring results indicated no significant change in environmental conditions at the Site. Key indicators of leachate were reported within the groundwater monitoring locations across the Site. Future sampling events should continue to monitor the key indicators of leachate within ground and surface waters, especially concentration of ammonia and nitrate.



Should monitoring continue to report any significant changes in analyte concentrations the need for additional monitoring locations should be reviewed, including additional groundwater monitoring bores both up and down gradient locations of areas with analytical exceedances.

It is recommended that water quality results from future monitoring rounds continue be forwarded to a suitably qualified environmental professional for review within the laboratory holding time to compare against relevant guidelines and identify any irregularities so that additional testing may be conducted within the sample holding time.

12 Conclusions

Based on the findings obtained during this quarterly monitoring program the following conclusions and recommendations are provided:

- Shallow groundwater flow is expected to mimic topography with low hydraulic gradients flowing towards the south and southeast towards Rocklow Creek. Depth to groundwater was <5mBGL. The nearest sensitive receptors are likely to include; recreational users of the Minnamurra River estuary environs; down gradient stakeholders; and downgradient alluvial aquifers, swamps, Rocklow Creek, Minnamurra River and Groundwater Dependent Ecosystems near discharge zones;</p>
- ➤ Groundwater throughout the quarterly monitoring period reported exceedances above the assessment criteria for; ammonia, heavy metals, nitrate and salinity (EC) within groundwater wells across the Site. The analytes were considered to be key indicators of leachate. The exceedances were within range of historical values with no significant changes in concentrations;
- Offsite sample locations within Rocklow Creek generally reported concentrations of analytes below the SAC. However, concentrations of ammonia were reported above the ecological stressor value;
- > Surface gas methane monitoring of the landfill cap reported satisfactory results all within the adopted assessment criteria;
- Methane levels of enclosed structures on or withing 250m of deposited waste or leachate storage were tested and found to be below the acceptable threshold for 1% (volume/volume) in all cases;
- Dust deposition gauges generally recorded satisfactory results below the guidelines provided in AS3580.10.1. A minor exceedance was reported in dust gauge DDG4. The potential source of the dust should be reviewed by the client. Monitoring should continue in accordance with EPL 5984 requirements;
- Gas Flare temperatures were reported below the required KPI of 760 degrees Celsius;
- ➤ Based on the data reviewed for the quarterly monitoring period, contaminants associated with the landfill cell, leachate dam/s and general site uses were present within groundwater and consistent with the historical data:
- Should any change in Site conditions or incident occur which causes a potential environmental impact, a suitable environmental professional should be engaged to further assess the Site and consider requirements for any additional monitoring; and
- > This report must be read in conjunction with the attached Statement of Limitations.



13 References

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14 Limitations

This report and the associated services performed by ENRS are in accordance with the scope of services set out in the contract between ENRS and the Client. The scope of services was defined by the requests of the Client, by the time and budgetary constraints imposed by the Client, and by the availability of access to Site.

ENRS derived the data in this report primarily from visual inspections, and, limited sample collection and analysis made on the dates indicated. In preparing this report, ENRS has relied upon, and presumed accurate, certain information provided by government authorities, the Client and others identified herein. The report has been prepared on the basis that while ENRS believes all the information in it is deemed reliable and accurate at the time of preparing the report, it does not warrant its accuracy or completeness and to the full extent allowed by law excludes liability in contract, tort or otherwise, for any loss or damage sustained by the Client arising from or in connection with the supply or use of the whole or any part of the information in the report through any cause whatsoever.

Limitations also apply to analytical methods used in the identification of substances (or parameters). These limitations may be due to non-homogenous material being sampled (i.e. the sample to be analysed may not be representative), low concentrations, the presence of 'masking' agents and the restrictions of the approved analytical technique. As such, non-statistically significant sampling results can only be interpreted as 'indicative' and not used for quantitative assessments.

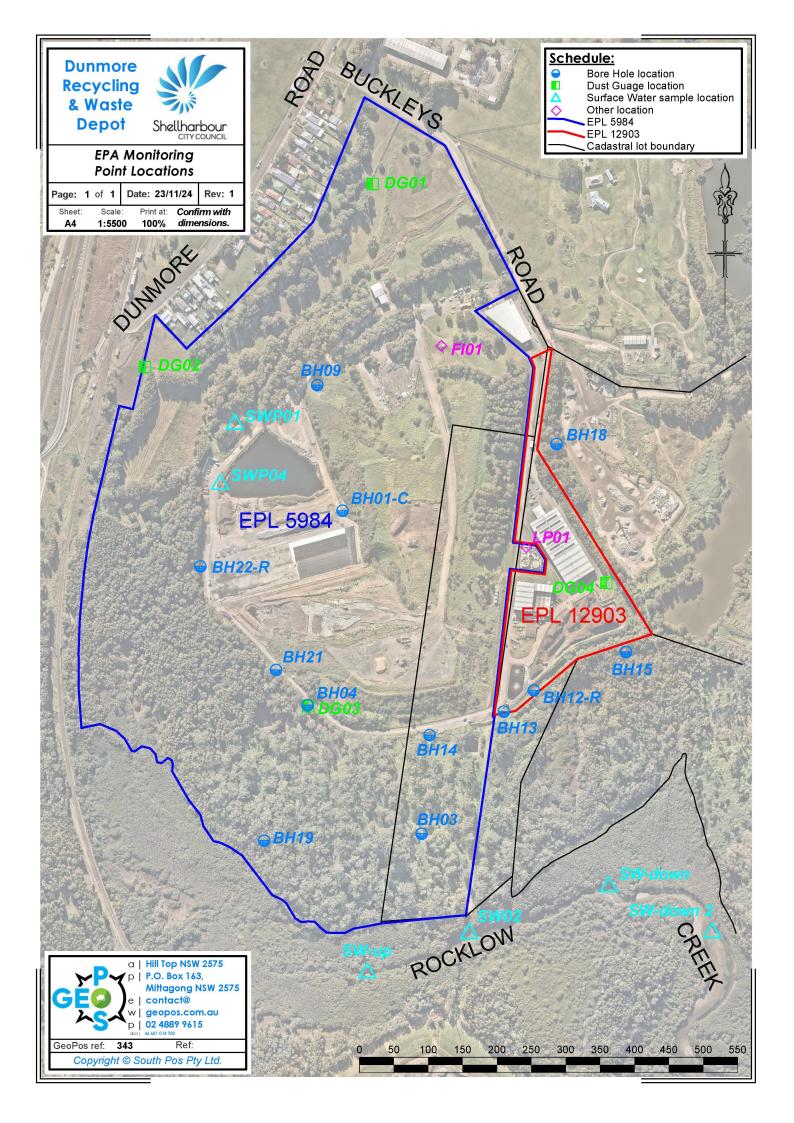
The data, findings, observations, conclusions and recommendations in the report are based solely upon the state of Site at the time of the investigation. The passage of time, manifestation of latent conditions or impacts of future events (e.g. changes in legislation, scientific knowledge, land uses, etc) may render the report inaccurate. In those circumstances, ENRS shall not be liable for any loss or damage that may be occasioned directly or indirectly through the use of, or reliance on, the contents of the report.

This report has been prepared on behalf of and for the exclusive use of the Client, and is subject to and issued in connection with the provisions of the agreement between ENRS and the Client. ENRS accepts no liability or responsibility whatsoever and expressly disclaims any responsibility for or in respect of any use of or reliance upon this report by any third party or parties.

It is the responsibility of the Client to accept if the Client so chooses any recommendations contained within and implement them in an appropriate, suitable and timely manner.



FIGURES





ENRS

Environment & Natural Resource Solutions

108 Jerry Bailey Road, Shoalhaven Heads, NSW, 2535 Tel: 02 4448 5490 Fax: 02 90374708 projects@enrs.com.au www.enrs.com.au

| Client: | Shellharbour City Council | Drawn: | PL | Figure: | 3 |
|-----------|------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------------------|
| Project: | ENRS0033 | Source: | SixMaps | Date: | 16/01/2020 |
| Location: | Dunmore Recycling & Waste Depot | Scale: | NA | Title: | Surface Gas |
| | 44 Buckleys Rd, Dunmore, NSW, 2529 | Status: | Rev 1 | I | Sample transects |



TABLES OF RESULTS



EW2405719004

EW2405719005

EW2405722001

SWC down

SWC_down_2

Surfacewater

Surfacewater

21

22

2

TABLE 14-1: Total Concentration Results Quarterly Water Monitoring Results - December 2024 : Dunmore Recycling and Waste Depot 0.9 (pH 8) 6.5 - 8.5 2200 GILs -Trigger Values for Freshwater (Protection of 95% of Species) A 0.91 (pH 8) GILs -Trigger Values for Marine Water (Protection of 95% of Species) A 0.5 1.5 50 6.5 - 8.5 stralian Drinking Water Guidelines (2018)^c 3 sthetic 250 180 0.1 0.3 0.3 0.5 250 6.5 - 8.5 EPA No, Lab Report No. Sample No. Sample type Date Sampled 표 mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L 1 mg/L 0.001 mg/L 0.05 mg/L 0.05 mg/L 0.1 mg/L 0.01 mg/L 0.01 mg/L mg/L 1 mg/L mg/L 0.01 mg/L 5 pH 0.01 μS/cm mbgl 0.01 mg/L mg/L 0.01 mg/L 0.1 0.1 835 128 219 0.12 11.70 0.3 269.00 0.01 2,570 2,570 7.10 25.3 3.25 Dec 2024 0.01 169 7,160 EW2405737001 BH1c Groundwater 3 0.15 2.59 EW2405737002 ВН3 Groundwater 5 Dec 2024 148 173 48 0.1 9.54 0.03 0.02 42 508 508 224 7.30 1,730 18.3 3.22 -EW2405737003 0.12 3.79 0.01 2.80 484 73 0.64 3.28 72.80 172 7.10 EW2405737004 0.5 0.21 0.01 1,420 1,420 3,910 18.1 3.27 BH9 Groundwater 18 Dec 2024 -18.50 EW2405737005 BH12r Groundwater 17 Dec 2024 262 185 23 0.48 0.2 4.40 0.01 0.01 40 632 632 87 6.80 2,020 20.9 4.49 EW2405737006 Groundwater Dec 2024 29 0.53 0.2 17.20 0.04 43 796 796 57 2,310 21.9 106 149 19 0.16 0.55 0.5 2.12 0.02 2.44 18 472 472 102 6.90 1,360 20.9 4.81 Dec 2024 EW2405737007 BH14 Groundwater 11 -92 6.99 442 EW2405737008 BH15 Groundwater 7 Dec 2024 156 113 0.24 0.2 6.69 0.01 0.17 24 287 287 7.00 1,780 19.8 0.65 47 0.94 1.14 0.01 13 18.3 EW2405737010 BH19r Groundwater 16 Dec 2024 12 7 0.13 2.08 0.2 0.97 0.01 0.01 12 207 207 6.80 437 19.3 2.45 313 23 0.49 36 228 EW2405737011 Groundwater 23 Dec 2024 164 0.22 0.3 2.81 0.09 12.00 683 683 7.10 2,560 21.8 2.23 0.46 EW2405737012 Groundwater 133 12 0.09 4.05 0.08 20 337 337 339 6.60 18.5 2.65 EW2405719001 SWP1 Surfacewater Dec 2024 31 0.92 0.24 < 0.05 0.2 0.01 24 297 297 124 3.55 8 3.50 7.60 24.5 141 50 153 8 0.02 0.01 1,160 2,080 5.20 EW2405719003 SWC_up Surfacewater 20 Dec 2024 4.460 112 250 80 0.19 0.75 0.11 0.4 0.20 0.01 0.04 12 143 143 556 4.01 5 7.30 11.900 21.0 EW2405719002 110 210 1,720 68 0.21 0.3 0.20 0.01 12 21.0

0.14

0.14

118

116

6,120

6,100

Dec 2024

Dec 2024

Dec 2024

359

355

152

124

2,980

2,990

0.63

0.62

1.79

0.07

0.06

0.5

0.5

0.4

0.60

0.22

0.01

0.01

0.10

0.02

0.02

12

474

156

148

156

148

206

760

756

173

4.72

4.45

7.89

5

5

4.80

4.30

7.30

7.30

21.8

21.8

24.4

17,200

17,100

10,400

Full SCC DatabaseV11 Q1 2025



TABLE 14-2: Ammonia Results December 2024 Quarter 1: Dunmore Recycling and Waste Depot

| | | | | рН | | Assessme | nt Criteria | Result | | | |
|----------------|------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|---|---|--------------|-------------|--------------|-------------------|-------|------|
| Ammonia Resu | ilts comapred ANZAC | . pH (lab) | Ecological Stressor Value | pH Modifed Trigger Values - 95% Freshwater | pH Modifed Trigger Values - 95% Marine Water | Ammonal As N | Comment | | | | |
| Lab Report No. | | Total Sample ID. | Concentrations - PQL Date | 0.1 pH | - mg/L | - mg/L | - mg/L | 0.01 mg/L | | | |
| EW2400913001 | | BH1c | 11/12/2024 | 7.10 | IIIg/L | 2.09 | 3.56 | 269.00 | > TV | | |
| EW2400913002 | | внз | 11/12/2024 | 7.30 | | 1.88 | 2.84 | 9.54 | > TV | | |
| EW2400913003 | | BH4 | 11/12/2024 | 7.30 | | 1.88 | 2.84 | 2.80 | > TV | | |
| EW2400913004 | | ВН9 | 11/12/2024 | 7.10 | | 2.09 | 3.56 | 72.80 | > TV | | |
| EW2400913005 | | BH12r | 11/12/2024 | 6.80 | | 2.33 | 4.55 | 4.40 | > TV | | |
| EW2400913006 | Groundwater | Groundwater | Groundwater | BH13 | 11/12/2024 | 6.90 | | 2.26 | 4.24 | 17.20 | > TV |
| EW2400913007 | | | | Groundwater | BH14 | 11/12/2024 | 6.90 | | 2.26 | 4.24 | 2.12 |
| EW2400913008 | | BH15 | 11/12/2024 | 7.00 | | 2.18 | 3.91 | 6.69 | > TV | | |
| EW2400913009 | | BH18 | 11/12/2024 | 7.30 | 0.20 | 1.88 | 2.84 | 1.14 | > TV | | |
| EW2400913010 | | BH19r | 11/12/2024 | 6.80 | | 2.33 | 4.55 | 0.97 | > TV | | |
| EW2400913011 | _ | | | BH21 | 11/12/2024 | 7.10 | | 2.09 | 3.56 | 2.81 | > TV |
| EW2400913012 | | BH22 | 11/12/2024 | 6.60 | | 2.43 | 5.07 | 4.05 | > TV | | |
| EW2400977001 | Onsite Dam | SWP1 | 10/12/2024 | 7.60 | | 1.61 | 2.15 | 0.02 | <tv< td=""></tv<> | | |
| EW2400977002 | | SWC_up | 10/12/2024 | 7.30 | | 1.88 | 2.84 | 0.20 | < TV | | |
| EW2400977003 | Rocklow Creek | SWC_2 | 10/12/2024 | 7.30 | | 1.88 | 2.84 | 0.20 | < TV | | |
| EW2400977004 | Surface Water | SWC_down | 10/12/2024 | 7.30 | | 1.88 | 2.84 | 0.60 | >TV | | |
| EW2400977005 | | SWC_down_2 | 10/12/2024 | 7.30 | | 1.88 | 2.84 | 0.22 | >TV | | |

ENRS0033_2025 Q1 pH Ammonia Table Page 1 of 1

TABLE 14-3: Duplicate Groundwater Sample Results and QC Data

| Lab Report No. | | | | EW2405737009 | EW2405737013 | | |
|---|-------|-------|------------|--------------|--------------|----------|--------|
| Sample No. | | | | BH18 | GWDuplicate | | |
| Sample type | | | | Groundwater | GWQC | | RPD |
| EPA No, | | | | 25 | QC1 | | KPD |
| Date Sampled | | | | 11/12/2024 | 11/12/2024 | | |
| Analyte | Units | PQL | 5 x PQL | Result | Result | | |
| Chloride | mg/L | 1 | 5 | 29 | 12 | × | 82.93 |
| Calcium | mg/L | 1 | 5 | 89 | 53 | × | 50.70 |
| Potassium | mg/L | 1 | 5 | 47 | 7 | × | 148.15 |
| Manganese | mg/L | 0.001 | 0.005 | 0.067 | 0.127 | × | 61.86 |
| Dissolved Iron | mg/L | 0.05 | 0.25 | 0.94 | 2.04 | × | 73.83 |
| Fluoride | mg/L | 0.1 | 0.5 | 0.10 | 0.20 | × | 66.67 |
| Ammonia as N | mg/L | 0.01 | 0.05 | 1.14 | 0.97 | ② | 16.11 |
| Nitrite as N | mg/L | 0.01 | 0.05 | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | ⊘ | 0.00 |
| Nitrate as N | mg/L | 0.01 | 0.05 | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | ② | 0.00 |
| Nitrite + Nitrate as N | mg/L | 0.01 | 0.05 | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | ⊘ | 0.00 |
| Total Organic Carbon | mg/L | 1 | 5 | 13 | 12 | ⊘ | 8.00 |
| Bicarbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3 | mg/L | 1 | 5 | 330 | 210 | 8 | 44.44 |
| Total Alkalinity as CaCO3 | mg/L | 1 | 5 | 330 | 210 | × | 44.44 |
| Sulfate as SO4 - Turbidimetric | mg/L | 1 | 5 | 44 | < 1 | 8 | 191.11 |
| рН | рН | 0.01 | 0.05 | 7.30 | 6.80 | ⊘ | 7.09 |
| Electrical Conductivity (Non Compensated) | μS/cm | 1 | 5 | 785 | 437 | 8 | 56.96 |
| Temperature | °C | 0.1 | 0.5 | 18.3 | 19.3 | ⊘ | 5.32 |
| Standing Water Level | mbgl | - | | 4.63 | 2.45 | × | 61.58 |

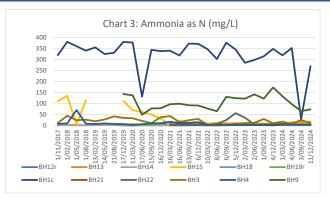
TABLE 14-4: Duplicate Surface Water Results and QC Data

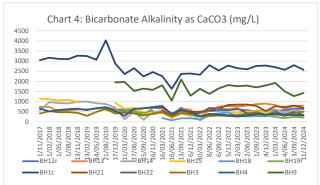
| | | | | | - | | |
|---|-------|-------|------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|--------|
| Lab Report No. | | | | EW2405719002 | EW2405719006 | | |
| Sample No. | | | | SWC_2 | SWDuplicate | | |
| Sample type | | | | Surfacewater | OffSiteSWQC | | RPD |
| EPA No, | | | | 19 | QC2 | | KPD |
| Date Sampled | | | | 10/12/2024 | 10/12/2024 | | |
| Analyte | Units | PQL | 5 x PQL | Result | Result | | |
| Chloride | mg/L | 1 | 5 | 3,560 | 3,890 | S | 8.86 |
| Calcium | mg/L | 1 | 5 | 110 | 104 | ⊘ | 5.61 |
| Potassium | mg/L | 1 | 5 | 68 | 71 | ⊘ | 4.32 |
| Manganese | mg/L | 0.001 | 0.005 | 0.206 | 0.189 | > | 8.61 |
| Total Iron | mg/L | 0.05 | 0.25 | 0.16 | 0.74 | × | 128.89 |
| Dissolved Iron | mg/L | 0.05 | 0.25 | 0.68 | 0.08 | × | 157.89 |
| Fluoride | mg/L | 0.1 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.4 | S | 28.57 |
| Ammonia as N | mg/L | 0.01 | 0.05 | 0.20 | 0.25 | \bigcirc | 22.22 |
| Nitrite as N | mg/L | 0.01 | 0.05 | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | > | 0.00 |
| Nitrate as N | mg/L | 0.01 | 0.05 | 0.04 | 0.05 | > | 22.22 |
| Nitrite + Nitrate as N | mg/L | 0.01 | 0.05 | 0.04 | 0.05 | > | 22.22 |
| Total Organic Carbon | mg/L | 1 | 5 | 12 | 12 | | 0.00 |
| Bicarbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3 | mg/L | 1 | 5 | 140 | 144 | ② | 2.82 |
| Total Alkalinity as CaCO3 | mg/L | 1 | 5 | 140 | 144 | ② | 2.82 |
| Sulfate as SO4 - Turbidimetric | mg/L | 1 | 5 | 460 | 478 | | 3.84 |
| Dissolved Oxygen | mg/L | 0.01 | 0.05 | 4.26 | 4.36 | ⊘ | 2.32 |
| рН | рН | 0.01 | 0.05 | 7.30 | 7.30 | > | 0.00 |
| Electrical Conductivity (Non Compensated) | μS/cm | 1 | 5 | 9,780 | 10,600 | ② | 8.05 |
| Temperature | °C | 0.1 | 0.5 | 21.0 | 21.2 | \bigcirc | 0.95 |

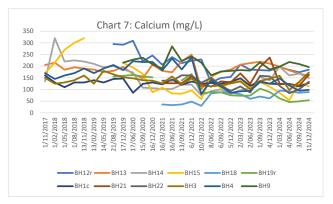


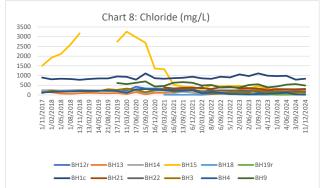
CHARTS

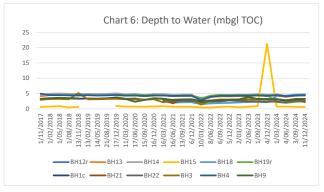
Charts 3-18: Groundwater Charts

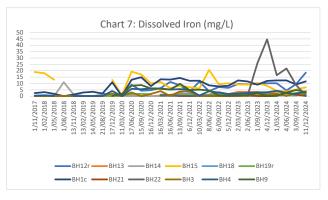


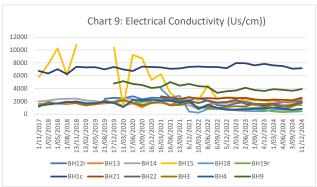


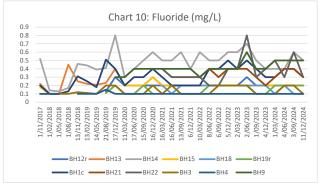


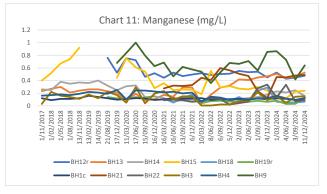


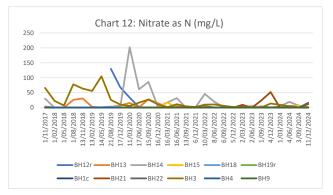


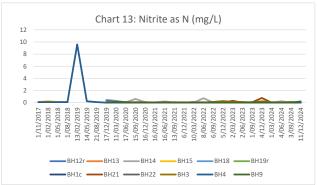


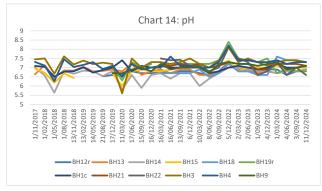


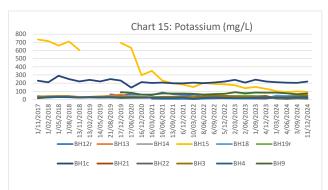


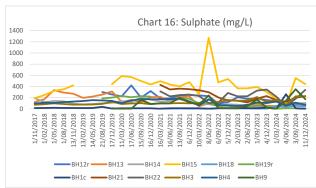


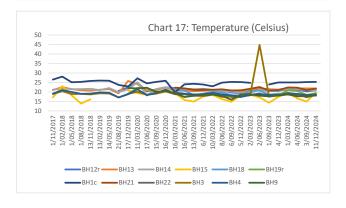


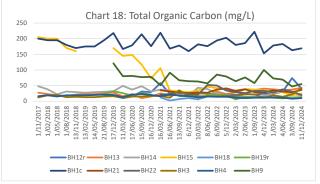




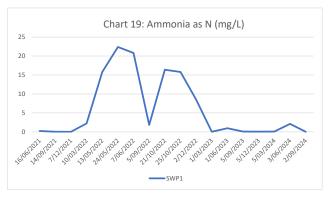


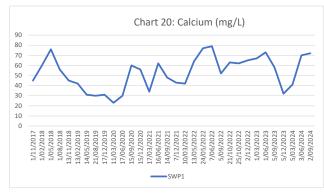


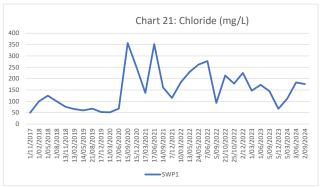


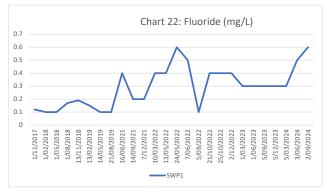


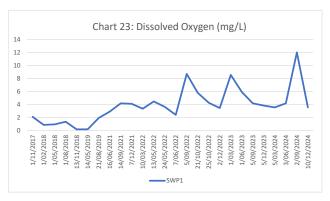
Charts 19-34: Onsite Surface Water Charts

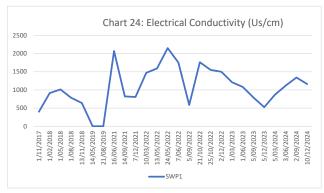


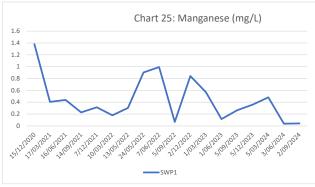


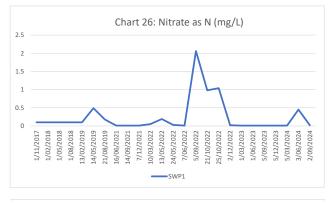


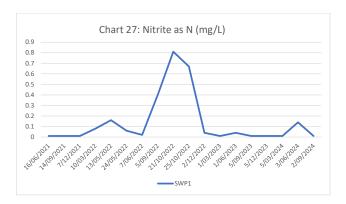




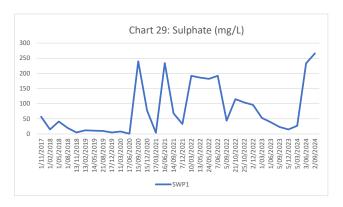


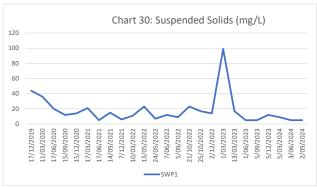


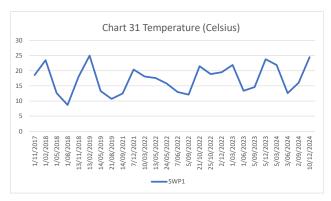


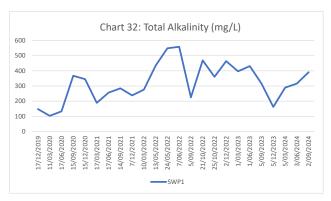


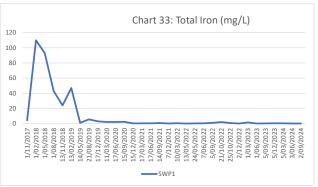


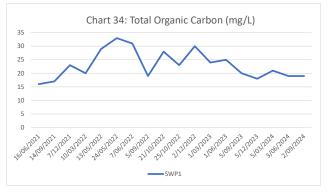




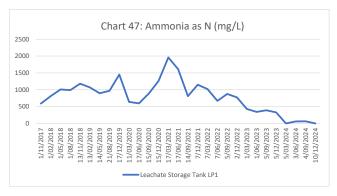


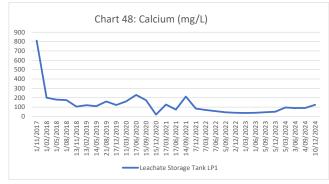


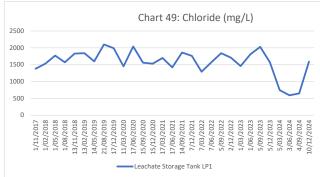


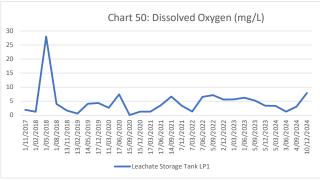


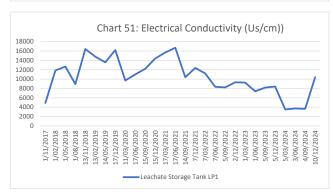
Charts 47-61 Leachate Water Quality Charts

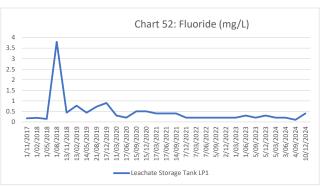


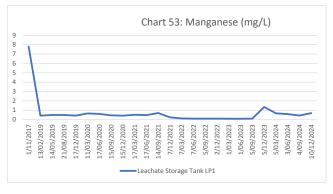


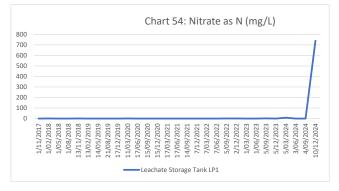


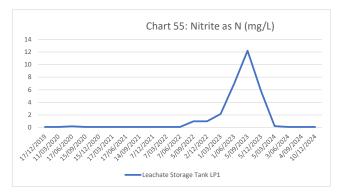


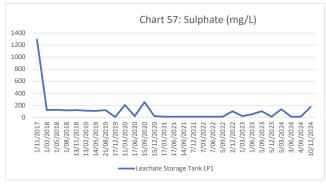


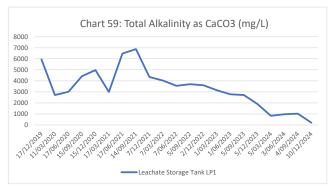


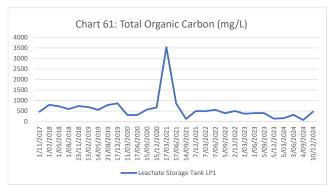


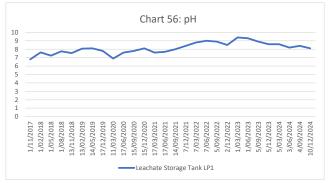


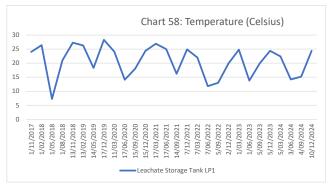












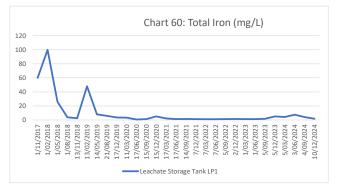
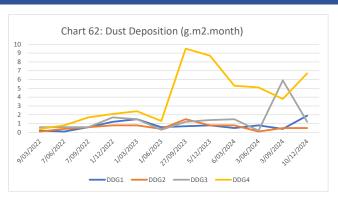
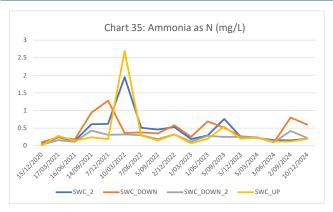
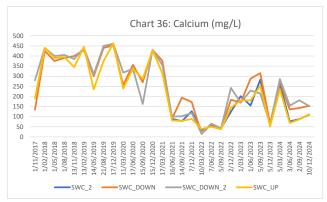


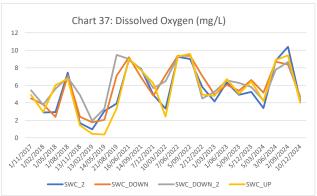
Chart 1 Dust Deposition Chart

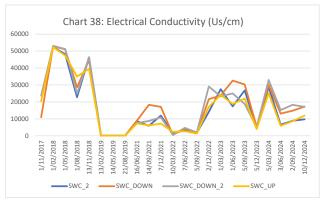


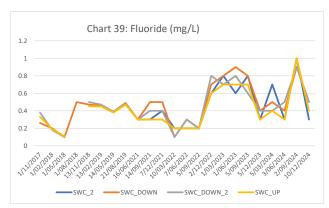
Charts 35-46: Rocklow Creek Surface Water Charts

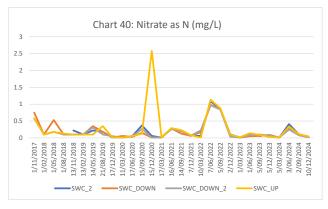


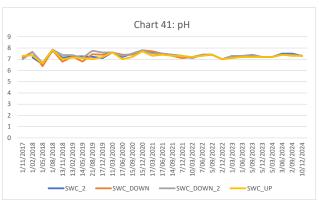


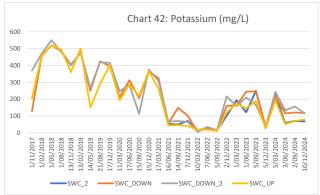


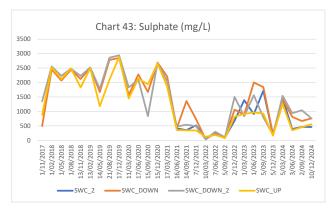


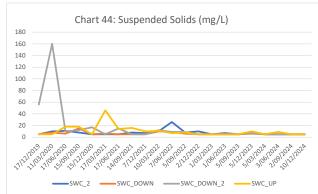


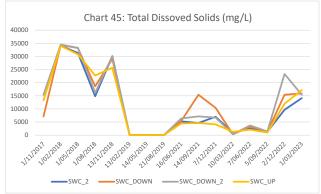


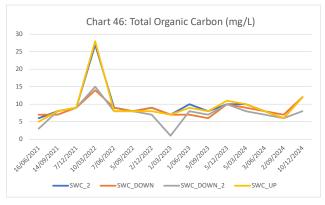














APPENDICES



Appendix A: EPL 5984 Sampling Point Summary (NSW EPA, 10/02/2022. Updated 30/04/2024)

| 2 | Leachatemonitoring | Leachate tank labelled LP1 on the drawing titled "Shellharbour City Council - Dunmore, NSW - Site Layout - Figure no. 1" dated July 2019 (EPA Ref. no. DOC19/1027702). |
|----|------------------------|---|
| 3 | Groundwater monitoring | BH1c - as shown on the drawing titled "Shellharbour City Council - Dunmore, NSW - Site Layout - Figure no. 1" dated July 2019 (EPA Ref. no. DOC19/1027702). |
| 5 | Groundwater monitoring | BH3 - as shown on the drawing titled "Shellharbour City Council - Dunmore, NSW - Site Layout - Figure no. 1" dated July 2019 (EPA Ref. no. DOC19/1027702). |
| 6 | Groundwater monitoring | BH4 - as shown on the drawing titled "Shellharbour City Council - Dunmore, NSW - Site Layout - Figure no. 1" dated July 2019 (EPA Ref. no. DOC19/1027702). |
| 7 | Groundwater monitoring | BH15 - as shown on the drawing titled "Shellharbour City Council - Dunmore, NSW - Site Layout - Figure no. 1" dated July 2019 (EPA Ref. no. DOC19/1027702). |
| 10 | Groundwater monitoring | BH13 - as shown on the drawing titled "Shellharbour City Council - Dunmore, NSW - Site Layout - Figure no. 1" dated July 2019 (EPA Ref. no. DOC19/1027702). |
| 11 | Groundwater monitoring | BH14 - as shown on the drawing titled "Shellharbour City Council - Dunmore, NSW - Site Layout - Figure no. 1" dated July 2019 (EPA Ref. no. DOC19/1027702). |
| 16 | Groundwater monitoring | BH19 - as shown on the drawing titled "Shellharbour City Council - Dunmore, NSW - Site Layout - Figure no. 1" dated July 2019 (EPA Ref. no. DOC19/1027702). |
| 17 | Groundwater monitoring | BH12R - as shown on the drawing titled "Shellharbour City Council - Dunmore, NSW - Site Layout - Figure no. 1" dated July 2019 (EPA |



| | | Ref. no. DOC19/1027702). |
|----|--------------------------|--|
| 18 | Groundwater monitoring | BH9 - as shown on the drawing |
| | | |
| | | titled "Shellharbour City Council - |
| | | Dunmore, NSW - Site Layout - |
| | | Figure no. 1" dated July 2019 (EPA |
| 19 | Surface Water Monitoring | Ref. no. DOC19/1027702). SWC 2 - as shown on the drawing |
| 19 | Surface Water Monitoring | titled "Shellharbour City Council - |
| | | Dunmore, NSW - Site Layout - |
| | | Figure no. 1" dated July 2019 (EPA |
| | | Ref. no. DOC19/1027702). |
| 20 | Surface Water Monitoring | SWC UP - as shown on the |
| | | drawing titled "Shellharbour City |
| | | Council - Dunmore, NSW - Site |
| | | Layout - Figure no. 1" dated July |
| | | 2019 (EPA Ref. no. |
| | | DOC19/1027702). |
| 21 | Surface Water Monitoring | SWC_DOWN - as shown on the |
| | | drawing titled "Shellharbour City |
| | | Council - Dunmore, NSW - Site |
| | | Layout - Figure no. 1" dated July |
| | | 2019 (EPA Ref. no. |
| | | DOC19/1027702). |
| 22 | Surface Water Monitoring | SWC_DOWN2 - as shown on the |
| | | drawing titled "Shellharbour City Council - Dunmore, NSW - Site |
| | | Layout - Figure no. 1" dated July |
| | | 2019 (EPA Ref. no. |
| | | DOC19/1027702). |
| 23 | Groundwater Monitoring | BH21 - as shown on drawing titled |
| | · · | "Monitoring Point Location Plan - |
| | | Dunmore Recycling and Waste |
| | | Depot - EPL No. 5984" prepared by |
| | | Cardno and attached to |
| | | correspondence dated 7 April 2020 |
| | | (EPA ref. no. DOC20/317779). |
| 24 | Groundwater monitoring | BH22 - as shown on drawing titled |
| | | "Monitoring Point Location Plan - |
| | | Dunmore Recycling and Waste Depot - EPL No. 5984" prepared by |
| | | Cardno and attached to |
| | | correspondence dated 7 April 2020 |
| | | (EPA ref. no. DOC20/317779). |
| 25 | Groundwater monitoring | BH18 - as shown on drawing titled |
| | Ŭ | "Monitoring Point Location Plan - |
| | | Dunmore Recycling and Waste |
| | | Depot - EPL No. 5984" prepared by |
| | | Cardno and attached to |
| | | correspondence dated 7 April 2020 |
| | | (EPA ref. no. DOC20/317779). |



Appendix B: Laboratory Chain of Custody (COC) & Certificates of Analysis (COA) – Water Samples



Client

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Work Order : EW2405737

: SHELLHARBOUR CITY COUNCIL

Contact : Ryan Stirling

Address : LAMERTON HOUSE, LAMERTON CRESCENT

SHELL HARBOUR CITY CENTRE NSW, AUSTRALIA 2529

Telephone : --

Project : Dunmore Quarterly Groundwaters EPL

Order number : 166321

C-O-C number : ----

Sampler : Michael Santos

Site : DUNMORE LANDFILL TENDER

Quote number : EW24SHECIT0001 (RFT 2024/81) Tender

No. of samples received : 14
No. of samples analysed : 13

Page : 1 of 8

Laboratory : Environmental Division NSW South Coast

Contact : Aneta Prosaroski

Address : 1/19 Ralph Black Dr, North Wollongong 2500 NSW Australia

Telephone : 02 42253125

Date Samples Received : 11-Dec-2024 15:20

Date Analysis Commenced : 11-Dec-2024

Issue Date : 31-Dec-2024 11:48



This report supersedes any previous report(s) with this reference. Results apply to the sample(s) as submitted, unless the sampling was conducted by ALS. This document shall not be reproduced, except in full.

This Certificate of Analysis contains the following information:

- General Comments
- Analytical Results

Additional information pertinent to this report will be found in the following separate attachments: Quality Control Report, QA/QC Compliance Assessment to assist with Quality Review and Sample Receipt Notification.

Signatories

This document has been electronically signed by the authorized signatories below. Electronic signing is carried out in compliance with procedures specified in 21 CFR Part 11.

Signatories Position Accreditation Category

Ankit Joshi Senior Chemist - Inorganics Sydney Inorganics, Smithfield, NSW Robert DaLio Sampler Laboratory - Wollongong, NSW

Page : 2 of 8
Work Order : EW2405737

Client : SHELLHARBOUR CITY COUNCIL
Project : Dunmore Quarterly Groundwaters EPL



General Comments

The analytical procedures used by ALS have been developed from established internationally recognised procedures such as those published by the USEPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are fully validated and are often at the client request.

Where moisture determination has been performed, results are reported on a dry weight basis.

Where a reported less than (<) result is higher than the LOR, this may be due to primary sample extract/digestate dilution and/or insufficient sample for analysis.

Where the LOR of a reported result differs from standard LOR, this may be due to high moisture content, insufficient sample (reduced weight employed) or matrix interference.

When sampling time information is not provided by the client, sampling dates are shown without a time component. In these instances, the time component has been assumed by the laboratory for processing purposes.

Where a result is required to meet compliance limits the associated uncertainty must be considered. Refer to the ALS Contract for details.

Key: CAS Number = CAS registry number from database maintained by Chemical Abstracts Services. The Chemical Abstracts Service is a division of the American Chemical Society.

LOR = Limit of reporting

- ^ = This result is computed from individual analyte detections at or above the level of reporting
- ø = ALS is not NATA accredited for these tests.
- ~ = Indicates an estimated value.
- pH performed by ALS Wollongong via in-house method EA005FD and EN67 PK.
- Electrical conductivity performed by ALS Wollongong via in-house method EA010FD and EN67 PK.
- Sampling and groundwater depth measurements completed by ALS Wollongong via inhouse sampling method EN/67.11 Groundwater Sampling Via High flow and Bailer Method.
- Temperature performed by ALS Wollongong via in-house method EA116 and EN67 PK.
- All field analysis performed by ALS Wollongong were completed at the time of sampling.
- Sample collection of Ground Waters by in-house EN67 where the "surface layer of the aquifer was sampled".
- Sodium Adsorption Ratio (where reported): Where results for Na, Ca or Mg are <LOR, a concentration at half the reported LOR is incorporated into the SAR calculation. This represents a conservative approach for Na relative to the assumption that <LOR = zero concentration and a conservative approach for Ca & Mg relative to the assumption that <LOR is equivalent to the LOR concentration.
- ED045G: The presence of Thiocyanate, Thiosulfate and Sulfite can positively contribute to the chloride result, thereby may bias results higher than expected. Results should be scrutinised accordingly.

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Work Order : EW2405737

Client : SHELLHARBOUR CITY COUNCIL
Project : Dunmore Quarterly Groundwaters EPL



| Sub-Matrix: WATER (Matrix: WATER) | | | Sample ID | ВН1С | ВН3 | BH4 | ВН9 | BH12R |
|---|---------------|----------|----------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | | Sampli | ng date / time | 11-Dec-2024 09:45 | 11-Dec-2024 11:58 | 11-Dec-2024 12:32 | 11-Dec-2024 09:20 | 11-Dec-2024 11:14 |
| Compound | CAS Number | LOR | Unit | EW2405737-001 | EW2405737-002 | EW2405737-003 | EW2405737-004 | EW2405737-005 |
| | | | | Result | Result | Result | Result | Result |
| EA005FD: Field pH | | 14 17 | | | | | | |
| pH | | 0.1 | pH Unit | 7.1 | 7.3 | 7.3 | 7.1 | 6.8 |
| EA010FD: Field Conductivity | | | | | | | | |
| Electrical Conductivity (Non Compensated) | | 1 | μS/cm | 7160 | 1730 | 831 | 3910 | 2020 |
| EA116: Temperature | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 4 | | | | | | |
| Temperature | | 0.5 | °C | 25.3 | 18.3 | 18.7 | 18.1 | 20.9 |
| ED037P: Alkalinity by PC Titrator | | | | | | | | |
| Hydroxide Alkalinity as CaCO3 | DMO-210-001 | 1 | mg/L | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 |
| Carbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3 | 3812-32-6 | 1 | mg/L | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 |
| Bicarbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3 | 71-52-3 | 1 | mg/L | 2570 | 508 | 324 | 1420 | 632 |
| Total Alkalinity as CaCO3 | | 1 | mg/L | 2570 | 508 | 324 | 1420 | 632 |
| ED041G: Sulfate (Turbidimetric) as SO4 2 | 2- by DA | | | | | | | |
| Sulfate as SO4 - Turbidimetric | 14808-79-8 | 1 | mg/L | <1 | 224 | 70 | 172 | 87 |
| ED045G: Chloride by Discrete Analyser | | | | | | | | |
| Chloride | 16887-00-6 | 1 | mg/L | 835 | 148 | 25 | 484 | 262 |
| ED093F: Dissolved Major Cations | | | | | | | | |
| Calcium | 7440-70-2 | 1 | mg/L | 128 | 173 | 98 | 196 | 185 |
| Potassium | 7440-09-7 | 1 | mg/L | 219 | 48 | 29 | 73 | 23 |
| EG020F: Dissolved Metals by ICP-MS | | | | | | | | |
| Manganese | 7439-96-5 | 0.001 | mg/L | 0.121 | 0.152 | 0.118 | 0.640 | 0.477 |
| Iron | 7439-89-6 | 0.05 | mg/L | 11.7 | 2.59 | 3.79 | 3.28 | 18.5 |
| EK040P: Fluoride by PC Titrator | | 4 | | | | | | |
| Fluoride | 16984-48-8 | 0.1 | mg/L | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.5 | 0.2 |
| EK055G: Ammonia as N by Discrete Ana | lyser | 1 | | | | | | |
| Ammonia as N | 7664-41-7 | 0.01 | mg/L | 269 | 9.54 | 2.80 | 72.8 | 4.40 |
| EK057G: Nitrite as N by Discrete Analyse | | | | | | | | |
| Nitrite as N | 14797-65-0 | 0.01 | mg/L | <0.01 | 0.03 | <0.01 | 0.21 | <0.01 |
| EK058G: Nitrate as N by Discrete Analys | er | | | | | | | |

Page : 4 of 8
Work Order : EW2405737

Client : SHELLHARBOUR CITY COUNCIL
Project : Dunmore Quarterly Groundwaters EPL



| Sub-Matrix: WATER (Matrix: WATER) | | | Sample ID | BH1C | внз | BH4 | ВН9 | BH12R |
|---|-----------------|--------|----------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | | Sampli | ng date / time | 11-Dec-2024 09:45 | 11-Dec-2024 11:58 | 11-Dec-2024 12:32 | 11-Dec-2024 09:20 | 11-Dec-2024 11:14 |
| Compound | CAS Number | LOR | Unit | EW2405737-001 | EW2405737-002 | EW2405737-003 | EW2405737-004 | EW2405737-005 |
| | | | | Result | Result | Result | Result | Result |
| EK058G: Nitrate as N by Discrete Analy | ser - Continued | | | | | | | |
| Nitrate as N | 14797-55-8 | 0.01 | mg/L | <0.01 | 0.02 | <0.01 | <0.01 | <0.01 |
| EK059G: Nitrite plus Nitrate as N (NOx) | by Discrete Ana | lyser | | | | | | |
| Nitrite + Nitrate as N | | 0.01 | mg/L | <0.01 | 0.05 | <0.01 | 0.21 | <0.01 |
| EP005: Total Organic Carbon (TOC) | | | | | | | | |
| Total Organic Carbon | | 1 | mg/L | 169 | 42 | 10 | 55 | 40 |
| QWI-EN 67.11 Sampling of Groundwater | 's | | | | | | | |
| Standing Water Level | | 0.01 | m AHD | 3.25 | 3.22 | 4.45 | 3.27 | 4.49 |

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Work Order : EW2405737

Client : SHELLHARBOUR CITY COUNCIL
Project : Dunmore Quarterly Groundwaters EPL



| Sub-Matrix: WATER (Matrix: WATER) | | | Sample ID | BH13 | BH14 | BH15 | BH19R | BH18 |
|--|-------------|--------|----------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | | Sampli | ng date / time | 11-Dec-2024 11:40 | 11-Dec-2024 12:15 | 11-Dec-2024 10:45 | 11-Dec-2024 12:50 | 11-Dec-2024 08:40 |
| Compound | CAS Number | LOR | Unit | EW2405737-006 | EW2405737-007 | EW2405737-008 | EW2405737-009 | EW2405737-010 |
| | | | | Result | Result | Result | Result | Result |
| EA005FD: Field pH | | 4 | | | | | | |
| pH | | 0.1 | pH Unit | 6.9 | 6.9 | 7.0 | 7.3 | 6.8 |
| EA010FD: Field Conductivity | | | | | | | | |
| Electrical Conductivity (Non Compensated) | | 1 | μS/cm | 2310 | 1360 | 1780 | 785 | 437 |
| EA116: Temperature | | | | | | | | |
| Temperature | | 0.5 | °C | 21.9 | 20.9 | 19.8 | 18.3 | 19.3 |
| ED037P: Alkalinity by PC Titrator | | | | | | | | |
| Hydroxide Alkalinity as CaCO3 | DMO-210-001 | 1 | mg/L | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 |
| Carbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3 | 3812-32-6 | 1 | mg/L | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 |
| Bicarbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3 | 71-52-3 | 1 | mg/L | 796 | 472 | 287 | 330 | 207 |
| Total Alkalinity as CaCO3 | | 1 | mg/L | 796 | 472 | 287 | 330 | 207 |
| ED041G: Sulfate (Turbidimetric) as SO4 | 2- by DA | | | | | | | |
| Sulfate as SO4 - Turbidimetric | 14808-79-8 | 1 | mg/L | 57 | 102 | 442 | 44 | 1 |
| ED045G: Chloride by Discrete Analyser | | | | | | | | |
| Chloride | 16887-00-6 | 1 | mg/L | 284 | 106 | 156 | 29 | 12 |
| ED093F: Dissolved Major Cations | | | | | | | | |
| Calcium | 7440-70-2 | 1 | mg/L | 159 | 149 | 113 | 89 | 54 |
| Potassium | 7440-09-7 | 1 | mg/L | 29 | 19 | 92 | 47 | 7 |
| EG020F: Dissolved Metals by ICP-MS | | | | | | | | |
| Manganese | 7439-96-5 | 0.001 | mg/L | 0.526 | 0.155 | 0.238 | 0.067 | 0.129 |
| Iron | 7439-89-6 | 0.05 | mg/L | 2.34 | 0.55 | 6.99 | 0.94 | 2.08 |
| EK040P: Fluoride by PC Titrator | | | | | | | | |
| Fluoride | 16984-48-8 | 0.1 | mg/L | 0.2 | 0.5 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.2 |
| EK055G: Ammonia as N by Discrete Ana | llyser | | | | | | | |
| Ammonia as N | 7664-41-7 | 0.01 | mg/L | 17.2 | 2.12 | 6.69 | 1.14 | 0.97 |
| EK057G: Nitrite as N by Discrete Analys | er | | | | | | | |
| Nitrite as N | 14797-65-0 | 0.01 | mg/L | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.01 | <0.01 | <0.01 |
| EK058G: Nitrate as N by Discrete Analys | ser | | | | | | | |

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Work Order : EW2405737

Client : SHELLHARBOUR CITY COUNCIL
Project : Dunmore Quarterly Groundwaters EPL



| Sub-Matrix: WATER (Matrix: WATER) | | | Sample ID | BH13 | BH14 | BH15 | BH19R | BH18 |
|---|-----------------|--------|----------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | | Sampli | ng date / time | 11-Dec-2024 11:40 | 11-Dec-2024 12:15 | 11-Dec-2024 10:45 | 11-Dec-2024 12:50 | 11-Dec-2024 08:40 |
| Compound | CAS Number | LOR | Unit | EW2405737-006 | EW2405737-007 | EW2405737-008 | EW2405737-009 | EW2405737-010 |
| | | | | Result | Result | Result | Result | Result |
| EK058G: Nitrate as N by Discrete Analy | ser - Continued | | | | | | | |
| Nitrate as N | 14797-55-8 | 0.01 | mg/L | 1.00 | 2.44 | 0.17 | <0.01 | <0.01 |
| EK059G: Nitrite plus Nitrate as N (NOx) | by Discrete Ana | lyser | | | | | | |
| Nitrite + Nitrate as N | | 0.01 | mg/L | 1.04 | 2.46 | 0.18 | <0.01 | <0.01 |
| EP005: Total Organic Carbon (TOC) | | | | | | | | |
| Total Organic Carbon | | 1 | mg/L | 43 | 18 | 24 | 13 | 12 |
| QWI-EN 67.11 Sampling of Groundwater | 'S | -14 | | 1 | | | | |
| Standing Water Level | | 0.01 | m AHD | 4.37 | 4.81 | 0.65 | 4.63 | 2.45 |

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Work Order : EW2405737

Client : SHELLHARBOUR CITY COUNCIL
Project : Dunmore Quarterly Groundwaters EPL



| Sub-Matrix: WATER (Matrix: WATER) | | | Sample ID | BH21 | BH22 | Duplicate | |
|---|-------------|--------|----------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------|
| | | Sampli | ng date / time | 11-Dec-2024 10:03 | 11-Dec-2024 10:20 | 11-Dec-2024 08:40 | |
| Compound | CAS Number | LOR | Unit | EW2405737-011 | EW2405737-012 | EW2405737-013 | |
| | | | | Result | Result | Result | |
| EA005FD: Field pH | | | | | | | |
| pH | | 0.1 | pH Unit | 7.1 | 6.6 | 6.8 | |
| EA010FD: Field Conductivity | | | | | | | |
| Electrical Conductivity (Non Compensated) | | 1 | μS/cm | 2560 | 1860 | 437 | |
| EA116: Temperature | | | | | | | |
| Temperature | | 0.5 | °C | 21.8 | 18.5 | 19.3 | |
| ED037P: Alkalinity by PC Titrator | | | | | | | |
| Hydroxide Alkalinity as CaCO3 | DMO-210-001 | 1 | mg/L | <1 | <1 | <1 | |
| Carbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3 | 3812-32-6 | 1 | mg/L | <1 | <1 | <1 | |
| Bicarbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3 | 71-52-3 | 1 | mg/L | 683 | 337 | 210 | |
| Total Alkalinity as CaCO3 | | 1 | mg/L | 683 | 337 | 210 | |
| ED041G: Sulfate (Turbidimetric) as SO4 2 | 2- by DA | | | | | | |
| Sulfate as SO4 - Turbidimetric | 14808-79-8 | 1 | mg/L | 228 | 339 | <1 | |
| ED045G: Chloride by Discrete Analyser | | | | | | | |
| Chloride | 16887-00-6 | 1 | mg/L | 313 | 169 | 12 | |
| ED093F: Dissolved Major Cations | | | | | | | |
| Calcium | 7440-70-2 | 1 | mg/L | 164 | 133 | 53 | |
| Potassium | 7440-09-7 | 1 | mg/L | 23 | 12 | 7 | |
| EG020F: Dissolved Metals by ICP-MS | | 3 | | | | | |
| Manganese | 7439-96-5 | 0.001 | mg/L | 0.489 | 0.090 | 0.127 | |
| Iron | 7439-89-6 | 0.05 | mg/L | 0.22 | 0.46 | 2.04 | |
| EK040P: Fluoride by PC Titrator | | 3 | | | | | |
| Fluoride | 16984-48-8 | 0.1 | mg/L | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.2 | |
| EK055G: Ammonia as N by Discrete Ana | lyser | | | | | | |
| Ammonia as N | 7664-41-7 | 0.01 | mg/L | 2.81 | 4.05 | 0.97 | |
| EK057G: Nitrite as N by Discrete Analys | er | | | | | | |
| Nitrite as N | 14797-65-0 | 0.01 | mg/L | 0.09 | 0.08 | <0.01 | |
| EK058G: Nitrate as N by Discrete Analys | ser | | | | | | |

Page : 8 of 8 Work Order : EW2405737

Client : SHELLHARBOUR CITY COUNCIL
Project : Dunmore Quarterly Groundwaters EPL



Analytical Results

| Sub-Matrix: WATER (Matrix: WATER) | | | Sample ID | BH21 | BH22 | Duplicate | |
|---|----------------------|--------|-----------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------|
| | Sampling date / time | | | 11-Dec-2024 10:03 | 11-Dec-2024 10:20 | 11-Dec-2024 08:40 | |
| Compound | CAS Number | LOR | Unit | EW2405737-011 | EW2405737-012 | EW2405737-013 | |
| | | | | Result | Result | Result | |
| EK058G: Nitrate as N by Discrete Analys | ser - Continued | | | | | | |
| Nitrate as N | 14797-55-8 | 0.01 | mg/L | 12.0 | 16.4 | <0.01 | |
| EK059G: Nitrite plus Nitrate as N (NOx) | by Discrete Ana | llyser | | | | | |
| Nitrite + Nitrate as N | | 0.01 | mg/L | 12.1 | 16.5 | <0.01 | |
| EP005: Total Organic Carbon (TOC) | | | | | | | |
| Total Organic Carbon | | 1 | mg/L | 36 | 20 | 12 | |
| QWI-EN 67.11 Sampling of Groundwater | s | | | | | | |
| Standing Water Level | | 0.01 | m AHD | 2.23 | 2.65 | 2.45 | |

Inter-Laboratory Testing

Analysis conducted by ALS Sydney, NATA accreditation no. 825, site no. 10911 (Chemistry / Biology).

(WATER) ED093F: Dissolved Major Cations (WATER) EP005: Total Organic Carbon (TOC)

(WATER) EK055G: Ammonia as N by Discrete Analyser

(WATER) EG020F: Dissolved Metals by ICP-MS (WATER) EK057G: Nitrite as N by Discrete Analyser (WATER) EK058G: Nitrate as N by Discrete Analyser

(WATER) EK059G: Nitrite plus Nitrate as N (NOx) by Discrete Analyser

(WATER) ED045G: Chloride by Discrete Analyser (WATER) ED037P: Alkalinity by PC Titrator (WATER) EK040P: Fluoride by PC Titrator

(WATER) ED041G: Sulfate (Turbidimetric) as SO4 2- by DA

Approved Date: 13/02/2024

Box/Bag/Other



CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Work Order : EW2405719

Client : SHELLHARBOUR CITY COUNCIL

Contact : Ryan Stirling

Address : LAMERTON HOUSE, LAMERTON CRESCENT

SHELL HARBOUR CITY CENTRE NSW, AUSTRALIA 2529

Telephone

Project : Dunmore Quarterly Surface Water EPL

Order number : 166321

C-O-C number

Sampler : Robert DaLio

Site : DUNMORE LANDFILL TENDER

Quote number : EW24SHECIT0001 (RFT 2024/81) Tender

No. of samples received : 6 No. of samples analysed : 6 Page : 1 of 7

Laboratory : Environmental Division NSW South Coast

Contact : Aneta Prosaroski

Address : 1/19 Ralph Black Dr, North Wollongong 2500 NSW Australia

Telephone : 02 42253125

Date Samples Received : 10-Dec-2024 14:08

Date Analysis Commenced : 10-Dec-2024

Issue Date : 10-Mar-2025 11:01



ISO/IEC 17025 - Testing

This report supersedes any previous report(s) with this reference. Results apply to the sample(s) as submitted, unless the sampling was conducted by ALS. This document shall not be reproduced, except in full

This Certificate of Analysis contains the following information:

- General Comments
- Analytical Results

Additional information pertinent to this report will be found in the following separate attachments: Quality Control Report, QA/QC Compliance Assessment to assist with **Quality Review and Sample Receipt Notification.**

Signatories

This document has been electronically signed by the authorized signatories below. Electronic signing is carried out in compliance with procedures specified in 21 CFR Part 11.

Position Accreditation Category Signatories

Ankit Joshi Senior Chemist - Inorganics Sydney Inorganics, Smithfield, NSW Robert DaLio Sampler Laboratory - Wollongong, NSW

Page : 2 of 7
Work Order : EW2405719

Client : SHELLHARBOUR CITY COUNCIL
Project : Dunmore Quarterly Surface Water EPL



General Comments

The analytical procedures used by ALS have been developed from established internationally recognised procedures such as those published by the USEPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are fully validated and are often at the client request.

Where moisture determination has been performed, results are reported on a dry weight basis

Where a reported less than (<) result is higher than the LOR, this may be due to primary sample extract/digestate dilution and/or insufficient sample for analysis.

Where the LOR of a reported result differs from standard LOR, this may be due to high moisture content, insufficient sample (reduced weight employed) or matrix interference.

When sampling time information is not provided by the client, sampling dates are shown without a time component. In these instances, the time component has been assumed by the laboratory for processing purposes.

Where a result is required to meet compliance limits the associated uncertainty must be considered. Refer to the ALS Contract for details.

Key: CAS Number = CAS registry number from database maintained by Chemical Abstracts Services. The Chemical Abstracts Service is a division of the American Chemical Society.

LOR = Limit of reporting

^ = This result is computed from individual analyte detections at or above the level of reporting

- ø = ALS is not NATA accredited for these tests.
- ~ = Indicates an estimated value.
- As per QWI EN55-3 Data Interpreting Procedures, Ionic balances are typically calculated using Major Anions Chloride, Alkalinity and Sulfate; and Major Cations Calcium, Magnesium, Potassium and Sodium.
 Where applicable and dependent upon sample matrix, the Ionic Balance may also include the additional contribution of Ammonia, Dissolved Metals by ICPMS and H+ to the Cations and Nitrate, SiO2 and Fluoride to the Anions.
- EG020: It has been confirmed by re-digestion and re-analysis that dissolved concentration for Iron is higher than total concentration for sample EW2405719 # 002. For all other elements where filtered results are greater than total results, the difference is within experimental variation of the methods.
- TDS by method EA-015 sample 3,5 may bias high due to the presence of fine particulate matter, which may pass through the prescribed GF/C paper.
- pH performed by ALS Wollongong via in-house method EA005FD and EN67 PK.
- Electrical conductivity performed by ALS Wollongong via in-house method EA010FD and EN67 PK.
- Sampling completed by ALS Wollongong in accordance with in-house sampling method EN/67.6 Rivers and Streams.
- Temperature performed by ALS Wollongong via in-house method EA116 and EN67 PK.
- Dissolved oxygen (DO) performed by ALS Wollongong via in-house method EP025FD and EN67 PK.
- All field analysis performed by ALS Wollongong were completed at the time of sampling.
- Sodium Adsorption Ratio (where reported): Where results for Na, Ca or Mg are <LOR, a concentration at half the reported LOR is incorporated into the SAR calculation. This represents a conservative approach for Na relative to the assumption that <LOR = zero concentration and a conservative approach for Ca & Mg relative to the assumption that <LOR is equivalent to the LOR concentration.
- ED045G: The presence of Thiocyanate, Thiosulfate and Sulfite can positively contribute to the chloride result, thereby may bias results higher than expected. Results should be scrutinised accordingly.

Page : 3 of 7
Work Order : EW2405719

Client : SHELLHARBOUR CITY COUNCIL
Project : Dunmore Quarterly Surface Water EPL



| Sub-Matrix: WATER (Matrix: WATER) | Sample ID | | | SWP1 Point 1 | SWC_2 Point 19 | SWC_UP Point 20 | SWC_Down Point 21 10-Dec-2024 09:55 | SWC_DOWN_2 Point 22 |
|---|----------------------|------|---------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|
| | Sampling date / time | | | 10-Dec-2024 11:45 | 10-Dec-2024 10:30 | 10-Dec-2024 09:45 | | 10-Dec-2024 10:10 |
| Compound | CAS Number | LOR | Unit | EW2405719-001 | EW2405719-002 | EW2405719-003 | EW2405719-004 | EW2405719-005 |
| EAGOFED, Field will | | | | Result | Result | Result | Result | Result |
| EA005FD: Field pH pH | | 0.1 | pH Unit | 7.6 | 7.3 | 7.3 | 7.3 | 7.3 |
| • | | 0.1 | prionit | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 |
| EA010FD: Field Conductivity | | | 0/200 | 4400 | 0700 | 44000 | 47000 | 47400 |
| Electrical Conductivity (Non Compensated) | | 1 | μS/cm | 1160 | 9780 | 11900 | 17200 | 17100 |
| EA015: Total Dissolved Solids dried at 1 | 80 + 5 °C | 4 | | | | | | |
| Total Dissolved Solids @180°C | | 10 | mg/L | | 6910 | 9070 | 12800 | 13000 |
| EA025: Total Suspended Solids dried at | 104 ± 2°C | a de | | | | | | |
| Suspended Solids (SS) | | 5 | mg/L | 8 | <5 | 5 | 5 | <5 |
| EA045: Turbidity | 1 11 11 11 | | | | | | | |
| Turbidity | | 0.1 | NTU | 3.5 | 4.8 | 5.2 | 4.8 | 4.3 |
| EA446: Tomporative | 14 | | | | | | | |
| EA116: Temperature Temperature | | 0.5 | °C | 24.5 | 21.0 | 21.0 | 21.8 | 21.8 |
| • | | | | | =0 | | | 20 |
| ED037P: Alkalinity by PC Titrator Hydroxide Alkalinity as CaCO3 | DMO-210-001 | 1 | mg/L | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 |
| | | | | | | | | <1 |
| Carbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3 | 3812-32-6 | 1 | mg/L | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 | · |
| Bicarbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3 | 71-52-3 | 1 | mg/L | 297 | 140 | 143 | 156 | 148 |
| Total Alkalinity as CaCO3 | | 1 | mg/L | 297 | 140 | 143 | 156 | 148 |
| ED041G: Sulfate (Turbidimetric) as SO4 | 2- by DA | 10 | | | | | | |
| Sulfate as SO4 - Turbidimetric | 14808-79-8 | 1 | mg/L | 124 | 460 | 556 | 760 | 756 |
| ED045G: Chloride by Discrete Analyser | | 4 | | | | | | |
| Chloride | 16887-00-6 | 1 | mg/L | 141 | 3560 | 4460 | 6120 | 6100 |
| ED093F: Dissolved Major Cations | | | | | | | | |
| Calcium | 7440-70-2 | 1 | mg/L | 50 | 110 | 112 | 154 | 152 |
| Magnesium | 7439-95-4 | 1 | mg/L | 31 | 210 | 250 | 359 | 355 |
| Sodium | 7440-23-5 | 1 | mg/L | 153 | 1720 | 2080 | 2980 | 2990 |
| Potassium | 7440-09-7 | 1 | mg/L | 8 | 68 | 80 | 118 | 116 |
| EG020F: Dissolved Metals by ICP-MS | | 4 | | | | | | |
| Iron | 7439-89-6 | 0.05 | mg/L | <0.05 | 0.68 | 0.11 | 0.07 | 0.06 |
| EG020F: Dissolved Metals by ICP-MS Iron | 7439-89-6 | 0.05 | mg/L | <0.05 | 0.68 | 0.11 | 0.07 | |

Page : 4 of 7
Work Order : EW2405719

Client : SHELLHARBOUR CITY COUNCIL
Project : Dunmore Quarterly Surface Water EPL



| Sub-Matrix: WATER (Matrix: WATER) | | Sampli | Sample ID | SWP1 Point 1 10-Dec-2024 11:45 | SWC_2 Point 19 10-Dec-2024 10:30 | SWC_UP Point 20 10-Dec-2024 09:45 | SWC_Down Point 21 10-Dec-2024 09:55 | SWC_DOWN_2 Point 22 10-Dec-2024 10:10 |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|--------|-----------|--------------------------------------|--|---|-------------------------------------|---|
| Compound | CAS Number | LOR | Unit | EW2405719-001 | EW2405719-002 | EW2405719-003 | EW2405719-004 | EW2405719-005 |
| | | | | Result | Result | Result | Result | Result |
| EG020T: Total Metals by ICP-MS | | | | | | | | |
| Manganese | 7439-96-5 | 0.001 | mg/L | 0.922 | 0.206 | 0.186 | 0.135 | 0.140 |
| Iron | 7439-89-6 | 0.05 | mg/L | 0.24 | 0.16 | 0.75 | 0.63 | 0.62 |
| EK040P: Fluoride by PC Titrator | | | | | | | | |
| Fluoride | 16984-48-8 | 0.1 | mg/L | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| EK055G: Ammonia as N by Discre | te Analyser | | | | | | | |
| Ammonia as N | 7664-41-7 | 0.01 | mg/L | 0.02 | 0.20 | 0.20 | 0.60 | 0.22 |
| EK055G-NH4: Ammonium as N by | DA | | | | | | | |
| Ammonium as N | 14798-03-9_N | 0.01 | mg/L | 0.02 | 0.20 | 0.20 | 0.59 | 0.22 |
| EK057G: Nitrite as N by Discrete | Analyser | | | | | | | |
| Nitrite as N | 14797-65-0 | 0.01 | mg/L | <0.01 | <0.01 | <0.01 | <0.01 | <0.01 |
| EK058G: Nitrate as N by Discrete | Analyser | | | | | | | |
| Nitrate as N | 14797-55-8 | 0.01 | mg/L | <0.01 | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.02 |
| EK059G: Nitrite plus Nitrate as N | (NOx) by Discrete Ana | lyser | | | | | | |
| Nitrite + Nitrate as N | | 0.01 | mg/L | <0.01 | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.02 |
| EN055: Ionic Balance | | | | | | | | |
| ø Total Anions | | 0.01 | meq/L | 12.5 | 113 | 140 | 192 | 191 |
| ø Total Cations | | 0.01 | meq/L | 11.9 | 99.3 | 119 | 170 | 170 |
| ø Ionic Balance | | 0.01 | % | 2.41 | 6.35 | 8.33 | 6.00 | 5.81 |
| EP005: Total Organic Carbon (TO | c) | | | | | | | |
| Total Organic Carbon | | 1 | mg/L | 24 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 8 |
| EP025FD: Field Dissolved Oxygen | | | | | | | | |
| Dissolved Oxygen | | 0.01 | mg/L | 3.55 | 4.26 | 4.01 | 4.72 | 4.45 |

Page : 5 of 7
Work Order : EW2405719

Client : SHELLHARBOUR CITY COUNCIL
Project : Dunmore Quarterly Surface Water EPL



| Sub-Matrix: WATER | | | Sample ID | Duplicate | | | |
|---|-------------|------|-----------------|-------------------|------|---------|--|
| (Matrix: WATER) | | | · | | | | |
| | | | ing date / time | 10-Dec-2024 10:40 | | | |
| Compound | CAS Number | LOR | Unit | EW2405719-006 | | | |
| | | | | Result | | | |
| EA005FD: Field pH | | 0.4 | al I I I ait | 7.0 | | | |
| рН | | 0.1 | pH Unit | 7.3 | | | |
| EA010FD: Field Conductivity | | 4 | | | | | |
| Electrical Conductivity (Non Compensated) | | 1 | μS/cm | 10600 | | | |
| EA015: Total Dissolved Solids dried at 1 | 80 ± 5 °C | | | | | | |
| Total Dissolved Solids @180°C | | 10 | mg/L | 7760 | | | |
| EA025: Total Suspended Solids dried at | 104 ± 2°C | 4 | | | | | |
| Suspended Solids (SS) | | 5 | mg/L | <5 | | | |
| EA045: Turbidity | | 4 | | | | | |
| Turbidity | | 0.1 | NTU | 5.2 | | | |
| EA116: Temperature | | | | | | | |
| Temperature | | 0.5 | °C | 21.2 | | | |
| ED037P: Alkalinity by PC Titrator | 1 19 11 | - T | | | | | |
| Hydroxide Alkalinity as CaCO3 | DMO-210-001 | 1 | mg/L | <1 | | | |
| Carbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3 | 3812-32-6 | 1 | mg/L | <1 | | | |
| Bicarbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3 | 71-52-3 | 1 | mg/L | 144 | | | |
| Total Alkalinity as CaCO3 | | 1 | mg/L | 144 | | | |
| ED041G: Sulfate (Turbidimetric) as SO4 | 2- by DA | | | | | | |
| Sulfate as SO4 - Turbidimetric | 14808-79-8 | 1 | mg/L | 478 | | | |
| ED045G: Chloride by Discrete Analyser | 1 11 11 | 4 | | | | | |
| Chloride | 16887-00-6 | 1 | mg/L | 3890 | | | |
| ED093F: Dissolved Major Cations | | 4 | | | | | |
| Calcium | 7440-70-2 | 1 | mg/L | 104 | | | |
| Magnesium | 7439-95-4 | 1 | mg/L | 218 | | | |
| Sodium | 7440-23-5 | 1 | mg/L | 1800 | | | |
| Potassium | 7440-09-7 | 1 | mg/L | 71 | | | |
| EG020F: Dissolved Metals by ICP-MS | | | | | | | |
| Iron | 7439-89-6 | 0.05 | mg/L | 0.08 | | | |

Page : 6 of 7
Work Order : EW2405719

Client : SHELLHARBOUR CITY COUNCIL
Project : Dunmore Quarterly Surface Water EPL



| Sub-Matrix: WATER (Matrix: WATER) | | | Sample ID | Duplicate | | |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------|--------|----------------|-------------------|------|------|
| | | Sampli | ng date / time | 10-Dec-2024 10:40 | | |
| Compound | CAS Number | LOR | Unit | EW2405719-006 | | |
| | | | | Result | | |
| EG020T: Total Metals by ICP-MS | | | | | | |
| Manganese | 7439-96-5 | 0.001 | mg/L | 0.189 | | |
| Iron | 7439-89-6 | 0.05 | mg/L | 0.74 | | |
| EK040P: Fluoride by PC Titrator | | | | | | |
| Fluoride | 16984-48-8 | 0.1 | mg/L | 0.4 | | |
| EK055G: Ammonia as N by Discrete | e Analyser | | | | | |
| Ammonia as N | 7664-41-7 | 0.01 | mg/L | 0.25 | | |
| EK055G-NH4: Ammonium as N by I | DA | | | | | |
| Ammonium as N | 14798-03-9_N | 0.01 | mg/L | 0.25 | | |
| EK057G: Nitrite as N by Discrete A | nalyser | | | | | |
| Nitrite as N | 14797-65-0 | 0.01 | mg/L | <0.01 | | |
| EK058G: Nitrate as N by Discrete A | nalyser | | | | | |
| Nitrate as N | 14797-55-8 | 0.01 | mg/L | 0.05 | | |
| EK059G: Nitrite plus Nitrate as N (N | NOx) by Discrete Ana | llyser | | | | |
| Nitrite + Nitrate as N | | 0.01 | mg/L | 0.05 | | |
| EN055: Ionic Balance | | | | | | |
| ø Total Anions | | 0.01 | meq/L | 122 | | |
| ø Total Cations | | 0.01 | meq/L | 103 | | |
| ø Ionic Balance | | 0.01 | % | 8.56 | | |
| EP005: Total Organic Carbon (TOC) | | | | | | |
| Total Organic Carbon | | 1 | mg/L | 12 | | |
| EP025FD: Field Dissolved Oxygen | | | | | | |
| Dissolved Oxygen | | 0.01 | mg/L | 4.36 | | |

Page : 7 of 7 Work Order : EW2405719

Client : SHELLHARBOUR CITY COUNCIL
Project : Dunmore Quarterly Surface Water EPL



Inter-Laboratory Testing

Analysis conducted by ALS Sydney, NATA accreditation no. 825, site no. 10911 (Chemistry / Biology).

(WATER) EA045: Turbidity

(WATER) EP005: Total Organic Carbon (TOC) (WATER) EG020F: Dissolved Metals by ICP-MS (WATER) EG020T: Total Metals by ICP-MS

(WATER) EK057G: Nitrite as N by Discrete Analyser (WATER) EK058G: Nitrate as N by Discrete Analyser

(WATER) EK059G: Nitrite plus Nitrate as N (NOx) by Discrete Analyser

(WATER) EA025: Total Suspended Solids dried at 104 ± 2°C

(WATER) EK055G-NH4: Ammonium as N by DA $\,$

(WATER) EK055G: Ammonia as N by Discrete Analyser

(WATER) EN055: Ionic Balance

(WATER) ED045G: Chloride by Discrete Analyser

(WATER) ED041G: Sulfate (Turbidimetric) as SO4 2- by DA

(WATER) EK040P: Fluoride by PC Titrator (WATER) ED037P: Alkalinity by PC Titrator (WATER) ED093F: Dissolved Major Cations

(WATER) EA015: Total Dissolved Solids dried at 180 ± 5 °C



CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Work Order : EW2405722

Client : SHELLHARBOUR CITY COUNCIL Laboratory

Contact : Ryan Stirling

Address : LAMERTON HOUSE, LAMERTON CRESCENT

SHELL HARBOUR CITY CENTRE NSW, AUSTRALIA 2529

Telephone

Project : Dunmore Quarterly Leachate EPL

Order number : 147649

C-O-C number

Sampler : Robert DaLio

Site : DUNMORE LANDFILL TENDER

Quote number : EW24SHECIT0001 (RFT 2024/81) Tender

No. of samples received : 1 No. of samples analysed : 1 Page : 1 of 4

: Environmental Division NSW South Coast

Contact : Aneta Prosaroski

Address : 1/19 Ralph Black Dr, North Wollongong 2500 NSW Australia

Telephone : 02 42253125

Date Samples Received : 10-Dec-2024 14:25

Date Analysis Commenced : 10-Dec-2024

Issue Date · 19-Dec-2024 12:28



This report supersedes any previous report(s) with this reference. Results apply to the sample(s) as submitted, unless the sampling was conducted by ALS. This document shall not be reproduced, except in full.

This Certificate of Analysis contains the following information:

- General Comments
- Analytical Results

Additional information pertinent to this report will be found in the following separate attachments: Quality Control Report, QA/QC Compliance Assessment to assist with **Quality Review and Sample Receipt Notification.**

Signatories

This document has been electronically signed by the authorized signatories below. Electronic signing is carried out in compliance with procedures specified in 21 CFR Part 11.

Position Accreditation Category Signatories

Ankit Joshi Senior Chemist - Inorganics Sydney Inorganics, Smithfield, NSW Robert DaLio Sampler Laboratory - Wollongong, NSW

Page : 2 of 4
Work Order : EW2405722

Client : SHELLHARBOUR CITY COUNCIL
Project : Dunmore Quarterly Leachate EPL



General Comments

The analytical procedures used by ALS have been developed from established internationally recognised procedures such as those published by the USEPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are fully validated and are often at the client request.

Where moisture determination has been performed, results are reported on a dry weight basis.

Where a reported less than (<) result is higher than the LOR, this may be due to primary sample extract/digestate dilution and/or insufficient sample for analysis.

Where the LOR of a reported result differs from standard LOR, this may be due to high moisture content, insufficient sample (reduced weight employed) or matrix interference.

When sampling time information is not provided by the client, sampling dates are shown without a time component. In these instances, the time component has been assumed by the laboratory for processing purposes.

Where a result is required to meet compliance limits the associated uncertainty must be considered. Refer to the ALS Contract for details.

Key: CAS Number = CAS registry number from database maintained by Chemical Abstracts Services. The Chemical Abstracts Service is a division of the American Chemical Society.

LOR = Limit of reporting

- ^ = This result is computed from individual analyte detections at or above the level of reporting
- ø = ALS is not NATA accredited for these tests.
- ~ = Indicates an estimated value.
- EK057G: LOR raised for Nitrite due to sample matrix.
- pH performed by ALS Wollongong via in-house method EA005FD and EN67 PK.
- Electrical conductivity performed by ALS Wollongong via in-house method EA010FD and EN67 PK.
- Temperature performed by ALS Wollongong via in-house method EA116 and EN67 PK.
- Dissolved oxygen (DO) performed by ALS Wollongong via in-house method EP025FD and EN67 PK.
- All field analysis performed by ALS Wollongong were completed at the time of sampling.
- Sampling completed by ALS Wollongong in accordance with in-house sampling method EN/67.10 Wastewaters
- Sodium Adsorption Ratio (where reported): Where results for Na, Ca or Mg are <LOR, a concentration at half the reported LOR is incorporated into the SAR calculation. This represents a conservative approach for Na relative to the assumption that <LOR = zero concentration and a conservative approach for Ca & Mg relative to the assumption that <LOR is equivalent to the LOR concentration.
- ED045G: The presence of Thiocyanate, Thiosulfate and Sulfite can positively contribute to the chloride result, thereby may bias results higher than expected. Results should be scrutinised accordingly.

Page : 3 of 4
Work Order : EW2405722

Client : SHELLHARBOUR CITY COUNCIL
Project : Dunmore Quarterly Leachate EPL



| Sub-Matrix: WATER (Matrix: WATER) | | | Sample ID | Leachate LP1 | | |
|---|-------------|---|----------------|-------------------|------|------|
| | | Sampli | ng date / time | 10-Dec-2024 00:00 | | |
| Compound | CAS Number | LOR | Unit | EW2405722-001 | | |
| | | | | Result | | |
| EA005FD: Field pH | | | | | | |
| pH | | 0.1 | pH Unit | 8.1 | | |
| EA010FD: Field Conductivity | | | | | | |
| Electrical Conductivity (Non Compensated) | | 1 | μS/cm | 10400 | | |
| EA116: Temperature | | | | | | |
| Temperature | | 0.1 | °C | 24.4 | | |
| ED037P: Alkalinity by PC Titrator | | | | | | |
| Hydroxide Alkalinity as CaCO3 | DMO-210-001 | 1 | mg/L | <1 | | |
| Carbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3 | 3812-32-6 | 1 | mg/L | <1 | | |
| Bicarbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3 | 71-52-3 | 1 | mg/L | 206 | | |
| Total Alkalinity as CaCO3 | | 1 | mg/L | 206 | | |
| ED041G: Sulfate (Turbidimetric) as SO4 | 2- by DA | a de la companya de | | | | |
| Sulfate as SO4 - Turbidimetric | 14808-79-8 | 1 | mg/L | 173 | | |
| ED045G: Chloride by Discrete Analyser | | | | | | |
| Chloride | 16887-00-6 | 1 | mg/L | 1590 | | |
| ED093F: Dissolved Major Cations | | | | | | |
| Calcium | 7440-70-2 | 1 | mg/L | 124 | | |
| Potassium | 7440-09-7 | 1 | mg/L | 350 | | |
| EG020T: Total Metals by ICP-MS | | | | | | |
| Manganese | 7439-96-5 | 0.001 | mg/L | 0.689 | | |
| Iron | 7439-89-6 | 0.05 | mg/L | 1.79 | | |
| EK040P: Fluoride by PC Titrator | | | | | | |
| Fluoride | 16984-48-8 | 0.1 | mg/L | 0.4 | | |
| EK055G: Ammonia as N by Discrete Ana | alyser | | | | | |
| Ammonia as N | 7664-41-7 | 0.01 | mg/L | 0.57 | | |
| EK057G: Nitrite as N by Discrete Analys | ser | -1 | | | | |
| Nitrite as N | 14797-65-0 | 0.01 | mg/L | <0.10 | | |
| EK058G: Nitrate as N by Discrete Analy | ser | | | | | |

Page : 4 of 4 Work Order : EW2405722

Client : SHELLHARBOUR CITY COUNCIL
Project : Dunmore Quarterly Leachate EPL



Analytical Results

| Sub-Matrix: WATER (Matrix: WATER) | | | Sample ID | Leachate LP1 | | | |
|---|-----------------|--------|----------------|-------------------|------|---------|--|
| | | Sampli | ng date / time | 10-Dec-2024 00:00 | | | |
| Compound | CAS Number | LOR | Unit | EW2405722-001 | | | |
| | | | | Result | | | |
| EK058G: Nitrate as N by Discrete Analys | ser - Continued | | | | | | |
| Nitrate as N | 14797-55-8 | 0.01 | mg/L | 739 | | | |
| EK059G: Nitrite plus Nitrate as N (NOx) | by Discrete Ana | lyser | | | | | |
| Nitrite + Nitrate as N | | 0.01 | mg/L | 739 | | | |
| EP005: Total Organic Carbon (TOC) | | | | | | | |
| Total Organic Carbon | | 1 | mg/L | 474 | | | |
| EP025FD: Field Dissolved Oxygen | | | | | | | |
| Dissolved Oxygen | | 0.01 | mg/L | 7.89 | | | |
| Dissolved Oxygen - % Saturation | | 0.1 | % saturation | 98.6 | | | |

Inter-Laboratory Testing

Analysis conducted by ALS Sydney, NATA accreditation no. 825, site no. 10911 (Chemistry / Biology).

(WATER) ED093F: Dissolved Major Cations (WATER) EP005: Total Organic Carbon (TOC)

(WATER) EK055G: Ammonia as N by Discrete Analyser

(WATER) EG020T: Total Metals by ICP-MS

(WATER) EK057G: Nitrite as N by Discrete Analyser (WATER) EK058G: Nitrate as N by Discrete Analyser

(WATER) EK059G: Nitrite plus Nitrate as N (NOx) by Discrete Analyser

(WATER) ED045G: Chloride by Discrete Analyser (WATER) ED037P: Alkalinity by PC Titrator (WATER) EK040P: Fluoride by PC Titrator

(WATER) ED041G: Sulfate (Turbidimetric) as SO4 2- by DA



Appendix C: Laboratory Chain of Custody (COC) & Certificates of Analysis (COA) – Dust Samples

| Shellharbour City Council MOBILE: Shellharbour City Council MOBILE: Shellharbour City Council MOBILE: Shellharbour RLS OLOTE # WO/030/19 TENDER Client PL (thlank) Dummore Dust Financial@Shellharbour.nsw.gov.au, Glenn.holdenshellharbour.nsw.gov.au, Mitchell.copasshellharbour.nsw.gov.au, lab@enrs.com.au Mitchell.copasshellharbour.nsw.gov.au, Glenn.holdenshellharbour.nsw.gov.au, holdenshellharbour.nsw.gov.au, nsw.gov.au, lab@enrs.com.au Mitchell.copasshellharbour.nsw.gov.au, lab@enrs.com.au Mitchell.copasshellharbour.nsw.gov.au Mitchell.copassh | | SAMPLER: | SAMPLED BY ALS | | |
|--|--|---|---|--------------------------------|--|
| Shellharbour City Council MOBILE: Shellharbour (Client P. If blank) Dunmore Dust Financial@shellharbour.nsw.gov.au, Glenn.holdenshellharbour. Ryan.stirlingshellharbour.nsw.gov.au, Glenn.holdenshellharbour. Mitchell.copasshellharbour.nsw.gov.au, Glenn.holdenshellharbour. Mitchell.copasshellharbour.nsw.gov.au, Glenn.holdenshellharbour. Mitchell.copasshellharbour.nsw.gov.au, Glenn.holdenshellharbour. Standard Storage | | | | | |
| Shellharbour Client PL if blank Client PL if blank Einancial@shellharbour.nsw.gov.au, Glenn.holdenshellharbour. Financial@shellharbour.nsw.gov.au, Glenn.holdenshellharbour. Mitchell.copasshellharbour.nsw.gov.au, Glenn.holdenshellharbour. Mitchell.copasshellharbour.nsw.gov.au, Glenn.holdenshellharbour. Mitchell.copasshellharbour.nsw.gov.au, Glenn.holdenshellharbour. Mitchell.copasshellharbour.nsw.gov.au, Glenn.holdenshellharbour. Mitchell.copasshellharbour.nsw.gov.au, Glenn.holdenshellharbour. Mitchell.copasshellharbour.nsw.gov.au, Glenn.holdenshellharbour. Please check box. Please check box. | | SAMPLER MOBILE: | 02 4225 3125 | CoC #: (if applicable) | (ALS) |
| Dunmore Dust Financial@shellharbour.nsw.gov.au, Glenn.holdenshellharbour. Mitchell.copasshellharbour.nsw.gov.au, Glenn.holdenshellharbour. Mitchell.copasshellharbour.nsw.gov.au, Glenn.holdenshellharbour. Please check box. Check box. □ Extended Storage intens of specify of specify of specify of specify of specify of specify information. Disposal Date: a signed sgreement. □ Sample ID Depth Date/Time | | PURCHASE ORDER NO.: | 156810 | | |
| Financial@shellharbour.nsw.gov.au, Glenn.holdenshellharbour. Ryan.stirlingshellharbour.nsw.gov.au, Glenn.holdenshellharbour. Mitchell.copasshellharbour.nsw.gov.au, lab@enrs.com. Mitchell.copasshellharbour.nsw.gov.au, lab@enrs.com. Standard Storage **TURNAROUND** **TURNAROUND** **Plesse theck box. Specify Specify Contact Client Services for more information) Contact Client Services for more information Contact | | SITE: | Dunmore | | |
| Ryan.stirlingshellharbour.nsw.gov.au, Glenn.holdenshellharbour. Mitchell.copasshellharbour.nsw.gov.au, lab@enrs.com. REQUIREMENTS Check box. This specify of specify briting specify brit | | | | CC Invoice to BIOSE | BIOSECURITY |
| RECUIREMENTS Standard Storage * TURNAROUND Please check box. ⇒ time from receipt of Specify Disposal Date: - Tondard Storage (Not all tests can be expedited, contact Client Services for more information) requires a signed agreement. Sample ID Depth Date/Time | Where Me | *ANALY: B. ALS Quote No. and/or Analysis Suite lals are required, specify Total (unfiltered | *ANALYSIS REQUIRED (NB. ALS Quote No. and/or Analysis Suite Codes must be listed to ettract suite/quoted price) Where Whats are required, specify Trah (unfaitered bothe required) or Disposited (field of finetee bothe required). | Countr (if no | i |
| Depth Date/Time No. 19.19.14. | | | | | Wollongong Work Order Reference EW2405755 |
| Depth Date/Time Notities Notities | P, CM TIS) Water(W) Sediments | | | - etephone : 02 42253125 | 3126 |
| 10.11. | (SB), Dust (BS) | | | (additional (Comment or Dup MS | Additional Information (Comment on hazards - e.g., asbestos, known high contamination) |
| 4.1 | × | | | | |
| DDG2 2: ♦ 1 | × | | | | |
| 1 (1.77) 1 | × | | | | |
| DDG4 8.401. | × | | - | | |
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| | | | | | 9 |
| Chilling Ice: Ice Bricks: Sample Sample Works Town Nelted Frozen / Thawed Norws Receipt Co. | Security Seal Intact Yes / No (circle) | Carrier Details Con Note # | Courier/Post | Client Packaging: Hard Esky | Foam Esky Box/Bag/Other# |
| John Signature: W | . The Rece | | Arch Signatura | Bate/ Time: | 10/12/24 |
| Reimquished by: Signature: Date/ Time: | Rece | Received by: | Signature | Date/ Time: | |



CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Work Order : **EW2405755**

Client : SHELLHARBOUR CITY COUNCIL

Contact : Ryan Stirling

Address : LAMERTON HOUSE, LAMERTON CRESCENT

SHELL HARBOUR CITY CENTRE NSW, AUSTRALIA 2529

Telephone : ---

Project : Dunmore Landfill Dust

Order number : 166321

C-O-C number ; ----

Sampler : Robert DaLio

Site : DUNMORE LANDFILL TENDER

Quote number : EW24SHECIT0001 (RFT 2024/81) Tender

No. of samples received : 4
No. of samples analysed : 4

Page : 1 of 3

Laboratory : Environmental Division NSW South Coast

Contact : Aneta Prosaroski

Address : 1/19 Ralph Black Dr, North Wollongong 2500 NSW Australia

Telephone : 02 42253125

Date Samples Received : 10-Dec-2024 14:31

Date Analysis Commenced : 16-Dec-2024

Issue Date : 19-Dec-2024 11:12



This report supersedes any previous report(s) with this reference. Results apply to the sample(s) as submitted, unless the sampling was conducted by ALS. This document shall not be reproduced, except in full.

This Certificate of Analysis contains the following information:

- General Comments
- Analytical Results

Additional information pertinent to this report will be found in the following separate attachments: Quality Control Report, QA/QC Compliance Assessment to assist with Quality Review and Sample Receipt Notification.

Signatories

This document has been electronically signed by the authorized signatories below. Electronic signing is carried out in compliance with procedures specified in 21 CFR Part 11.

Signatories Position Accreditation Category

Thomas Regan Laboratory Technician Newcastle - Inorganics, Mayfield West, NSW

Page : 2 of 3 Work Order : EW2405755

Client : SHELLHARBOUR CITY COUNCIL

Project : Dunmore Landfill Dust

General Comments

The analytical procedures used by ALS have been developed from established internationally recognised procedures such as those published by the USEPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are fully validated and are often at the client request.

Where moisture determination has been performed, results are reported on a dry weight basis.

Where a reported less than (<) result is higher than the LOR, this may be due to primary sample extract/digestate dilution and/or insufficient sample for analysis.

Where the LOR of a reported result differs from standard LOR, this may be due to high moisture content, insufficient sample (reduced weight employed) or matrix interference.

When sampling time information is not provided by the client, sampling dates are shown without a time component. In these instances, the time component has been assumed by the laboratory for processing purposes.

Where a result is required to meet compliance limits the associated uncertainty must be considered. Refer to the ALS Contract for details.

Key: CAS Number = CAS registry number from database maintained by Chemical Abstracts Services. The Chemical Abstracts Service is a division of the American Chemical Society.

LOR = Limit of reporting

- ^ = This result is computed from individual analyte detections at or above the level of reporting
- ø = ALS is not NATA accredited for these tests.
- ~ = Indicates an estimated value.
- Dust analysis as per AS3580.10.1-2016. Samples passed through a 1mm sieve prior to analysis. NATA accreditation does not apply for results reported in deposition units e.g., g/m².mth where the sampling procedure is not NATA accredited.
- Sample exposure period is outside the typical exposure period of 30 +/- 2 days as per AS3580.10.1/AS3580.10.2
- Sampling completed by ALS Wollongong in accordance with in-house sampling method EN/66.1 Sampling and Siting of Dust Deposition Gauges.
- The dust gauges for samples 001, 003 and 004 were full when received by the laboratory. They may have overflowed in the field. Results for these gauges are thus reported on an 'as received' basis. No algaecide correction has been applied to EA139 Soluble Matter or EA142 Total Solids results (where applicable).
- For dust analysis, the Limit of Reporting (LOR) referenced in the reports for deposited matter parameters represents the reporting increment rather than reporting limit.

0----

| Sub-Matrix: DEPOSITIONAL DUST | | | Sample ID | DDG1 | DDG2 | DDG3 | DDG4 | |
|-------------------------------|------------|--------|----------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|
| (Matrix: AIR) | | | | 01/11/2024 - | 01/11/2024 - | 01/11/2024 - | 01/11/2024 - | |
| | | | | 10/12/2024 | 10/12/2024 | 10/12/2024 | 10/12/2024 | |
| | | Sampli | ng date / time | 10-Dec-2024 12:15 | 10-Dec-2024 12:10 | 10-Dec-2024 11:27 | 10-Dec-2024 08:40 | |
| Compound | CAS Number | LOR | Unit | EW2405755-001 | EW2405755-002 | EW2405755-003 | EW2405755-004 | |
| | | | | Result | Result | Result | Result | |
| EA120: Ash Content | | | | | | | | |
| Ash Content | | 0.1 | g/m².month | 0.5 | 0.2 | 0.8 | 4.3 | |
| Ash Content (mg) | | 2 | mg | 11 | 5 | 21 | 101 | |
| EA125: Combustible Matter | 1 11 3 | -1 | | | | | | |
| Combustible Matter | | 0.1 | g/m².month | 1.4 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 2.4 | |
| Combustible Matter (mg) | | 2 | mg | 34 | 9 | 13 | 58 | |
| EA141: Total Insoluble Matter | | | | | | | | |
| Total Insoluble Matter | | 0.1 | g/m².month | 1.9 | 0.5 | 1.2 | 6.7 | |
| Total Insoluble Matter (mg) | | 2 | mg | 45 | 14 | 34 | 159 | |



Page : 3 of 3 Work Order : EW2405755

Client : SHELLHARBOUR CITY COUNCIL

Project : Dunmore Landfill Dust

Inter-Laboratory Testing

Analysis conducted by ALS Newcastle, NATA accreditation no. 825, site no. 1656 (Chemistry / Biology).

(AIR) EA125: Combustible Matter

(AIR) EA120: Ash Content

(AIR) EA141: Total Insoluble Matter





Appendix D: Surface Gas (Methane) Field Sheets

ENFM (204/17) Relinquished by: Receipt Detail (Lab Use ONLY) ALS Use Only Lab ID elinquished by: *EMAIL
REPORTS TO:
(default to PM if
blank) PROJECT Dunmore Quarterly Surface Methane Testing OFFICE: (Invoiced Office) CLIENT CODE (client default if nil) *INVOICE TO: Standard Storage time from receipt of * STORAGE REQUIREMENTS *CLIENT: Waters - 3 weeks Soils - 2 months Please check box. samples: Michae **Mandatory Fields** Frozen / Melted Financial@shellharbour.nsw.gov.au **Shellharbour City Council** ice: Shellharbour Ryan.stirlingshellharbour.nsw.gov.au, Glenn.holdenshellharbour.nsw.gov.au, Mathane SHECIT Sample ID Specify Disposal Date: Note: Extended storage incurs a fee and requires a signed agreement. Mitchell.copasshellharbour.nsw.gov.au, lab@enrs.com.au Frozen / Thawed Ice Bricks: Extended Storage Standard Storage Signature: ALS QUOTE # (Client PL if blank) *PROJECT MANAGER: MOBILE: 35 Temp at (Not all tests can be expedited, contact Client Services for more *PM Depth TURNAROUND Please check box コード ô Date/Time 2 WO/030/19 TENDER Ryan Stirling 2 day (+30%) 1 day (+50%) Date/ Time: Date/ Time: 3 day (+15%) 5+ days (no surcharge) No. 7112 Bottles MATRIX: Soil/Solid(\$) Water(W) Sediments (\$D), Dust (D), Product (P), Biota (B), Biosolid (B\$) CHAIN OF CUSTODY アプス Form Page 1 of 1 *ANALYSIS REQUIRED

[NB ALS Quote No. and/or Analysis Suite Codes must be listed to attract suke/quoted price)

[NB ALS Outer No. and/or Analysis Suite Codes must be listed to attract suke/quoted price)

Where Metals are required, specify fool fundinged bothe required) or Dissolved (field differed bothe required).

Merk an X in the boxes below analysis to indicate the parameter listed above to be tested on that sample. Yes **Surface Mthane** Received by: Received by: No / PURCHASE ORDER NO.: NA(None) SAMPLER: SAMPLER MOBILE: べてのも Con Note # SAMPLED BY ALS 02 4225 3125 Courier/Post Dunmore 156810 Signature Signature CC Invoice to PM Client Dup (additional bottles req.) Mollangong Work Order Reference EW2405973 Page_ Country of Origin: Lab QC Environmental Division CoC #: (if applicable) NS TF: 324296018 <u>o</u>f (Comment on hazards - e.g., asbestos, known high contamination) Hard Esky BIOSECURITY Date/ Time: Date/ Time: Additional Information 12/2/ Foam Esky Box/Bag/Other

Approved Date: 13/02/2024

| Decision | | | | ALS Land | Ifill Emissions Re | eport | ALS) |
|--|---------------------|-------|-----------|----------|--------------------|-------------------------------------|------|
| | | | Council | | | | |
| | Transact / Location | Point | GPS North | GPS East | CH4 Conc (ppm) | Comments | |
| | А | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | В | 1 | 6168 216 | 302 439 | 0.0 | | |
| 1 | В | 2 | 6168 231 | 302 442 | 0.0 | | |
| 1 | В | 3 | 6168 249 | 302 442 | 0.0 | | |
| C 1000 405 200 305 201 305 3 | В | 4 | 6168 268 | 302 444 | 0.0 | | |
| C 2 9 999 391 392 392 392 493 493 493 493 493 493 493 493 493 493 | В | 5 | 6168 288 | 302 442 | 0.1 | | |
| C 2 1 999 379 329 372 373 374 374 374 374 374 374 374 374 374 | | | 0400 405 | 200 005 | 0.5 | | |
| C 3 099 300 320 492 495 595 695 695 695 695 695 695 695 695 6 | | 1 | | | | | - |
| C | | 3 | | | | | |
| C = 600 206 | | 4 | | | | | |
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| Columbia | | | | | | | |
| C 12 6109 029 | | | | | | | |
| C 13 6166 008 302 302 303 304 305 30 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | T. | 1 | 1 | T | |
| F 1 6198 332 NOACCESS / ROCKED OFF STOCKPLES 0 1 1 6198 407 392 347 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | D | 1 | 6168 | 302 | 1 | INO ACCESS / BLOCKED OFF STOCKPILES | |
| F 1 6198 332 NOACCESS / ROCKED OFF STOCKPLES 0 1 1 6198 407 392 347 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | F | 1 | 6168 | 302 | L. | NO ACCESS / BLOCKED OFF STOCKPILES | |
| C 1 1 648 447 552 345 00 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | | | | | T | | |
| G | F | 1 | 6168 | 302 | 1 | NO ACCESS / BLOCKED OFF STOCKPILES | |
| G | 0 | | 0400 447 | 202 247 | 0.4 | | |
| G 4 6186 406 302 250 0.0 H 2 6186 264 302 255 0.0 H 3 6186 255 302 584 0.0 H 4 6186 251 302 584 0.0 H 5 6186 252 302 584 0.0 H 6 6186 252 302 584 0.0 H 7 6186 170 302 585 1.0 H 8 7 6186 170 302 585 1.0 H 9 8 10 6186 252 302 584 0.0 H 10 6186 252 302 584 0.0 H 10 6186 254 302 575 1.1 H 11 6186 114 302 585 0.0 H 11 6186 114 302 585 0.0 H 12 6186 126 302 585 0.0 H 13 6186 252 302 585 0.0 H 14 6186 252 302 585 0.0 H 15 6186 268 302 585 0.0 H 17 6186 114 302 586 0.0 H 17 6186 114 302 586 0.0 H 18 10 6186 251 302 585 0.0 H 19 10 6186 251 302 585 0.0 H 10 6186 252 0.0 H 10 6186 253 0.0 H 10 6186 254 0.0 H 10 6186 254 0.0 H 10 6186 255 0.0 H 10 6186 256 0.0 H 10 6186 25 | | 2 | | | | | |
| | | 3 | | | | | |
| | G | 4 | 6168 406 | 302 250 | 0.0 | | |
| | н | 1 | 6168 394 | 302 557 | 0.0 | | |
| H | н | 2 | | | | | |
| N | н | 3 | | 302 548 | | | |
| | - 1 | 4 | | | | | |
| N | | 5 | | | | | |
| H | | 7 | | | | | |
| H 10 6168 072 302 585 0.0 H 11 6168 114 302 526 0.0 H 12 6168 159 302 522 0.0 H 13 6168 203 322 20 0.0 H 14 6162 27 302 522 0.0 H 15 6168 468 303 302 490 0.0 H 16 6168 471 302 206 0.0 H 17 6168 414 302 246 0.0 H 18 6168 414 302 246 0.0 H 19 6169 414 302 246 0.0 H 19 6169 374 302 208 0.0 H 20 6168 309 302 137 0.0 H 20 6168 309 302 137 0.0 H 21 6168 208 302 209 0.0 H 22 6168 208 302 209 0.0 H 23 6168 208 302 209 0.0 H 24 6168 199 302 207 0.0 H 25 6168 100 302 207 0.0 H 36 6168 100 302 207 0.0 H 37 6168 100 302 207 0.0 H 38 6168 100 302 207 0.0 H 39 6168 100 302 207 0.0 H 30 6168 309 302 209 31 0.0 H 30 6168 309 302 209 309 300 309 300 309 300 309 300 309 300 309 300 300 | н | 8 | 6168 123 | 301 624 | 0.1 | | |
| H 11 6168 114 302 558 0.0 H 12 6168 158 302 532 0.0 H 13 6168 237 302 532 0.0 H 14 6168 287 302 532 0.0 H 15 6168 486 302 349 0.0 H 16 6168 486 302 349 0.0 H 17 6168 436 302 287 0.0 H 18 6168 446 302 287 0.0 H 19 6168 337 302 557 0.0 H 19 6168 339 302 167 0.0 H 20 6168 339 302 168 0.0 H 21 6168 23 302 99 0.0 H 22 6168 23 302 99 0.0 H 23 6168 23 302 99 0.0 H 24 6168 190 302 177 0.0 H 25 6168 100 302 144 0.0 H 26 6169 686 302 2073 0.0 H 27 6168 308 302 142 6.0 H 30 6169 588 302 142 6.4 H 30 6169 588 302 143 1.0 H 30 6169 588 302 144 6.4 H 30 6169 588 302 145 1.2 H 30 6169 588 302 142 6.4 H 30 6169 588 302 142 6.4 H 30 6169 588 302 142 6.4 H 30 6169 588 302 143 1.2 H 30 6169 588 302 144 6.4 H 30 6169 588 302 145 6.4 H 30 6169 588 302 145 6.4 H 30 6169 588 302 145 6.4 H 30 6169 588 302 144 6.4 H 30 6169 589 302 144 6.4 H 30 6169 585 302 144 6 | | | | | | | |
| H 12 6168 158 302 532 0.0 H 13 6168 203 302 532 0.0 H 14 6168 287 302 532 0.0 H 15 6168 486 302 349 0.0 H 16 6168 486 302 349 0.0 H 17 6168 436 302 287 0.0 H 17 6168 436 302 287 0.0 H 18 6168 6163 302 287 0.0 H 19 6168 339 302 288 0.0 H 19 6168 339 302 188 0.0 H 20 6168 339 302 188 0.0 H 22 6168 283 302 099 0.0 H 23 6168 283 302 099 0.0 H 24 6168 309 302 187 0.0 H 25 6168 309 302 187 0.0 H 27 6168 309 302 187 0.0 H 28 6168 288 302 079 0.0 H 29 6168 288 302 079 0.0 H 20 6168 309 302 187 0.0 H 21 6168 288 302 079 0.0 H 22 6168 288 302 079 0.0 H 23 6168 288 302 079 0.0 H 32 6168 288 302 079 0.0 H 33 6168 680 302 182 0.0 H 30 6167 698 302 182 0.0 H 31 6167 698 302 182 0.0 H 32 6167 698 302 182 0.0 H 33 6167 698 302 182 0.0 H 34 6167 690 302 288 0.0 H 35 6167 691 302 289 31 12 2 0.4 H 36 6167 670 302 303 304 0.9 H 37 6167 681 302 447 2.8 H 38 6167 681 302 447 2.8 H 39 6167 681 302 447 2.8 H 39 6167 681 302 447 2.8 H 30 6167 681 302 447 2.8 H 31 6168 151 302 428 0.0 H 32 6168 151 302 428 0.0 H 33 6168 151 302 428 0.0 H 4 6168 151 302 428 0.0 H 4 6168 151 302 428 0.0 | | | | | | | |
| H 14 6168 287 302 532 0.0 H 15 6168 486 302 349 0.0 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C | | | | | | | |
| H 15 6168 486 302 349 0.0 0 1 1 1 6168 471 302 308 0.0 0 1 1 1 6168 471 302 308 0.0 0 1 1 1 1 6168 471 302 308 0.0 0 1 1 1 1 6168 471 302 308 0.0 0 1 1 1 1 6168 474 302 245 0.0 0 1 1 1 1 6168 474 302 245 0.0 0 1 1 1 1 6168 374 302 208 0.0 0 1 1 1 1 6168 374 302 208 0.0 0 1 1 1 1 6168 374 302 208 0.0 0 1 1 1 1 6168 379 302 102 108 0.0 0 1 1 1 1 6168 379 302 102 108 0.0 0 1 1 1 1 6168 379 302 102 103 0.0 0 1 1 1 1 6168 475 302 102 103 0.0 0 1 1 1 1 6168 475 302 102 103 0.0 0 1 1 1 1 6168 145 302 475 302 103 0.0 0 1 1 1 1 6168 145 302 475 302 102 103 0.0 0 1 1 1 1 6168 145 302 475 302 102 103 0.0 0 1 1 1 1 6168 145 302 475 302 102 103 0.0 0 1 1 1 1 6168 145 302 475 302 102 103 0.0 0 1 1 1 1 6168 145 302 102 103 0.0 0 1 1 1 1 6168 145 302 102 103 0.0 0 1 1 1 1 6168 145 302 102 103 0.0 0 1 1 1 1 6168 145 302 102 103 0.0 0 1 1 1 1 6168 145 302 102 103 0.0 0 1 1 1 1 6168 145 302 102 103 0.0 0 1 1 1 1 6168 145 302 102 103 0.0 0 1 1 1 1 6168 145 302 102 103 0.0 0 1 1 1 1 6168 145 302 102 103 0.0 0 1 1 1 1 6168 145 302 102 103 0.0 0 1 1 1 1 6168 145 302 102 103 0.0 0 1 1 1 1 6168 151 302 128 0.0 0 1 1 1 1 1 6168 151 302 128 0.0 0 1 1 1 1 1 6168 151 302 128 0.0 0 1 1 1 1 1 6168 151 302 128 0.0 0 1 1 1 1 1 6168 151 302 128 0.0 0 1 1 1 1 1 6168 151 302 128 0.0 0 1 1 1 1 1 6168 151 302 128 0.0 0 1 1 1 1 1 6168 151 302 128 0.0 0 1 1 1 1 1 6168 151 302 128 0.0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 6168 151 302 128 0.0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 6168 151 302 128 0.0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | | 13 | | 302 520 | 0.0 | | |
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| H 17 6188 436 302 287 0.0 0 H 18 6188 414 302 245 0.0 0 H 19 6188 374 302 208 0.0 0 H 20 6188 339 302 188 0.0 0 H 21 6188 309 302 188 0.0 0 H 22 6188 263 302 269 0.0 0 H 23 6188 263 302 269 0.0 0 H 24 6188 199 302 176 0.0 0 H 25 6188 190 302 176 0.0 0 H 27 6188 055 302 1076 0.0 0 H 28 6188 190 302 178 0.0 0 H 29 6187 988 302 142 64 0 H 29 6187 988 302 142 64 0 H 30 6167 942 302 193 94 0 H 31 6167 873 302 304 0.7 0 H 32 6167 873 302 304 0.7 0 H 33 6167 873 302 304 0.7 0 H 34 6167 875 302 304 0.7 0 H 35 6167 897 302 406 0.0 0 H 38 6167 981 302 447 24 0.1 0 H 37 6167 897 302 406 0.0 0 H 38 6167 981 302 447 24 0.1 0 H 37 6167 897 302 406 0.0 0 H 38 6167 981 302 447 24 0.1 0 H 37 6167 897 302 406 0.0 0 H 38 6167 981 302 449 0.0 0.0 0 H 38 6167 897 302 406 0.0 0.0 0 H 38 6167 891 302 406 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0 | | | | | | | |
| H 19 6168 374 302 208 0.0 H 20 6168 339 302 168 0.0 H 21 6168 309 302 137 0.0 H 22 6168 233 302 099 0.0 H 23 6168 236 302 079 0.0 H 24 6168 189 302 076 0.0 H 25 6168 120 302 148 0.0 H 26 6168 066 302 073 0.0 H 27 6168 035 302 165 0.7 H 28 6167 988 302 142 6.4 H 29 6167 988 302 142 6.4 H 30 6167 942 302 133 8.4 H 31 6167 890 302 249 3.1 H 32 6167 870 302 320 0.9 H 33 6167 873 302 364 0.7 H 34 6167 884 302 423 0.1 H 35 6167 884 302 427 2.4 H 36 6167 891 302 447 2.4 H 37 6167 887 302 466 0.0 H 38 6167 891 302 447 2.4 H 37 6167 887 302 466 0.0 H 38 6167 891 302 447 2.4 H 37 6167 887 302 466 0.0 H 38 6167 891 302 429 0.0 | н | | | | | | |
| H 20 6168 339 302 168 0.0 H 21 6168 309 302 137 0.0 H 22 6168 263 302 099 0.0 H 23 6168 263 302 079 0.0 H 24 6168 189 302 076 0.0 H 25 6168 120 302 148 0.0 H 26 6168 066 302 073 0.0 H 27 6168 035 302 105 0.7 H 28 6167 988 302 142 6.4 H 29 6167 988 302 142 6.4 H 30 6167 982 302 183 9.4 H 31 6167 890 302 249 31 H 32 6167 870 302 300 0.9 H 33 6167 875 302 304 0.9 H 34 6167 875 302 304 0.9 H 35 6167 884 302 423 0.1 H 36 6167 881 302 427 2.4 H 37 6167 981 302 427 2.4 H 38 6167 881 302 466 0.0 H 38 6167 881 302 169 0.0 | н | 18 | 6168 414 | 302 245 | | | |
| H 21 6168 309 302 137 0.0 H 22 6168 283 302 099 0.0 H 23 6168 236 302 079 0.0 H 24 6168 189 302 1076 0.0 H 25 6168 120 302 148 0.0 H 26 6168 066 302 073 0.0 H 27 6168 035 302 105 0.7 H 28 6167 998 302 142 6.4 H 29 6167 998 302 148 12.2 H 30 6167 670 302 320 09 H 32 6167 873 302 320 09 H 33 6167 873 302 344 0.7 H 34 6167 891 302 447 2.4 H 35 6167 891 302 447 2.4 H 36 6167 991 302 490 0.0 H 38 6167 991 302 490 0.0 H 38 6167 991 302 490 0.0 | | | | | | | |
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| H 26 6188 066 302 073 0.0 H 27 6188 005 302 105 0.7 H 28 6167 988 302 142 6.4 H 29 6167 988 302 188 12.2 H 30 6167 942 302 193 9.4 H 31 6167 890 302 249 3.1 H 32 6167 870 302 320 0.9 H 33 6167 875 302 384 0.7 H 35 6167 884 302 423 0.1 H 36 6167 891 302 447 2.4 H 37 6167 891 302 447 2.4 H 38 6167 891 302 469 0.0 | | | | | | | |
| H 27 6168 035 302 105 0.7 H 28 6167 998 302 142 6.4 H 29 6167 998 302 188 12.2 H 30 6167 942 302 193 9.4 H 31 6167 890 302 249 3.1 H 32 6167 870 302 320 0.9 H 33 6167 873 302 364 0.7 H 34 6167 875 302 384 0.9 H 35 6167 884 302 423 0.1 H 36 6167 891 302 447 2.4 H 37 6167 891 302 447 2.4 H 38 6167 981 302 449 0.0 H 38 6167 981 302 489 0.0 H 38 6167 981 302 490 0.0 I 6168 145 302 102 0.1 I 6168 145 302 102 0.1 I 6168 145 302 128 0.0 I 4 6168 174 302 235 0.0 | | | | | | | |
| H 28 6167 998 302 142 6.4 H 29 6167 998 302 168 12.2 H 30 6167 942 302 163 9.4 H 31 6167 890 302 249 3.1 H 32 6167 870 302 320 0.9 H 33 6167 873 302 364 0.7 H 34 6167 875 302 384 0.9 H 35 6167 884 302 423 0.1 H 36 6167 891 302 447 2.4 H 37 6167 891 302 447 0.0 H 38 6167 981 302 449 0.0 H 38 6167 981 302 490 0.0 I 6168 145 302 102 0.1 I 6168 145 302 102 0.1 I 6168 145 302 102 0.1 I 4 6168 151 302 128 0.0 I 4 6168 174 302 235 0.0 | | | | | | | |
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| H 31 6167 890 302 249 3.1 H 32 6167 870 302 320 0.9 H 33 6167 873 302 364 0.7 H 34 6167 875 302 384 0.9 H 35 6167 884 302 423 0.1 H 36 6167 891 302 447 2.4 H 37 6167 897 302 466 0.0 H 38 6167 881 302 490 0.0 I 1 6168 145 302 102 0.1 I 2 6168 151 302 168 0.0 I 3 6168 159 302 168 0.0 I 4 6168 174 302 235 0.0 | Н | | | | | | |
| H 32 6167 870 302 320 09 H 33 6167 873 302 384 07 H 34 6167 875 302 384 09 H 35 6167 884 302 423 01 H 36 6167 891 302 447 2.4 H 37 6167 897 302 466 0.0 H 38 6167 981 302 490 0.0 I 1 1 6168 145 302 102 01 I 2 6168 151 302 128 0.0 I 3 6168 154 302 235 0.0 | H | | | | | | |
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| 2 6168 151 302 128 0.0 | Н | | | | | | |
| 2 6168 151 302 128 0.0 | | | | | | | |
| 1 3 6168 159 302 168 0.0 1 4 6168 174 302 235 0.0 | 1 | 1 | | | | | |
| 1 4 6168 174 302 235 0,0 | | 2 | | | | | |
| | 1 | 4 | | | | | - |
| | | | | | | | |
| J 1 6168 333 302 207 0.0 J 2 6168 310 302 215 0.0 | J | 1 | | | | | |

| | <u></u> | | _ | |
|------------------------------|------------|----------|------|--|
| J | 3 6168 271 | 302 228 | 0.0 | |
| .1 | 4 6167 246 | 302 237 | 0.1 | |
| | 5 6167 212 | 302 249 | 0.0 | |
| 3 | 3 0107 212 | 302 240 | 0.0 | |
| к | 1 6169 522 | | | |
| | 1 0100 353 | 302 415 | 0.0 | |
| K | 2 6168 552 | 302 461 | 0.0 | |
| к | 3 6168 591 | 302 422 | 0.1 | |
| к | 4 6168 565 | 302 369 | 0.0 | |
| к | 5 6168 543 | 302 375 | 0.0 | |
| | | | | |
| L | 1 6168 736 | 302 328 | 0.0 | |
| L | 2 6168 701 | 302 304 | 0.0 | |
| L | 3 6168 671 | 302 276 | 0.0 | |
| L | 4 6168 631 | 302 245 | 0.0 | |
| L | 5 6168 597 | 302 228 | 0.1 | |
| L | 6 6168 553 | 302 178 | 0.0 | |
| | | | | |
| Compressor Shed | 1 | | 6.5 | |
| Office | 1 | | 0.0 | |
| Community Recycling Centre | 1 | | 0.0 | |
| OLD Weighbridge | 1 | | 0.4 | |
| OLD Weighbridge Toilet | 1 | | 16.3 | |
| Revolve Shop | 1 | | 0.0 | |
| Building Truckwash | 1 | | 0.0 | |
| New Weighbridge | 1 | | 0.0 | |
| | | <u>-</u> | | |
| | | | | |
| Methane Blank (Pre testing) | | | 0.0 | Taken at entrance to Dunmore site before main gate |
| Methane Blank (Post testing) | | | 0.0 | Taken at entrance to Dunmore site before main gate |

Comments

Sampling performed in accordance to EPA Environmental Guidelines Solid Waste Landfills, Second Edition, 2016 Gas concentrations are reported as raw values without correction for background concentration.



Appendix E:
Laboratory Chain of Custody (COC) & Certificates of Analysis
(COA) – Overflow Events



Appendix F: Calibration Certificates

CERTIFICATION OF CALIBRATION



Issued by: QED Environmental Systems Inc.

Calibration certificate number

24RA-59256

Instrument

Laser One

Serial Number

19252

Description of the calibration procedure:

The calibration is verified with certified gas bottle. The maximum error of the instrument as specified in the datasheet.

Gas verification from

0-1000ppm CH4

| Full scale (ppm) | Gas concentration (ppm) | Response 1 (ppm) | Response 2 (ppm) | Response 3 (ppm) | Average response (ppm) | Maximum error (ppm) | Maximum error (% F.s.) | Maximum error % |
|---------------------|-------------------------|------------------|------------------|---------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|
| 1000 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 1000 | 3.02 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.10 | 0.28 | 0.03 | 0.03 |
| 1000 | 11 | 11.2 | 11.2 | 11.2 | 11.20 | 0.20 | 0.02 | 0.02 |
| 1000 | 102.0 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105.00 | 3.00 | 0.30 | 0.30 |
| 1000 | 1006 | 1010 | 1010 | 1010 | 1010.00 | 4.00 | 0.40 | 0.40 |

| Uncertainty | 0.40 | % |
|-------------|------|------|
| Max % error | 0.40 | % FS |

Gas verification from

0-100% vol CH4

| Full scale (%vol) | Gas concentration (%vol) | Response 1 (%vol) | Response 2 (%vol) | Response 3 (%vol) | Average response (%vol) | Maximum error (%vol) | Maximum error (% F.s.) | Maximum error |
|----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------|
| 100.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 100.00 | 2.17 | 2.10 | 2.10 | 2.10 | 2.10 | 0.07 | 0.07 | 0.07 |
| 100.00 | 5.00 | 4.80 | 4.80 | 4.80 | 4.80 | 0.20 | 0.20 | 0.20 |
| 100.00 | 15.00 | 14.90 | 14.90 | 14.90 | 14.90 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 |
| 100.00 | 50.00 | 50.00 | 50.00 | 50.00 | 50.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 100.00 | 100.00 | 99.70 | 99.70 | 99.70 | 99.70 | 0.30 | 0.30 | 0.30 |

Uncertainty 0.30 %
Max % error 0.30 % FS

Gas verification from

0-100% CH4 LEL (0-4.4% VOL)

| Full scale (%vol) | Gas concentration (LEL%) | Response 1 (LEL%) | Response 2 (LEL%) | Response 3 (LEL%) | Average response (%vol) | Maximum error (LEL%) | Maximum error (% F.s.) | Maximum error |
|----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|---------------|
| 100.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 100.00 | 2.17 | 2.10 | 2.10 | 2.10 | 2.10 | 0.07 | 0.07 | 0.07 |
| 100.00 | 50.00 | 50.00 | 50.00 | 50.00 | 50.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |

| Uncertainty | 0.07 | % |
|-------------|------|------|
| Max % error | 0.07 | % FS |

www.qedenv.com

(800) 624-2026

info@qedenv.com

QED Environmental Systems Inc. 2355 Bishop Circle West, Dexter, MI 48130

CERTIFICATION OF CALIBRATION



Issued by: QED Environmental Systems Inc.

Environmental conditions during calibration

| Temp. | 23.1 | С |
|----------|-------|------|
| Pressure | 982.3 | mBar |

Gas bottles used for calibration

| Gas | Cylinder number | Expiry date | Gas |
|---------------|-----------------|-------------|---------------|
| Synthetic Air | 6970767Y | 5/10/2029 | Synthetic Air |
| 3 ppm | 4405001 | 02/29/2027 | CH4 |
| 10 ppm | 4225861 | 9/30/2025 | CH4 |
| 100ppm | CC109096 | 12/1/2028 | CH4 |
| 1000 ppm | CC64714 | 9/27/2028 | CH4 |
| 1.0% Vol | CC122022 | 11/15/2028 | CH4 |
| 2.2% vol | CC81557 | 9/29/2028 | CH4 |
| 5.0% vol | TT44360 | 9/11/2028 | CH4 |
| 15% vol | 481840 | 6/12/2029 | CH4 |
| 50% vol | CC708175 | 1/22/2029 | CH4 |
| 100% vol | 1347010 | 11/11/2027 | CH4 |

Calibration results: Pass

Next scheduled calibration: 6/24/2025

Calibration date: 6/24/2024

Issued by: Sarah Schafer

Sarah Style



Appendix G: Gas Flare Reports



WWW.LGI.COM.AU



PROJECT PROFILE: DUNMORE, NSW

We expedite the transition to renewables with clean energy and carbon abatement solutions.

Carbon credits enable a commercially viable project to create additional abatement.

Results Achieved since the Project Commenced*



BIOGAS CAPTURED

28.7 million m3



273 thousand tonnes (t CO2e - environmental

benefit)



ACCUS CREATED

92 thousand Australian Carbon Credit Units (ACCUs)



SEEDLINGS PLANTED CARS OFF THE ROAD

4.5 million seedlings planted for 10 years (t CO2e) 4,952 for the last 12 months of carbon abatement (t CO2e)

BIOGAS CAPTURE AND CARBON ABATEMENT FROM LANDFILL

- Long-term contract with Shellharbour City Council to recover and beneficially use biogas and abate carbon from this regional landfill in Dunmore. This improves air quality, reduces greenhouse gas emissions and contributes to the local economy.
- While there is no regulatory requirement to capture biogas, ACCUs enable additional carbon abatement by making it
 commercially viable to upgrade and expand the biogas capture system under the Emissions Reduction Fund (ERF). This
 empowers LGI to install and operate a viable flaring project.
- Since 2013, LGI has installed a bespoke biogas management system with an LGI made 1000 m³/hr ERF compliant biogas flare. Council benefits from this bespoke system at minimal cost.
- LGI collaborates closely with the Council regarding the design, installation, operations and maintenance of the biogas management system, including the monitoring and reporting services provided.

P: +61 7 3711 2225 E: enquiries@lgi.com.au in: linkedin.com/company/lgi-ltd | 57 Harvey Street N, Eagle Farm QLD 4009

Saving the planet one landfill, one megawatt, one solar panel, one battery at a time

BIOGAS MONTHLY REPORT - DUNMORE



| Site: | Dunmore | Report issue date: | 19/11/2024 |
|---------------|---------------------------|--------------------|------------------|
| Report month: | October 2024 | Prepared by: | Grace Burtenshaw |
| Prepared for: | Shellharbour City Council | Checked by: | Tom O'Connor |

| changes to existing | December 2022 - LGI installed a pneumatic bore pump in a j-trap, allowing for greater reliability of condensate management in the main gas line. May 2023 - LGI installed a series of 3 pneumatic bore pumps at various wells with evacuated leachate being returned into sump 5. June 2023 - LGI installed a series of 2 pneumatic bore pumps at various wells with evacuated leachate being returned into sump 5. October 2023 - LGI replaced the flare with a brand new flare of identical capacity. The new flare has improved control systems, reliability and performance, and will be compliant with current Type B Gas and Hazardous Area Zoning regulations. October 2024 - LGI Repaired a submain that was damaged in day to day operations. LGI conducting repair works on the flare (asset team for further information). |
|---------------------|---|
| Recommendations: | LGI recommends continued regular communication with Council regarding leachate management, site performance and future planning. |

Comments on operation / Down Time: 8.17 h maintenance:

0.17h - Planned Outage

5.58h - Forced Outage External2.42h - Forced Outage Internal

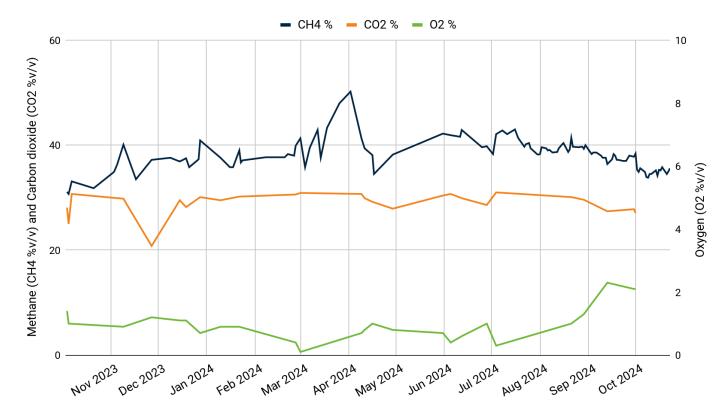
Field tuned: - 01/10/2024

Flare Operational Data:

| Date | CH4 (%v/v) | CO2 (%v/v) | O2 (%v/v) | FLOW (m3/h) | STACK TEMP (°C) | CUMULATIVE FLOW (m³) |
|------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|----------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| 01/10/2024 | 38.4 | 27.1 | 2.1 | 302 | 660 | 28,493,704 |
| 09/10/2024 | 33.8 | - | - | 290 | 636 | 28,551,184 |
| 16/10/2024 | 35.3 | - | - | 280 | 625 | 28,599,769 |
| 31/10/2024 | 47.1 | 31.6 | 2.4 | 311 | 672 | 28,702,976 |
| Average | 38.65 | 29.35 | 2.25 | 296 | 648 | - |

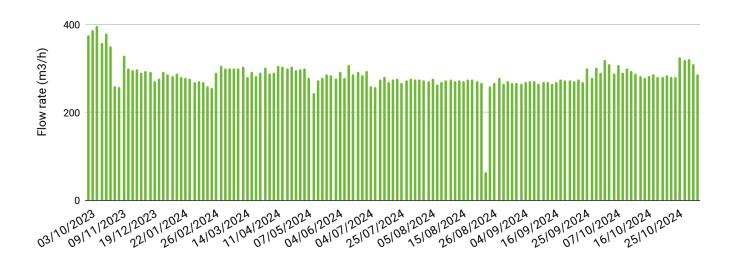


Dunmore- Methane, Carbon Dioxide & Oxygen



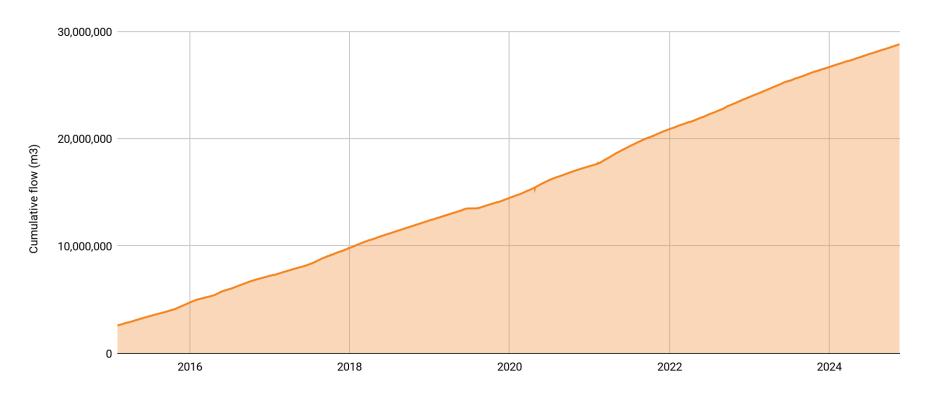
Dunmore - Flow Rate

600





Dunmore - Cumulative Flow



28,708,171 m3 of combusted landfill gas from the beginning of the project up to 1 November 2024 represents:

- 272,659 tonnes of CO2 equivalent (total methane abated by gas capture system to date).
- 4,544,312 seedlings planted for 10 years
- 4,952 (cars off the road for the last 12 months)
- 92,714 Australian Carbon Credit Units (ACCUs)

Biogas captured is the cumulative flow reading at the last day of the month.

BIOGAS MONTHLY REPORT - DUNMORE



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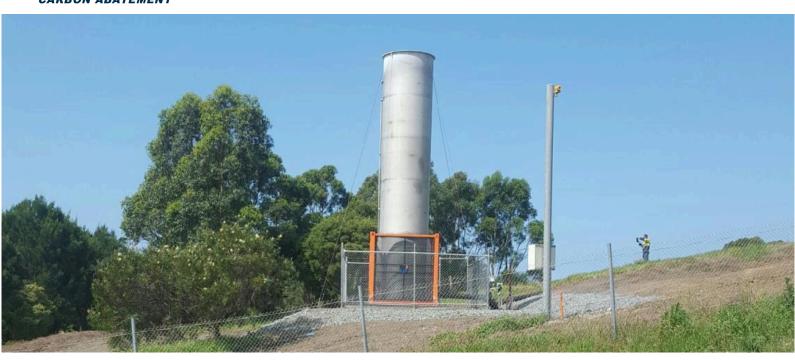
Archived commentary:

Comments on changes to existing system:

- Comments on January 2016 LGI disconnected the 4 lateral wells and 8 vertical wells.
- **changes to existing** April 2016 LGI reconnected 8 vertical wells in the SE corner and 4 lateral wells.
 - **system:** June 2016 LGI disconnected the extended gas capture system to assist the Council
 - **September 2016** LGI disconnected the extended gas capture system to assist the Council.
 - **November 2016** LGI commissioned the connection to leachate sump 6 as of 23-11-2016.
 - May 2017 LGI installed an additional 10 vertical wells to the existing LFG system
 - **November 2019** LGI on site to move mainline up batter, and reconnected infrastructure that had been previously disconnected, including 4 wells on the dimple and a 160mm leachate riser.
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 - February 2021 LGI installed 13 new vertical wells, including a new submain
 - March 2022 LGI replaced the flare gas analyser panel with a Draeger model analyser for greater accuracy and reliability
 - August 2022 LGI repaired the 225mm mainline and adjacent submain to allow for intermediate capping to continue across the top of cell 3
 - **December 2022** LGI installed a pneumatic bore pump in a j-trap, allowing for greater reliability of condensate management in the main gas line.



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PROJECT PROFILE: DUNMORE, NSW

We expedite the transition to renewables with clean energy and carbon abatement solutions. Carbon credits enable a commercially viable project to create additional abatement. Results Achieved since the Project Commenced*











BIOGAS CAPTURED

CARBON ABATEMENT

ACCUS CREATED

SEEDLINGS PLANTED CARS OFF THE ROAD

4.6 million seedlings planted for 10 years (t CO2e)

4.954 for the last 12

28.9 million m3

275 thousand tonnes (t CO2e - environmental benefit)

141 thousand Australian Carbon Credit Units (ACCUs)

months of carbon abatement (t CO2e)

BIOGAS CAPTURE AND CARBON ABATEMENT FROM LANDFILL

- Long-term contract with Shellharbour City Council to recover and beneficially use biogas and abate carbon from this regional landfill in Dunmore. This improves air quality, reduces greenhouse gas emissions and contributes to the local economy.
- While there is no regulatory requirement to capture biogas, ACCUs enable additional carbon abatement by making it commercially viable to upgrade and expand the biogas capture system under the Emissions Reduction Fund (ERF). This empowers LGI to install and operate a viable flaring project.
- Since 2013, LGI has installed a bespoke biogas management system with an LGI made 1000 m3/hr ERF compliant biogas flare. Council benefits from this bespoke system at minimal cost.
- LGI collaborates closely with the Council regarding the design, installation, operations and maintenance of the biogas management system, including the monitoring and reporting services provided.

P: +61 7 3711 2225 E: enquiries@lgi.com.au in: linkedin.com/company/lgi-ltd | 57 Harvey Street N, Eagle Farm QLD 4009

Saving the planet one landfill, one megawatt, one solar panel, one battery at a time

BIOGAS MONTHLY REPORT - DUNMORE



| Site: | Dunmore | Report issue date: | 19/12/2024 |
|---------------|---------------------------|--------------------|------------------|
| Report month: | November 2024 | Prepared by: | Grace Burtenshaw |
| Prepared for: | Shellharbour City Council | Checked by: | Tom O'Connor |

| Comments on | December 2022 - LGI installed a pneumatic bore pump in a j-trap, allowing for greater |
|---------------------|--|
| changes to existing | reliability of condensate management in the main gas line. |
| system: | May 2023 - LGI installed a series of 3 pneumatic bore pumps at various wells with evacuated leachate being returned into sump 5. |
| | June 2023 - LGI installed a series of 2 pneumatic bore pumps at various wells with evacuated leachate being returned into sump 5. |
| | October 2023 - LGI replaced the flare with a brand new flare of identical capacity. The new flare has improved control systems, reliability and performance, and will be compliant with current Type B Gas and Hazardous Area Zoning regulations. October 2024 - LGI Repaired a submain that was damaged in day to day operations. LGI conducting repair works on the flare (asset team for further information). |
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| Recommendations: | LGI recommends continued regular communication with Council regarding leachate management, site performance and future planning. |
| | Future Gas Field expansion works viable for the site. LGI recommends continuous communication to ensure this can be strategically undertaken. |

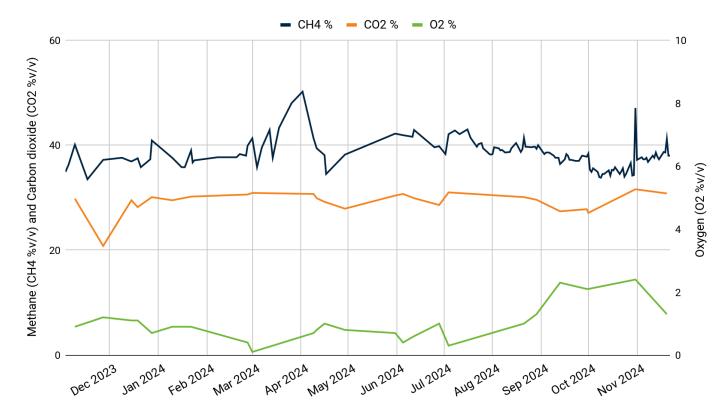
| | Availability - 100.00 % |
|--------------|-------------------------|
| | Down Time: 0.00 h |
| maintenance: | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |

Flare Operational Data:

| Date | CH4 (%v/v) | CO2 (%v/v) | O2 (%v/v) | FLOW (m3/h) | STACK TEMP (°C) | CUMULATIVE FLOW (m³) |
|------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|----------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| 01/11/2024 | 37.2 | - | - | 286 | 645 | 28,709,701 |
| 11/11/2024 | 38 | - | - | 267 | 616 | 28,775,169 |
| 18/11/2024 | 38.7 | - | - | 261 | 622 | 28,819,441 |
| 27/11/2024 | 35.6 | - | - | 300 | 644 | 28,881,844 |
| Average | 37.38 | - | - | 279 | 632 | - |

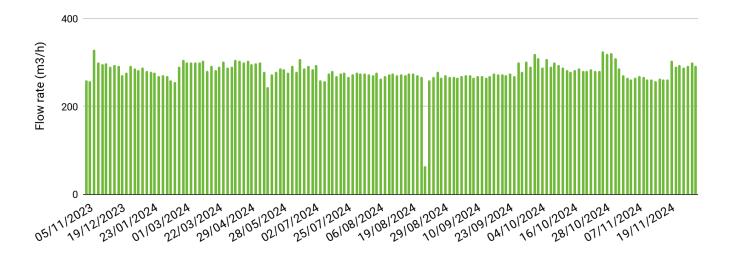


Dunmore- Methane, Carbon Dioxide & Oxygen



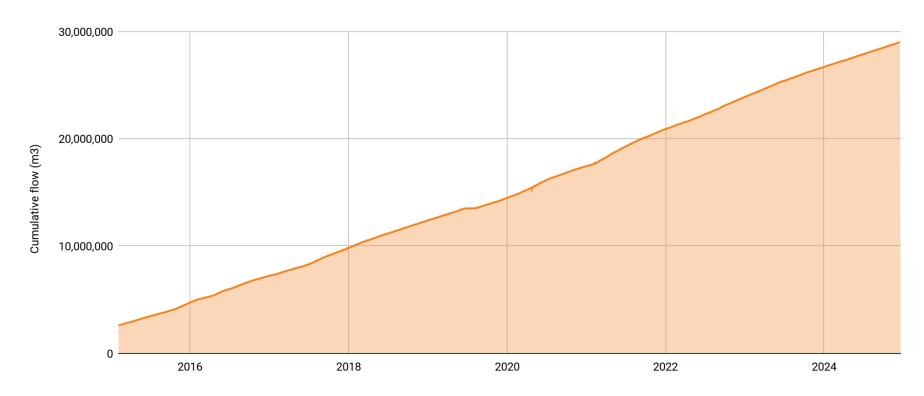
Dunmore - Flow Rate

600





Dunmore - Cumulative Flow



28,907,639 m3 of combusted landfill gas from the beginning of the project up to 1 December 2024 represents:

- 274,553 tonnes of CO2 equivalent (total methane abated by gas capture system to date).
- 4,575,887 seedlings planted for 10 years
- 4,954 (cars off the road for the last 12 months)
- 141,543 Australian Carbon Credit Units (ACCUs)

Biogas captured is the cumulative flow reading at the last day of the month.

BIOGAS MONTHLY REPORT - DUNMORE



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PROJECT PROFILE: DUNMORE, NSW

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Carbon credits enable a commercially viable project to create additional abatement.

Results Achieved since the Project Commenced*









SEEDLINGS PLANTED CARS OFF THE ROAD



29.1 million m3

CARBON ABATEMENT

277 thousand tonnes 141 thousand Australian

(t CO2e - environmental benefit)

ACCUs CREATED

Carbon Credit Units

(ACCUs)

4.6 million seedlings planted for 10 years (t CO2e) 4,991 for the last 12 months of carbon

abatement (t CO2e)

BIOGAS CAPTURE AND CARBON ABATEMENT FROM LANDFILL

- Long-term contract with Shellharbour City Council to recover and beneficially use biogas and abate carbon from this regional landfill in Dunmore. This improves air quality, reduces greenhouse gas emissions and contributes to the local economy.
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BIOGAS MONTHLY REPORT - DUNMORE



| Site: | Dunmore | Report issue date: | 22/01/2025 |
|---------------|---------------------------|--------------------|------------------|
| Report month: | December 2024 | Prepared by: | Grace Burtenshaw |
| Prepared for: | Shellharbour City Council | Checked by: | Tom O'Connor |

| | December 2022 - LGI installed a pneumatic bore pump in a j-trap, allowing for greater reliability of condensate management in the main gas line. |
|------------------|--|
| | May 2023 - LGI installed a series of 3 pneumatic bore pumps at various wells with evacuated leachate being returned into sump 5. |
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| Recommendations: | LGI recommends continued regular communication with Council regarding leachate management, site performance and future planning. |
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Comments on Availability - 99.98 % operation / Down Time: 0.17 h maintenance:

0.17h - Forced Outage External

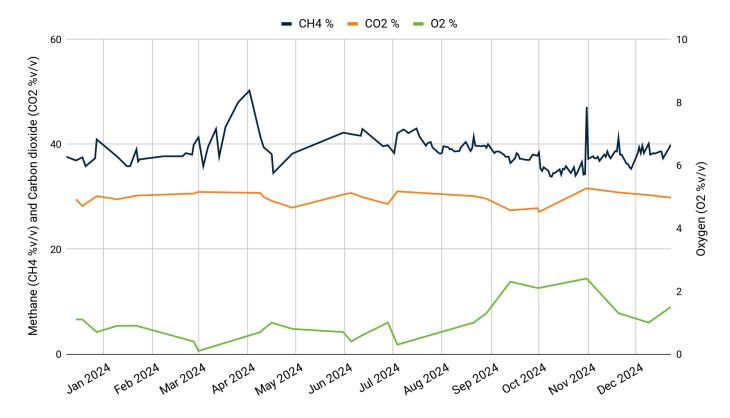
Field tuned: - 19/12/2024 - 23/12/2024

Flare Operational Data:

| Date | CH4 (%v/v) | CO2 (%v/v) | O2 (%v/v) | FLOW (m3/h) | STACK TEMP (°C) | CUMULATIVE FLOW (m³) |
|------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|----------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| 04/12/2024 | 38.3 | - | - | 274 | 641 | 28,929,273 |
| 09/12/2024 | 40.1 | 30.3 | 1 | 280 | 664 | 28,962,968 |
| 18/12/2024 | 37.3 | - | - | 280 | 643 | 29,027,040 |
| 23/12/2024 | 39.9 | 29.8 | 1.5 | 293 | 665 | 29,062,035 |
| Average | 38.90 | 30.05 | 1.25 | 282 | 653 | - |

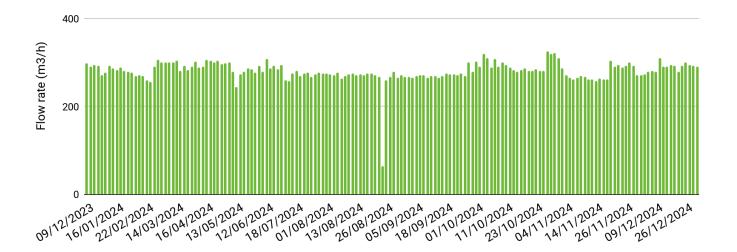


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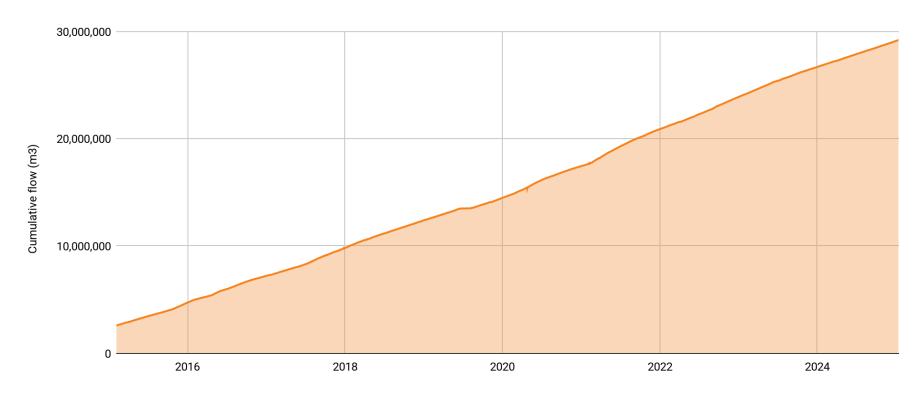
Dunmore - Flow Rate

600 —





Dunmore - Cumulative Flow



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- 276,606 tonnes of CO2 equivalent (total methane abated by gas capture system to date).
- 4,610,096 seedlings planted for 10 years
- 4,991 (cars off the road for the last 12 months)
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BIOGAS MONTHLY REPORT - DUNMORE



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