

Quarterly Environmental Monitoring Report (QEMR) Q1 December 2023

Address:	Dunmore Recycling & Waste Depot 44 Buckleys Road, Dunmore, NSW, 2529
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Author and Document Control

Written / Submitted By Re	eviewed / Approved By
Taite Beeston (BSc.) Geologist & Environmental Consultant	

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Executive Summary

Environment & Natural Resource Solutions (ENRS Pty Ltd) were commissioned as independent environmental consultants by ALS Environmental (Wollongong) on behalf of Shellharbour City Council (SCC) to prepare the Quarterly Environmental Monitoring Report (AEMR) for the Dunmore Recycling and Waste Depot (herein referred to as the Site).

This (QEMR) summarises the results of field testing and laboratory analysis conducted by ALS for the first quarter (1) 2023-2024 monitoring period, and provides the necessary data assessment and analysis to meet requirements of the Site's Environment Protection Licence/s (EPL's); No.5984 and No.12903.

The Site was established in 1945 and has been managed by Shellharbour City Council (SSC) since 1983. The Site accepts putrescible and non-putrescible waste within its managed landfill cell. Recycling activities conducted at the site include Resource Recovery Centre, Revolve Centre and Food Organics and garden Organics (FOGO) processing.

In late 2020 to July 2021 Shellharbour City Council moved away from sole reliance on traditional onsite leachate management techniques through initiating a secondary leachate treatment option in which leachate was transported from site for processing at a contractor facility.

In early 2021 Shellharbour City Council constructed a new Leachate Treatment Plant (LTP) on site, which was commissioned in July/August 2021. The LTP is comprised of three primary biological treatment units, including an anoxic reactor, nitrifying reactor, and sequencing batch reactor. The treated stream meets Sydney Water requirements for discharge into Sydney Water sewer, under a trade waste agreement. On average the LTP discharges 60kL/day of treated water, equating to approximately 22ML of leachate removal from site per annum.

Waste regulation in NSW is administered by the EPA under the Protection of the Environment Operations (POEO) Act (1997); the Waste Avoidance and Resource Recovery Act (2001).

The Site operates under the conditions of two (2) EPLs:

- EPL No. 5984. Landfill activities. Consisting of; extractive activities, waste disposal and composting.
- EPL No. 12903. Resource recovery activities. Consisting of; composting and waste storage within the FOGO Facilities and Resource Recovery Centre.

A copy of the relevant EPL sections outlining the sampling requirements is provided in Appendix A (EPL No. 5984). ENRS note that EPL No. 12903 does not specify sample points.

The objectives of this AEMR are to:

- Meet the environmental monitoring requirements of Sites EPLs; No. 5984 and 12903;
- Assess and analyse the environmental monitoring data for the Site against NSW EPA endorsed criteria;
- Identify trends of the environmental monitoring data over the reporting period;
- Identify any on-site or off-site impacts associated with operation of the Site;
- Advise SCC if the current environmental monitoring program is providing adequate information to identify potential environmental impacts from existing operations (if any) and provide recommendations on improvement to the monitoring program if required; and



> Document monitoring results in a Quarterly Environmental Monitoring Report.

The scope of work for this QEMR comprised the collation, assessment and reporting of Site data made available to ENRS from the December 2023 monitoring event in regard to the following tasks:

- Review previous reports and document the hydrogeological setting;
- Tabulate results of all monitoring data for both water and dust samples, collected and provided by ALS as required by the EPLs for the respective reporting period.
- > Analysis and interpretation of all monitoring data (water, dust and landfill surface gas);
- Review all quarterly environmental monitoring reports from the 2020 reporting period and available data from the last three (3) years;
- Identification of any deficiencies in environmental performance identified by the monitoring data, trends or environmental incidents, and identification of remedial actions taken or proposed to be taken to address these deficiencies; and
- Recommendations on improving the environmental performance of the facility including improvement to the monitoring program.

Based on the findings obtained during the December 2023 Q1 monitoring program the following conclusions and recommendations are provided:

- Shallow groundwater flow is expected to mimic topography with low hydraulic gradients flowing towards the south and southeast towards Rocklow Creek. The nearest sensitive receptors are likely to include; recreational users of the Minnamurra River estuary environs; down gradient stakeholders; and downgradient alluvial aquifers, swamps, Rocklow Creek, Minnamurra River and Groundwater Dependent Ecosystems near discharge zones;
- Groundwater throughout the monitoring period reported exceedances of the assessment criteria for; ammonia, heavy metals, nitrate and salinity (EC) within multiple groundwater bores. These exceedances were considered to be within historical values with no significant change in site conditions;
- Offsite sample locations within Rocklow Creek generally reported satisfactory results. However, exceedances for ammonia were above the ecological stressor value;
- Surface gas methane monitoring reported satisfactory results all within the adopted assessment criteria;
- Methane levels of enclosed structures on or withing 250m of deposited waste or leachate storage were tested and found to be below the acceptable threshold for 1% (volume/volume) in all cases;
- Dust deposition gauges generally recorded satisfactory results below the guidelines provided in AS3580.10.1. Monitoring should continue in accordance with EPL 5984 requirements;
- Based on this review of the December 2023 Q1 monitoring period, contaminants associated with the landfill cell, leachate dam/s and general site uses are considered to be relatively consistent with the range of historical results;
- Flare temperatures fell below the required KPI of 760 degrees Celsius on one occasion. The reader is referred to the LGI Flare Reports provided in **Appendix G**;
- Should any change in Site conditions or incident occur which causes a potential environmental impact, a suitable environmental professional should be engaged to further assess the Site and consider requirements for any additional monitoring; and
- > This report must be read in conjunction with the attached Statement of Limitations.



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1 Introduction

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1.1.1 Site History

The Site was established in 1945 and has been managed by Shellharbour City Council (SSC) since 1983. The Site accepts putrescible and non-putrescible waste within its managed landfill cell. Recycling activities conducted at the site include Resource Recovery Centre, Revolve Centre and Food Organics and garden Organics (FOGO) processing.

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1.4 Scope of Work

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- Recommendations on improving the environmental performance of the facility including improvement to the monitoring program.

2 Site Identification

2.1 Site Identification

The Site is located at 44 Buckleys Road, Dunmore, NSW, 2529, legally defined as Lot 21 in Deposited Plan 653009 and Lot 1 Deposited Plan 419907. The Site is situated approximately three and a half (3.5) kilometres southwest of the Shellharbour town centre. The area's regional location is defined in **Figure 2-1** below. Details of the Site boundary and sampling points are provided in the Site Plan as **Figure 14-1**. The key features required to identify the Site are summarised in **Table 2-1**.

Table	2-1:	Site	Identification
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Site	Description
Site name	Dunmore Recycling and Waste Depot
Street address	44 Buckleys Road, Dunmore, NSW 2529



Site	Description
Property description	-
(Lot / Deposited Plan)	21 / 653009 and 1 / 419907
Easting/Northing (GDA2020) (approximate centre of Site)	Zone 56H Easting: 302280 Northing: 6168169 (Approximate centre of Site)
Current owners	Shellharbour City Council
Current occupiers	Shellharbour City Council
Site area (total)	72.36 hectares
Site dimensions	Irregular shaped block. Please refer to Figure 14-1.
Areas excluded or inaccessible	Assessment was limited to the available data for the sample points listed in the EPL
Local government area	Shellharbour City Council
Current zoning	RU1 Primary Production
Locality map	Albion Park 9028
Trigger for assessment	Reporting requirements of EPL 5984
State or Local government statutory controls	 EPL 5984; EPL 12903; Contaminated Land Management Act 1997; Environment Protection Act 1997; Environment Protection Regulation 2005. Resilience and Hazards SEPP; Work Health and Safety Act 2011; Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011; Waste Avoidance and Resource Recovery Act (2001).
Legal permissions to access the Site obtained or required	N/A. ENRS did not access the Site.
Consent of adjoining landowners and/or occupiers to access land (if required)	N/A. Not required for this scope of work.



Figure 2-1 Project Location



Source: https://maps.six.nsw.gov.au/ (cited 1/11/2023)

2.2 Surrounding Land Use

The current activities and operations on adjacent properties and the surrounding area include:

Table 2-2: Summary of surrounding land use

Direction	Land Use
North	Buckleys Road, commercial infrastructure and open grassland. Residential dwellings along the northwest border of the Site. Golf course further to the northeast.
East	Dunmore Resources and Recycling facility immediately to the east, bushland to the southeast.
South	Bushland, Rocklow Creek (300m from landfill activities). Further to Kiama Community Recycling Centre and Riverside Drive.
West	Bushland to the southwest, scattered trees immediately to the west and further to the Princes Highway. Boral Quarries complex beyond the Highway. Residential dwellings to the Northwest.

2.2.1 Sensitive Receptors

The nearest sensitive receptors are likely to include:



- Recreational users of the Minnamurra River estuary environs;
- Neighbouring and down gradient stakeholders;
- Ecological receptors flora and fauna.
- Shallow soil, groundwater and stormwater vertical and lateral migration of contaminants (if any) and connectivity with shallow groundwater, drainage waterways and nearby tributaries; and
- Down gradient alluvial aquifers, swamps, Rocklow Creek, Minnamurra River and Groundwater Dependent Ecosystems (GDE) near discharge zones.

2.3 Topography

A review of the current series Albion Park (90281N) 1:25,000 topographic map sheet was conducted to assess the regional topography and to identify potential runoff and groundwater controls in the region. Topography provides a useful indicator for groundwater controls including gradient and flow path.

The Site presents low topographic relief, remaining between approximately 3-5 mAHD across the entirety of the Site. The regional topographic gradient trends south-southeast towards Rocklow Creek and Minnamurra River.

2.4 Soil Landscape

Review of the Sites soil landscape was conducted with reference to the Kiama 1:100,000 soil landscape map. The Site was mapped as underlain by organic, black, massive sandy loam topsoil overlying loose bleached light grey sand with iron staining in the subsoil.

Review of the online *Shellharbour City Council* Acid Sulphate Soil Risk Map indicates that the Site lies within a **Class 3** area, suggesting that works beyond 1 metre below the ground level (mbGL) have the potential to encounter Acid Sulphate Soils.

2.5 Geology

A review of the Site geology was undertaken with reference to the Wollongong 1:250,000 geological series sheet (Si56.9) and the Shellharbour-Kiama area coastal quaternary 1:50,000 geology sheet (See Figure 4). The Site is predominately underlain by the Quaternary alluvial deposits (Qal) characterised as Holocene backbarrier flat; marine sand, silt, clay, gravel and shell (Qhbf). The northern most corner of the site is intersected by the Gerringong Volcanics (Pbb) characterised by Latite. Based on the mapped geology, previous investigations and borehole logs, the Site infrastructure including the landfill cell is located within the alluvial deposits.

2.6 Hydrogeology

Groundwater resources in the area are expected to be associated with Shallow unconfined alluvial and unconsolidated systems, generally less than 20 m in depth with moderate to high transmissivity, variable water quality, and strongly controlled by rainfall recharge.

2.6.1 Existing Bores

A network of groundwater monitoring bores is installed at the Site to provide specific data on the quality and nature of groundwater. Given the spatial distribution of the bores and disturbed ground condition expected within the land fill cell, groundwater contours could not be accurately mapped.



A review of the NSW Office of Water (NOW) existing bore records was conducted to develop the conceptual understanding of regional groundwater conditions, including aquifer depths, yields, water quality, and distribution. A search of the Bureau of Meteorology Australian Groundwater Explorer groundwater database identified a total of eighty-eight (88) registered bores within one and a half (1.5) kilometres of the Site (see Figure 5). Registered bores in the area are predominantly associated with the Landfill Site and with the quarry complex (Boral Site) to the west of the EPL Site. The majority of bores are registered for monitoring purposes, excluding a single well (GW044447), which is registered for stock and domestic purposes. The stock bore is located approximately one (1) kilometre to the north of the Site, on the western side of the Princes Highway, which is considered to be up gradient of the Site and not in direct hydraulic connectivity. Registered bore depths are between 1.25 m and 22 m. Bore records indicate shallow unconsolidated aquifer systems.

2.6.2 Flow Regime

Previous reports (Environmental Earth Sciences, 2018) have identified that groundwater flows vary across the Site, but the general trend is south, towards Rocklow Creek.

Based on the unconfined nature of the aquifers, the shallow groundwater flow is inferred to mimic topography with low to moderate hydraulic gradients flowing towards the south.

The Site and adjoining land, was largely unsealed with potential for local recharge from rainfall infiltration. Likely discharge areas are predominantly to the south and east of the Site including swamps and Rocklow Creek. The waterbodies surrounding the Site are recognised as State Environmental Planning Policy No.14 (SEPP14) registered wetlands and Proximity Areas for Coastal Wetlands border the eastern, southern and western boundaries of the Site.

2.7 Surface Water

The Site topography indicates that surface water flow will generally trend to the east towards off Site wetlands and southeast towards Rocklow Creek. These present the primary regional drainage structures for natural surface water and runoff. A series of stormwater infrastructure is present at the Site which is expected to capture run off. Infrastructure includes but not limited to; stormwater drains; sedimentation ponds; levee banks; collection and diversion drains; and leachate dams.

3 Assessment Criteria

ENRS have adopted the most appropriate criteria in accordance with current state and national guidelines. Where available, Australian and NSW EPA endorsed guidelines have been referenced in preference to international standards.

3.1 Water Quality Guidelines

Nationally developed guidelines are provided in the National Water Quality Management Strategy (NWQMS): Guidelines for Groundwater Protection in Australia (ARMCANZ & ANZECC;2013). The relevant criteria to protect environmental values are provided in **Table 3-1**:



Table 3-1: Water Quality Assessment Criteria

Environmental Value	Relevant Guideline
Ecosystems / Health Screening Levels	 ANZG (2018) (Australian and New Zealand Guidelines for Fresh and Marine Water Quality); ASC NEPM (2013); and Health Screening Levels for Petroleum Hydrocarbons in Soil & Groundwater (CRC CARE, Sept. 2011)
Drinking Water	 Australian Drinking Water Guidelines (ADWG)

3.1 Groundwater & Surface water Assessment Criteria

The ANZG (2018) provide <u>default guideline values</u> (DGVs) for four (4) levels of protection categorised by the percent of species possibly affected, being 80%, 90%, 95% or 99% of species. Where DGVs are not available reference is made against the ANZECC (2000) Trigger Values (TV). The NSW Office of Water (DECCW;2007) endorsed groundwater management guidelines recommend assessment for aquatic ecosystems based on the 95 per cent of species level of protection. This assessment has adopted the assessment criteria considered most appropriate for the contaminants of concern based on the Site's EPL and results provided by ALS. The adopted TV for the Site Assessment Criteria (SAC) are summarised in **Table 3-2** below.

Table 3-2: Groundwater & Surface Water Assessment Criteria

Unito	Fresh	Marine	Drinking Water ^B		
Units	Water ^A	Water ^A	Health	Aesthetic	
mg/L	-	-	-	250	
mg/L	-	-	-	-	
mg/L	-	-	-	-	
mg/L	-	-	-	180	
mg/L	-	-	-	-	
mg/L	1.9	-	0.5	0.1	
mg/L	-	-	-	0.3	
mg/L	-	-	-	0.3	
mg/L	-	-	1.5	-	
mg/L	0.91 (pH 8)	0.91 (pH 8)	-	0.5	
mg/L	0.7	-	50	-	
mg/L	-	-	3	-	
mg/L	-	-	-	-	
mg/L	-	-	-	-	
mg/L	-	-	-	-	
mg/L	-	-	-	250	
%					
	85-110%	-	-	-	
mg/L	-	-	-	-	
	mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L	Units Water ^A mg/L - mg/L - </td <td>Units Water^A Water^A mg/L - - mg/L 1.9 - mg/L - - mg/L 0.91 (pH 8) 0.91 (pH 8) mg/L - - mg/L - - mg/L -</td> <td>Units Water^A Water^A Health mg/L - - - mg/L 1.9 - - mg/L 1.9 - - mg/L - - - mg/L - - - mg/L - - - mg/L 0.91 (pH 8) 0.91 (pH 8) - mg/L - - - mg/L</td>	Units Water ^A Water ^A mg/L - - mg/L 1.9 - mg/L - - mg/L 0.91 (pH 8) 0.91 (pH 8) mg/L - - mg/L - - mg/L -	Units Water ^A Water ^A Health mg/L - - - mg/L 1.9 - - mg/L 1.9 - - mg/L - - - mg/L - - - mg/L - - - mg/L 0.91 (pH 8) 0.91 (pH 8) - mg/L - - - mg/L	



Analyte	Units	Fresh	Marine	Drinking Water ^B		
Analyte	Onits	Water ^A	Water ^A	Health	Aesthetic	
Turbidity	NTU				F	
(surface water only)		-	-	-	5	
рН	pН	6.5-8.5		6.5-8.5	6.5-8.5	
Electrical Conductivity	μS/cm	2200	-	-	-	

Table notes:

Criteria is only provided for the analytes test by ALS and listed within EPL 5984.

A: Investigation levels apply to typical slightly-moderately disturbed systems. See ANZECC & ARMCANZ (2000) for guidance on applying these levels to different ecosystem conditions.

B: Investigation levels are taken from the health values of the Australian Drinking Water Guidelines (NHMRC 2011).D. Criteria for ammonia. See Section 3.1.1:

3.1.1 Ammonia Assessment criteria

In addition to the default TV of 0.91mg/L (pH 8) for ammonia, Table 3.3.2 of the ANZECC (2000) also provides stressor values for physical and chemical stressors for south-east Australia for slightly disturbed ecosystems. The table provides a stressor guideline for ammonia of **0.2mg/L** at pH 8 for lowland rivers. For the purposes of this assessment, the value has been applied to all water samples, excluding the leachate tank.

pH specific ammonia TVs. Additional sample point specific pH dependant trigger values for total ammonia were also adopted when a sample was outside of 8 pH units. Sample specific values were based on Table 8.3.7 of the ANZECC (2000). The additional criteria and results are presented in **Table 14-2** attached.

3.2 Dust Deposition Assessment Criteria

Criteria for collection and assessment of dust deposition concentrations are provided within the Australian standard AS3580.10.1 - Methods for sampling and analysis of ambient air; method 10.1-Determination of particulate matter - Deposited matter - Gravimetric method. AS3580.10.1 provides an acceptable level of 4 g/m2/month.

3.3 Surface Methane Gas Assessment Criteria

The NSW EPA Solid Waste Landfill Guidelines 2nd Edition (2016) provides sampling methodologies and threshold for surface methane gas concentrations at landfill sites. The acceptable threshold for capped landfills is 500 parts per million (ppm) at 5 cm above the capping surface.

3.4 Gas Accumulation Assessment Criteria within Enclosed Structures

The NSW EPA Solid Waste Landfill Guidelines 2nd Edition (2016) provides sampling methodologies and threshold gas levels to ensure that gas is not accumulating within enclosed structures on or within 250m of deposited waste or leachate storage. The acceptable threshold for 1% (volume/volume).



4 Data Quality Objectives (DQO)

If sampling is conducted, Data Quality Objectives (DQO) are required to define the quality and quantity of data needed to support management decisions. The process for establishing DQO's is documented in the National Environment Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure (NEPC;2013).

4.1 Step 1: State the problem

The Site is currently operating as an active landfill and requires regular environmental monitoring in accordance with the EPL 5984.

4.2 Step 2: Identify the decision/goal of the study

The primary goals / objectives of the investigation program were to:

- Meet the environmental monitoring requirements of Sites EPLs; No. 5984 and 12903;
- Assess and analyse the environmental monitoring data for the Site against NSW EPA endorsed criteria;
- Identify trends of the environmental monitoring data over the reporting period;
- > Identify any on-site or off-site impacts associated with operation of the Site;
- Advise SCC if the current environmental monitoring program is providing adequate information to identify potential environmental impacts from existing operations (if any) and provide recommendations on improvement to the monitoring program if required; and
- > Document monitoring results in a Quarterly Environmental Monitoring Report.

4.3 Step 3: Identify the information inputs

The provided results shall be used to identify any risks to the sensitive receptors or change in site conditions. The following inputs were required:

- > Representative environmental samples;
- Measurements of environmental parameters;
- > Comparison of the parameter results against the adopted Site Assessment Criteria (SAC);
- > The completion of an Quarterly Environmental Monitoring Report.

4.4 Step 4: Define the study boundaries

The assessment was limited to sampling locations listed in EPL 5984. As listed in **Appendix A** and depicted in **Figure 14-1 - Figure 14-2**.

4.5 Step 5: Develop the analytical approach (decision rule)

The site information and results obtained from this assessment scope will be compared against the NSW EPA endorsed SAC documented in **Section 3** with considerations of the land use and nearby receptors. The decision rule process is defined by the following:

- > QA/QC indicate the results are reliable;
- Laboratory Practical Quantitation Limits (PQL) or Limits of Reporting (LOR) are less than the SAC; and



> Results meet the adopted SAC and/or are within background levels and regulatory criteria.

4.6 Step 6: Specify performance or acceptance criteria

To ensure the quality of the environmental data collected during the assessment, detailed quality assurance and quality control (QA/QC) measures will be applied by ALS. The QA/QC measures will be followed from the inception of the project, during field sampling, laboratory analysis of samples and data reporting. The QAQC measures understood to have been adopted by ALS are documented in detail below within **Table 5-1**.

4.7 Step 7: Develop the plan for obtaining data

The seventh and final step involves identifying the most effective sampling and analysis design for generating the data that is required to satisfy the data quality objectives. The required sampling program is based on and accounts for the following key points:

- Requirements of Sites EPLs; No. 5984 and 12903;
- > The results will be compared against the adopted SAC for the proposed land use.

The indicators (DQI) used to identify that data obtained and provided by ALS has been done so in a way which meets project data quality objectives (DQO) summarised below.

DQO	Evaluation Criteria
Documentation completeness	 Completion of field records, chain of custody documentation, laboratory test certificates from NATA-accredited laboratories.
Data comparability	 Use of appropriate techniques for the sampling, storage and transportation of samples. Use of NATA accredited laboratory using NEPM endorsed procedures.
Data representativeness	 Adequate sampling coverage of all required EPL sample points.
Precision and accuracy for sampling and analysis	 Use properly trained and qualified field personnel and achieve laboratory QC criteria.
	 Blind field duplicates to be collected at a minimum rate of 1 in 20 samples.
	 RPD's to be less than 30% for inorganic and 50% for organic analyses.
	 Rinsate samples not considered necessary as all PCoC measured by the lab were assumed to be present at the site.
	• Disposable single use items used for the collection of samples.

Table 4-1: Summary of Data Quality Objectives (DQO)

5 Sampling Methodology

Field sampling was conducted by ALS Environmental (Wollongong) as commissioned by SCC on quarterly basis. ENRS understands that sampling was conducted in accordance with ALS sampling protocols with reference to current industry standards and Code of Practices. The following subsections provide a summary of the sampling methodologies.



Monitoring frequency is defined by the EPL's and is designed to capture necessary site data to support assessment of Site conditions (quarterly and annual), any long-term trends or overflow events. Monitoring is conducted quarterly and annually for selected analytes with additional overflow and event-based sampling triggered by Site conditions.

5.1 Water Sampling

5.1.1 Location of Water Monitoring Points

Groundwater and surface water monitoring requirements are defined by the EPL No. 5984, as provided in Appendix A. The water sampling regime includes; five (5) surface waters, one (1) located onsite and four (4) located off-site; twelve (12) groundwater monitoring wells surrounding the landfill operations; and one (1) leachate point. Sampling locations are illustrated in Figure 2 attached.

5.1.2 Depth to Water

Prior to sampling, the depth to the groundwater table was measured from the top of casing (TOC) using a water dipper and clear disposable bailer. The bores were inspected for the presence of hydrocarbon and the thickness of any LNAPL was measured visually in clear disposable bailers. No LNAPL was reported on field sheets provided by ALS.

5.1.3 Sample Collection

Sampling is conducted independently by ALS Environmental under contract with SCC. Chain of Custody records and field sheets are provided in Appendix D. ENRS understand sampling was conducted in accordance with ALS sampling protocols.

5.1.4 Groundwater Sampling

Groundwater wells were sampled in order of distance from any areas of known contamination to ensure that lower contaminated wells are sampled before likely higher contaminated wells. Groundwater bores were purged prior to sampling by removing at least three (3) well volumes with samples being collected using clear disposal bailers or low flow parameter stabilisation methods applied with field sheets provided to document pumping volumes and field parameters. Post sampling all samples were sealed in laboratory-prepared sampling containers appropriate for the analysis.

Surface water samples were collected as 'grab samples' from the midpoint of the source at middepth.

Post flushing, leachate samples were sampled from a tap on the discharge line directly into purpose specific, pre preserved sample containers.

All samples were stored on ice immediately after their collection and transported to the laboratory under Chain of Custody (CoC) documentation.

Any loss of volatile compounds was kept to a minimum by employing the following sampling techniques:

- Minimal practical disturbance during sampling;
- Samples placed in sample containers as soon as possible;



- Sample containers contain zero headspace;
- Samples placed directly on ice and transported to the laboratory as soon as possible; and
- > Employing the most appropriate analytical method to minimise volatile losses at the laboratory.

5.1.5 Field Testing

Field testing was conducted during bore purging and sampling to record physical water parameters. A multi-probe water quality meter was used to measure the following parameters:

- > Oxygen Reduction Potential (ORP, representing redox).
- Electrical Conductivity (Salinity EC);
- Temperature; and
- ➢ pH (Acidity).

5.2 Dust Deposition Sampling

Measurement of dust deposition was carried out in accordance with the Australian Standard AS3580.10.1 (2016). This Australian Standard provides a mean of determining the mean surface concentration of deposited matter from the atmosphere.

Dust collection gauges were set up for a one (1) month periods at during each quarterly sampling event. A total of four (4) dust monitoring locations were considered adequate to assess site conditions.

5.3 Surface Methane Gas Monitoring

The concentration of methane gas (in units of ppm) at the Site was carried out in accordance with EPA Guidelines Solid Waste Landfill 2nd Edition 2016. On the day of sampling the wind speed was below 10 km/hr. Testing was conducted using a calibrated LaserOne portable gas monitor specifically designed for landfill gas monitoring. A calibration Certificate is provided in Appendix F.

One field technician commenced data collection along transect lines in a grid pattern across the landfill surface at 25-metre spacings. A site plan depicting the sampled transect line is provide in Figure 3. Transects were recorded using a Magellan SporTrak GPS. The concentration of methane gas was measured at a height of 5 cm above the ground in areas with intermediate or final cover over the emplaced waste.

5.4 Gas Accumulation Monitoring in Enclosed Structures

The concentration of methane gas (in units of percent volume/volume) inside all enclosed structures within 250m of emplaced waste or leachate storage facility at the Site was carried out in accordance with EPA Guidelines Solid Waste Landfill 2nd Edition 2016. On the day of sampling testing was conducted using a calibrated LaserOne portable gas monitor specifically designed for landfill gas monitoring. A calibration Certificate is provided in Appendix F.

The internal methane concentrations for each enclosed structure were recorded by a field technician. A site plan depicting the location onsite of each structure provided in Figure 3. Any depressions or surface fissures away from the sampling grid were also investigated.



5.5 Laboratory Analysis

ALS, a NATA accredited laboratory, was contracted by SCC to undertake the sample analysis in accordance with current standards. Laboratory QA/QC results are detailed in the Laboratory reports contained in the appendices section of this report.

5.6 Flare Monitoring

Landfill gases (LFG) are formed through bacterial action on emplaced waste and are a normal byproduct of Landfilling operations. Landfill gas is a mixture of many different gases, typically its major components include methane and carbon dioxide. Smaller concentrations of nitrogen, oxygen, ammonia, sulphides, hydrogen, carbon monoxide, and nonmethane organic compounds (NMOCs) and Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC's) may also be present.

When operated efficiently the use of a gas flare to burn landfill gas can significantly reduce emissions of methane, NMOCs and VOC's.

The flare was monitored, maintained and operated by LGI LTD. Copies of LFG reports for the relevant reporting period are included as Appendix G.

5.7 QAQC

The Quality Assurance and Quality Control (QA/QC) protocols for the sample program conducted by ALS are summarised in **Table 5-1**.

Protocol	Description
Sampling Team	Site personnel comprised only experienced and qualified environmental professionals trained in conducting site contamination investigations.
Sample Method	Samples obtained in laboratory prepared containers with preservatives appropriate for the required analysis.
Calibration	Equipment calibration certificates for each sampling event.
Sample Equipment	All sample equipment disposed or decontaminated between sample sites.
Field Screening	Visual and manual inspection of sample materials for potential contamination recorded on field sheets.
Chain of Custody Forms	All samples logged and transferred under appropriately completed Chain of Custody (COC) forms with Sample Receipts issued by the laboratory.
Blind Field Duplicate	At least one (1) blind field duplicate collected per 20 samples and submitted for analysis accompanied by COC forms.

6 Water Quality Results

Laboratory results for groundwater and surface water were provided to ENRS for tabulation and comparison with relevant EPL assessment criteria. A summary of results is provided in Table 3-2 with comparison against the relevant Site Assessment Criteria (SAC). The laboratory certificates of analysis are provided in Appendix B.



6.1 Overflow Results

ENRS understands that no overflow events occurred within the first quarterly monitoring period.

6.2 **Physical Indicators**

6.2.1 Groundwater Depth

The measured depth to groundwater was measured between 2.19 mbgl (BH-18) to 21.2 mbgl (BH-15). The Site was charactered by a shallow water table hosted in the underlying unconsolidated sand and sediments.

6.2.2 Salinity

Salinity is reported by the laboratory as either Electrical Conductivity (EC) or Total Dissolved Solids (TDS). The ANZECC guidelines document a conversion ratio for of 0.68 mg/L = 0.68 EC (μ S/cm). Table 3.3.3 of the ANZECC (2000) guidelines document default TV for EC in lowland freshwater rivers between 125 μ S/cm - 2,200 μ S/cm (~1,500 mg/L). Marine waters may be characterised by an EC between 35,000 μ S/cm - 50,000 μ S/cm.

Groundwater

During the monitoring period, salinity in groundwater samples reported a relatively low degree of variance between each sampling event. The Site was generally characterised freshwater EC values in the upgradient northern portions of the Sites, tending to become more saline towards Rocklow Creek, being a tidal river system. The results were all considered to be in range of historical values.

Surface Waters

Surface water samples collected from Rocklow Creek reported elevated EC values between 3,980 μ S/cm (SW_Up) and 5,220 μ S/cm (SWC_Down). EC values were expected to be elevated and fluctuate due to Rocklow Creek being a tidal system.

Results for onsite surface water location SWP1 was reported at 526 μ S/cm which was below the adopted TV. The results were generally in range of historical data and considered satisfactory.

Leachate

Leachate salinity was 8,410 μ S/cm which was above the TV. The result was generally in range of historical data. Salinity in leachate is expected to vary significantly with leachate concentration and stormwater dilution.

6.2.3 Dissolved Oxygen

Levels of Dissolved Oxygen (DO) were measured in the field for surface waters only. DO reflects the equilibrium between oxygen-consuming processes and oxygen-releasing processes. DO can initiate redox reactions resulting in the uptake or release of nutrients. Low DO concentrations can result in adverse effects on many aquatic organisms which depend on oxygen for their efficient metabolism. At reduced DO concentrations many compounds become increasingly toxic, for example Zinc, Lead, Copper, phenols, cyanide, hydrogen sulphide and Ammonia.



The ANZG (2018) guidelines Table 3.3.2 outlines a range between 85% to 110% saturation for low land rivers. Assuming a water temperature of 18°C this is equivalent to approximately 7-11 mg/L or ppm. DO is reported by the laboratory in mg/L which be converted to a percentage.

Surface Waters

Dissolved Oxygen within onsite surface water location SWP-1 was 3.81mg/L or 46.14%. Results were generally below the TV and were consistent with historical data.

Results for DO within offsite surface water locations within Rocklow Creek ranged from 5.81 mg/L or 70.36% (SWC_Down 2) and to 6.60 mg/L or 79.92% (SWC-Down). The results were generally consistent with the historical data.

Leachate

Dissolved oxygen within leachate tank LP1 was 3.4 mg/L or 41.17%. The results were generally in range of the historical data.

6.2.4 pH

pH is a measure of hydrogen activity. pH determines the balance between positive hydrogen ions (H+) and negative hydroxyl ions (OH-) and provides a test of water acidity (low pH) or alkalinity (high pH). Most natural freshwaters have a pH in the range 6.5 to 8.0. Changes in pH may affect the physiological functioning of biota and affect the toxicity of contaminants. Both increases and decreases in pH can result in adverse effects, although decreases are likely to cause more significant problems. Low pH indicates acidic conditions which may increase the mobility of heavy metals, whilst high pH indicates alkaline conditions which may also generate Ammonia. Previous investigations of other regional Landfill Sites in the Illawarra-Shoalhaven (Forbes Rigby;1996) report regionally acidic groundwater with low readings in the range of 4.3 pH associated with silica saturation and oxidation of accessory marcasites grains (iron sulphide).

Groundwater

Results pH in groundwater was reported between 6.60 (BH18) and 7.50 (BH19r). The results were relatively neutral and within the SAC. No exceedances were recorded. The results were considered to be satisfactory.

Surface Water

Results for pH in surface waters were all reported within the SAC and considered satisfactory.

Leachate

The pH of leachate tank LP1 was 8.60 which was above the SAC. The result was considered to be within range of historical values.

6.2.5 Total Suspended Solids (TSS)

TSS provides a measure of turbidity reported as the mass of fine inorganic particles suspended in the water. Measurement of TSS provides a valuable indication of the sediment and potential nutrient load. Elevated TSS decreases light penetration whilst phosphorus is absorbed onto sediment surfaces. TSS was measured for surface water sample points only.



Results for TSS in Rocklow Creek samples were reported between 6mg/L (SWC_Down) and 10mg/L (SWC_Up). The results were below the SAC and were considered satisfactory.

Results for TSS in onsite SWP1 was 12mg/L. The results were considered satisfactory.

6.3 Inorganic Analytes

Water samples were analysed for select nutrients including Ammonia, Ammonium, Nitrate and Nitrite. The most bio-available forms of Nitrogen are Ammonium (NH4+) and Nitrate (NO3-). Ammonia is an oxygen-consuming compound and is toxic to aquatic biota at elevated concentrations. Ammonia toxicity increases under low oxygen levels and higher pH.

6.3.1 Ammonia

Groundwater

Results for ammonia in groundwater over the monitoring period reported exceedances above the ecological stressor value of 0.2 mg/L, 95% TV of 0.91 mg/L and pH modified TV's (see Table 14-2) in all samples. Results were considered to be significantly above the SAC and within range of the previous values.

Surface Water

Ammonia in onsite surface water at SWP-1 was 0.05 mg/L which was below the SAC.

Ammonia concentrations in Rocklow Creek ranged between 0.2 mg/L (SWC_Up) and 0.27 mg/L (SWC_Down). Sample location SWC_2, SWC_Down and SW_Down 2 were reported above the ecological stressor value of 0.2 mg/L. All results were below the 95% TV and pH modified TVs. Results were considered to be within range of historical data.

Leachate

Ammonia in leachate tank LP1 was 330 mg/L which was significantly above the SAC. Elevated results may be considered characteristic of leachate. Results were within range of historical values.

6.3.2 Nitrate

Groundwater

Results for Nitrate in groundwater samples were generally reported satisfactory results below the SAC. Two (2) exceedances were reported above the Sac of 0.7mg/L of 14.00mg/L (BH4) and 0.86mg/L (BH13).

Surface Water

Nitrate concentrations for all surface water were reported below the SAC and considered satisfactory.

Leachate

Nitrate concentrations for leachate tank LP1 during the monitoring period were reported below the SAC and considered satisfactory.



6.3.3 Nitrite

Results for nitrate in all groundwater, surface water were all reported below the SAC and were considered to be satisfactory. An elevated result of 5.76mg/L was reported in Leachate Tank LP1.

6.4 Anions

6.4.1 Chloride

The results for chloride in groundwater, surface waters and leachate were reported between 11 mg/L (BH18) and 1,570 mg/L (LP1). In general, elevated chloride results were measured in Rocklow Creek, characteristic of the tidal river system. In comparison, upgradient groundwater results reported lower chloride concentrations. The leachate tank reported the highest result. Results were generally consistent with historical data.

6.4.2 Fluoride

The results for fluoride in groundwater, surface water and leachate tank were all reported below the SAC and were generally consistent with the historical data.

6.4.3 Sulphate

Results for sulphate in groundwater generally reported satisfactory results that were in range of the historical data. Higher sulphate results were reported in Rocklow Creek, which may be characteristic of the tidal river system.

6.4.4 Total Alkalinity

Surface Water

Results for total alkalinity were consistent with historical data and considered to be satisfactory.

6.4.5 Bicarbonate Alkalinity

Bicarbonate alkalinity in groundwaters were consistent with historical data and considered to be satisfactory.

6.5 Metals

6.5.1 Manganese (Total Mn)

Groundwater

Results for manganese in all groundwater, surface water and leachate tanks samples were reported below the 95% TV of 1.9 mg/L. The results were generally consistent with historical data.

6.5.2 Iron (total Fe)

Total iron was measured in surface water and leachate tank LP1 only. Results for total iron were reported between 0.37mg/L (SWP1) and 5.76 (LP1) and 1.67 mg/L. The results were generally consistent with historical data.



6.5.3 Iron (Dissolved Fe)

Concentrations of dissolved iron in groundwater reported results consistent with historical data.

6.5.4 Calcium

Results for calcium in groundwater, surface water and leachate tank LP1 were reported below the SAC and within range of historical data. The results were therefore considered satisfactory.

6.5.5 Potassium

Results for potassium in groundwater, surface water and leachate tank LP1 were reported below the SAC and within range of historical data. The results were therefore considered satisfactory.

6.6 Organic Analytes

6.6.1 Total Organic Carbon

Total Organic Carbon (TOC) provides a measure of the total concentration of organic material in a water sample. TOC is typically higher in surface water than groundwater. However, high TOC is also characteristic of leachate from landfill. TOC provides a marker for biological activity associated with contaminant degradation and can be used to delineate contaminant plumes. TOC influences geochemical processes by:

- acting as proton donors/acceptors;
- providing pH buffering;
- > participating in mineral dissolution/precipitation reactions; and
- > providing carbon substrate for microbe-based biodegradation.

Results for TOC in groundwater samples were generally low and consistent with historical data.

TOC in surface water samples reported satisfactory results.

TOC in leachate tank LP1 was 142mg/L which was generally consistent with historical data.

7 Dust Gauge Results

The below table provides the results of the dust depositions results. A total of four (4) dust collectors were onsite for one (1) month for each quarterly sampling round between 02/11/2023 - 01/12/2023. Sampling was conducted in general accordance with AS3580.10.1. A summary of the results is provided in Table 7-1 below.

Quarter	Sample ID	Guideline Criteria (g/m2/month)	Total Insolvable Matter (g/m2/month)	Comment
Quarter 1	Quarter 1 DDG1		0.8	Below SAC
	DDG2	4	0.8	Below SAC
	DDG3		1.4	Below SAC

Table 7-1: Summary of Dust Gauge Results



Quarter	Sample ID	Guideline Criteria (g/m2/month)	Total Insolvable Matter (g/m2/month)	Comment
02/11/2023	DDG4		8.7	Below SAC
- 01/12/2023				

Results for depositional dust during the December 2023 Q1 monitoring period generally reported levels of dust below the adopted assessment criteria of 4 g/m2/month. A single exceedance was report for Quarter 4 of 8.7 g/m2/month. Dust gauge locations are provided in Figure 14-1 attached. It is recommended that monitoring is continued in accordance with EPL 5984.

8 Methane Monitoring Results

8.1 Surface Gas Methane

The surface gas monitoring for the December 2023 Q1 quarterly monitoring period DID NOT detect any levels of methane above the EPA license limits of 500 ppm. The results were considered satisfactory. A table of results is provided in **Appendix D**.

8.2 Gas Accumulation Monitoring in Enclosed Structures

The internal methane testing for enclosed structures within 250m of the landfill during the December 2023 Q1 quarterly monitoring period DID NOT detect any levels of methane above the EPA license limits of 1% V/V. The results were considered satisfactory.

9 Flare Operations Results

Weekly average operating temperatures for the flare were supplied by LGI and displayed typical variation associated with a continuous process. Results are summarised in Chart 1 below. LGI Gas Flare reports included as **Appendix G**.

Weekly average operating temperatures supplied by LGI displayed typical variation associated with a continuous process. Weekly operating temperatures at the Flare fell below the Operational temperature Limit of 760 degrees on one (1) event on the 9/11/2023 during the quarterly monitoring period. This is in line with the historical data. The actions taken throughout to address the root causes are outlined in the LGI Gas Flare reports included as **Appendix G**. Chart 1 below depicts historical results between October 2022 and December 2023.



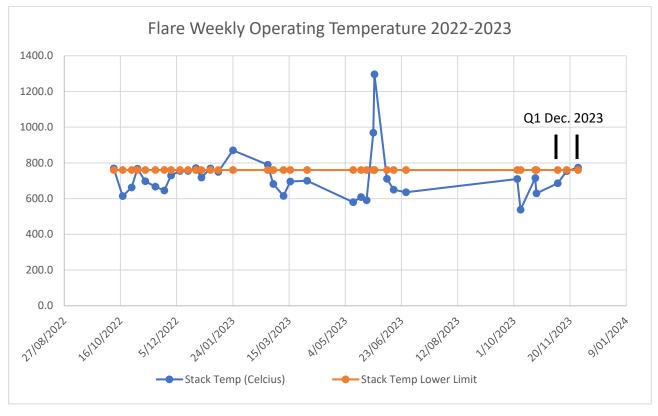


Chart 1: Weekly Flare Operating Temperatures 2022-2023

10 Quality Assurance/Quality Control Data Evaluation (QAQC)

10.1 Field Sampling QAQC

It was understood that the sample program was completed in general accordance with the ALS standard operation procedures (SOP) which references current industry guidelines.

The QAQC procedures and indicators for field sampling procedures are summarised in Table 10-1.

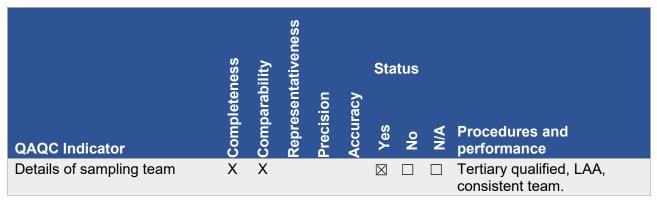
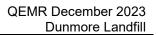


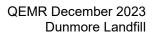
Table 10-1: Sampling QAQC Procedures

Notes: Data sourced form the LGI reports provided in Appendix G.





	Completeness	Comparability	Representativeness	ision	ıracy	Status			
QAQC Indicator	Com	Com	Repr	Precision	Accuracy	Yes	No	N/A	Procedures and performance
Reference to sampling plan/method, including any deviations from it – sampling and analysis quality plan	X								Sampling in accordance with the SOP.
Any information that could be required to evaluate measurement uncertainty for subsequent testing (analysis)				Х	Х	\square			Field sampling records and chain of custody completed in full.
Decontamination procedures carried out between sampling events			X	X	X				Equipment such as decontaminated between samples by washing with phosphate free detergent followed by rinsing with potable water. Re-use of sampling equipment was avoided, where possible. Single use deposable sampling equipment was the preferred method.
Logs for each sample collected, including date, time, location (with GPS coordinates if possible), sampler, duplicate samples, chemical analyses to be performed, site observations and weather/environmental (i.e. surroundings) conditions. Include any diagrams, maps, photos.		X	X						Sampling field sheets were used as required.
Chain of custody fully identifying – for each sample – the sampler, nature of the sample, collection date, analyses to be performed, sample preservation method, departure time from the site and dispatch courier(s) (where applicable)	Х	Х							COC's completed in full.





	Completeness	Comparability	Representativeness	ion	acy	Sta	itus		
QAQC Indicator	Comp	Comp	Repre	Precision	Accuracy	Yes	No	N/A	Procedures and performance
Field quality assurance/quality control results (e.g. field blank, rinsate blank, trip blank, laboratory prepared trip spike)				X	Х				Field QAQC analysed for chemical samples – field duplicate.
Sample splitting techniques – subsampling, containers/preservation (ensure unique ID for subsequent samples provided)			Х						Samples obtained in laboratory prepared sample containers appropriate for the analytes.
Statement of duplicate frequency			Х	Х		\boxtimes			Blind field duplicates collected at 1/20 frequency
Background sample results	Х	Х				\boxtimes			Reviewed against previous investigation results.
Field instrument calibrations (when used)				Х	Х			\boxtimes	Yes field equipment was calibrated prior to use.
Sampling devices and equipment	Х	Х				\boxtimes			Manual sampling with decontamination procedures and disposable equipment.
A copy of signed chain-of- custody forms acknowledging receipt date, time and temperature and identity of samples included in shipments	X	Х							COC's completed in full, final records from NATA laboratory attached to CoAs.

10.2 Laboratory QAQC

The QAQC procedures and indicators for laboratory analysis procedures are summarised in Table 10-2.



Table 10-2: Laboratory QAQC procedures

	Completenes	ırability	Representativ	uo	Icy	Stat	tus		
QAQC Indicator		Comparability	Repres	Precision	Accuracy	Yes	0 N	N/A	Procedures and performance
A copy of signed chain-of- custody forms acknowledging receipt date, time and temperature and identity of samples included in shipments	Х	Х							All samples were logged and transferred under appropriately completed Chain of Custody Forms.
Record of holding times and a comparison with method specifications	Х	Х				\boxtimes			Records documented in the laboratory QAQC report attached to CoA.
Analytical methods used, including any deviations	Х	Х				\boxtimes			Recorded in the CoA.
Laboratory accreditation for analytical methods used, also noting any methods used which are not covered by accreditation	Х			Х					Recorded in the CoA.
Laboratory performance for the analytical method using inter- laboratory duplicates		Х			Х				Records documented in the laboratory QAQC report attached to CoA.
Surrogates and spikes used throughout the full method process, or only in parts. Results are corrected for the recovery	Х	Х							Records documented in the laboratory QAQC report attached to CoA.
A list of what spikes and surrogates were run with their recoveries and acceptance criteria (tabulate)		Х			Х				Records documented in the laboratory QAQC report attached to CoA.
Practical quantification limits (PQL)	Х	Х							Recorded in the CoA. PQLs <sac.< td=""></sac.<>
Reference laboratory control sample (LCS) and check results	Х					\boxtimes			Records documented in the laboratory QAQC report attached to CoA.
Laboratory duplicate results (tabulate)	Х				Х				Records documented in the laboratory QAQC report attached to CoA.
Laboratory blank results (tabulate)	Х				Х	\boxtimes			Records documented in the laboratory QAQC report attached to CoA.
Results are within control chart limits	Х								Records documented in the laboratory QAQC report attached to CoA.



	les	ility	ativ			Status			
QAQC Indicator	Completenes	Comparabilit	Representativ	Precision	Accuracy	Yes	No	N/A	Procedures and performance
Evaluation of all quality assurance/control information listed above against the stated data quality objectives, including a quality assurance/control data evaluation	X	Х	Х	X	X				Records documented in the laboratory QAQC report attached to CoA.

10.3 QAQC Discussion

A summary of the Data Quality performance and evaluation is summarised in **Table 10-3** below:

Table 10-3: QAQC and Data Evaluation Summary

Objective	Performance	Status
Documentation completeness	 Completion of field records; Chain of Custody (COC) documentation; Calibration certificates for equipment; NATA Laboratory Sample Receipt Notification (SRN); and NATA laboratory Certificate of Analysis (COA). Sample Location Plans. Sample field sheets. 	✓
Precision & accuracy for sampling & analysis	 Use only trained and qualified field personnel; Calibration certificates for field equipment; Appropriate sampling and field techniques; Decontamination procedures; Achieve laboratory QC criteria; and Achieve QAQC requirements for RPDs and Recovery 	✓
Identify Anomalies	 No elevated results not expected by the CSM; No labelling or sample management errors; No laboratory analyses or reporting errors 	✓
DATA completeness	 Sampling density comparison meets NSW EPA (1995) 'Sampling Design Guidelines' for or all potential contaminants of concern at all areas of environmental concern; and Systematic and judgemental sampling to provide sufficient data representative of all AECs. 	V
Data comparability	 Use of appropriate techniques for the sampling, storage and transportation of sample media; Use of NATA certified laboratory using NEPM endorsed procedures; and Comparison with previous site information, if any. 	√



Objective	Performance	Status
Data representative ness	 Adequate sampling coverage at all points listed in the EPL. Selection of representative samples from each sampling location; & Analysis for PCoC. Achieve laboratory QC criteria. Achieve QAQC requirements for RPDs and Recovery. 	~

The laboratory was NATA accredited, and the Practical Quantitation Limits (PQL) also referred to as Limits of Reporting (LOR) were within the acceptable levels for the investigation criteria. Laboratory certificates of analysis provided in **Appendix C** indicate that for the samples collected during the scope of works, sampling techniques, transport procedures and laboratory analysis were satisfactory. Analysis of Relative Percent Differences (RPD) was conducted of duplicates for each quarterly sampling event. RPDs calculation tables are provided in **Table 14-3** and **Table 14-4**. RPD results generally reported satisfactory differences within the criteria of 30% for organics and 50% for inorganics. Emissions of QA/QC including rinsate samples, trip blank spikes and triplicate were considered to me minor omissions, unlikely to impact the validity of the data.

In summary, the QA/QC indicators all complied with the required standards or showed variations that would have no significant effect on the quality of the data or the conclusions of this assessment. Based on the following conclusions it is therefore determined that, for the purposes of this study, the QA/QC results are valid, and *the quality of the data is acceptable for use in this assessment:*

- > The data was representative of site conditions;
- The data was complete with comprehensive records available from all field work undertaken, and all areas of concern sampled and analysed;
- The data was comparable for samples analysed at different times, and consistent with field observations; and
- > The data was precise and accurate based on the laboratory achievement of relevant quality control criteria.

11 Quarterly Environmental Assessment

11.1 Monitoring Point Summary

Field measurements and NATA laboratory results for dust and methane results from the December 2023 quarter 1 monitoring period reported satisfactory results. Water results including leachate, groundwater, onsite and offsite surface water reported concentrations of analytes within the range historical values. Key indicators of leachate were detected and reported above the adopted site assessment criteria.

Groundwater and surface water within the Site boundary generally reported multiple high level exceedances of analytes indicative of leachate. Offsite sample locations within Rocklow Creek generally reported results consistent with previous monitoring events with exceedances over the ecological stressor values for ammonia.

All dust gauges reported satisfactory results over the June 2023 monitoring period.



Results of surface methane gas monitoring recorded satisfactory results. The landfill surface cap was therefore considered intact and effective during the monitoring period.

Gas accumulation monitoring reported satisfactory results for all enclosed structures within 250m of emplaced waste or leachate storage facility.

Results for flare monitoring reported consistent temperatures below the minimum operating temperature throughout the December 2023 Q1 monitoring period.

11.2 Environmental Management

11.2.1 Landfill Operations

ENRS understand 'solid' waste (general solid waste putrescible and non-putrescible) landfill operations are ongoing at the Site. Landfill practices should be conducted in accordance with the Site's Landfill Environmental Management Plan (LEMP) and the EPA Solid Waste Landfill Guidelines (EPA; 2016).

11.3 Environmental Safeguards

Appropriate management actions are required to continue to prevent and detect potential groundwater and surface water pollution. The nearest sensitive receptors for any uncontrolled Site water and leachate include; areas of adjoining bushland; recreational users of the Minnamurra River estuary environs, down gradient stakeholders; and down gradient alluvial aquifers, swamps, Rocklow Creek, Minnamurra River and Groundwater Dependent Ecosystems (GDE).

It is recommended that any drainage and detention structures are inspected annually by a suitably qualified environmental professional to assess their structural integrity and identify the need for any maintenance (such as removal of deep rooted vegetation, sediment, and re-lining).

Access tracks to sampling points should be inspected and maintained prior to each quarterly sampling events.

Continue to review surface and groundwater monitoring results from up and down gradient of the land fill cells and offsite sampling locations within Rocklow Creek. Continue to monitor surface methane gas in order to assess the capping integrity of the landfill cells.

11.4 Monitoring Program

The Site's EPL's and monitoring regime should be reviewed annually.

Review of the December 2023 Q1 monitoring results indicated no significant change in environmental conditions at the Site over the past three (3) years. Future sampling events should continue to monitor the key indicators of leachate within ground and surface waters, especially concentration of ammonia and nitrate.

Should monitoring continue to report any significant changes in analyte concentrations the need for additional monitoring locations should be reviewed, including additional groundwater monitoring bores both up and down gradient locations of areas with analytical exceedances.

It is recommended that water quality results from future monitoring rounds continue be forwarded to a suitably qualified environmental professional for review within the laboratory holding time to



compare against relevant guidelines and identify any irregularities so that additional testing may be conducted within the sample holding time.

12 Conclusions

Based on the findings obtained during the December 2023 Q1 monitoring program the following conclusions and recommendations are provided:

- Shallow groundwater flow is expected to mimic topography with low hydraulic gradients flowing towards the south and southeast towards Rocklow Creek. The nearest sensitive receptors are likely to include; recreational users of the Minnamurra River estuary environs; down gradient stakeholders; and downgradient alluvial aquifers, swamps, Rocklow Creek, Minnamurra River and Groundwater Dependent Ecosystems near discharge zones;
- Groundwater throughout the monitoring period reported exceedances of the assessment criteria for; ammonia, heavy metals, nitrate and salinity (EC) within multiple groundwater bores. These exceedances were considered to be within historical values with no significant change in site conditions;
- Offsite sample locations within Rocklow Creek generally reported satisfactory results. However, exceedances for ammonia were above the ecological stressor value;
- Surface gas methane monitoring reported satisfactory results all within the adopted assessment criteria;
- Methane levels of enclosed structures on or withing 250m of deposited waste or leachate storage were tested and found to be below the acceptable threshold for 1% (volume/volume) in all cases;
- Dust deposition gauges generally recorded satisfactory results below the guidelines provided in AS3580.10.1. Monitoring should continue in accordance with EPL 5984 requirements;
- Based on this review of the December 2023 Q1 monitoring period, contaminants associated with the landfill cell, leachate dam/s and general site uses are considered to be relatively consistent with the range of historical results;
- Flare temperatures fell below the required KPI of 760 degrees Celsius on one occasion. The reader is referred to the LGI Flare Reports provided in **Appendix G**;
- Should any change in Site conditions or incident occur which causes a potential environmental impact, a suitable environmental professional should be engaged to further assess the Site and consider requirements for any additional monitoring; and
- > This report must be read in conjunction with the attached Statement of Limitations.



13 References

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14 Limitations

This report and the associated services performed by ENRS are in accordance with the scope of services set out in the contract between ENRS and the Client. The scope of services was defined by the requests of the Client, by the time and budgetary constraints imposed by the Client, and by the availability of access to Site.

ENRS derived the data in this report primarily from visual inspections, and, limited sample collection and analysis made on the dates indicated. In preparing this report, ENRS has relied upon, and presumed accurate, certain information provided by government authorities, the Client and others identified herein. The report has been prepared on the basis that while ENRS believes all the information in it is deemed reliable and accurate at the time of preparing the report, it does not warrant its accuracy or completeness and to the full extent allowed by law excludes liability in contract, tort or otherwise, for any loss or damage sustained by the Client arising from or in connection with the supply or use of the whole or any part of the information in the report through any cause whatsoever.

Limitations also apply to analytical methods used in the identification of substances (or parameters). These limitations may be due to non-homogenous material being sampled (i.e. the sample to be analysed may not be representative), low concentrations, the presence of 'masking' agents and the restrictions of the approved analytical technique. As such, non-statistically significant sampling results can only be interpreted as 'indicative' and not used for quantitative assessments.

The data, findings, observations, conclusions and recommendations in the report are based solely upon the state of Site at the time of the investigation. The passage of time, manifestation of latent conditions or impacts of future events (e.g. changes in legislation, scientific knowledge, land uses, etc) may render the report inaccurate. In those circumstances, ENRS shall not be liable for any loss or damage that may be occasioned directly or indirectly through the use of, or reliance on, the contents of the report.

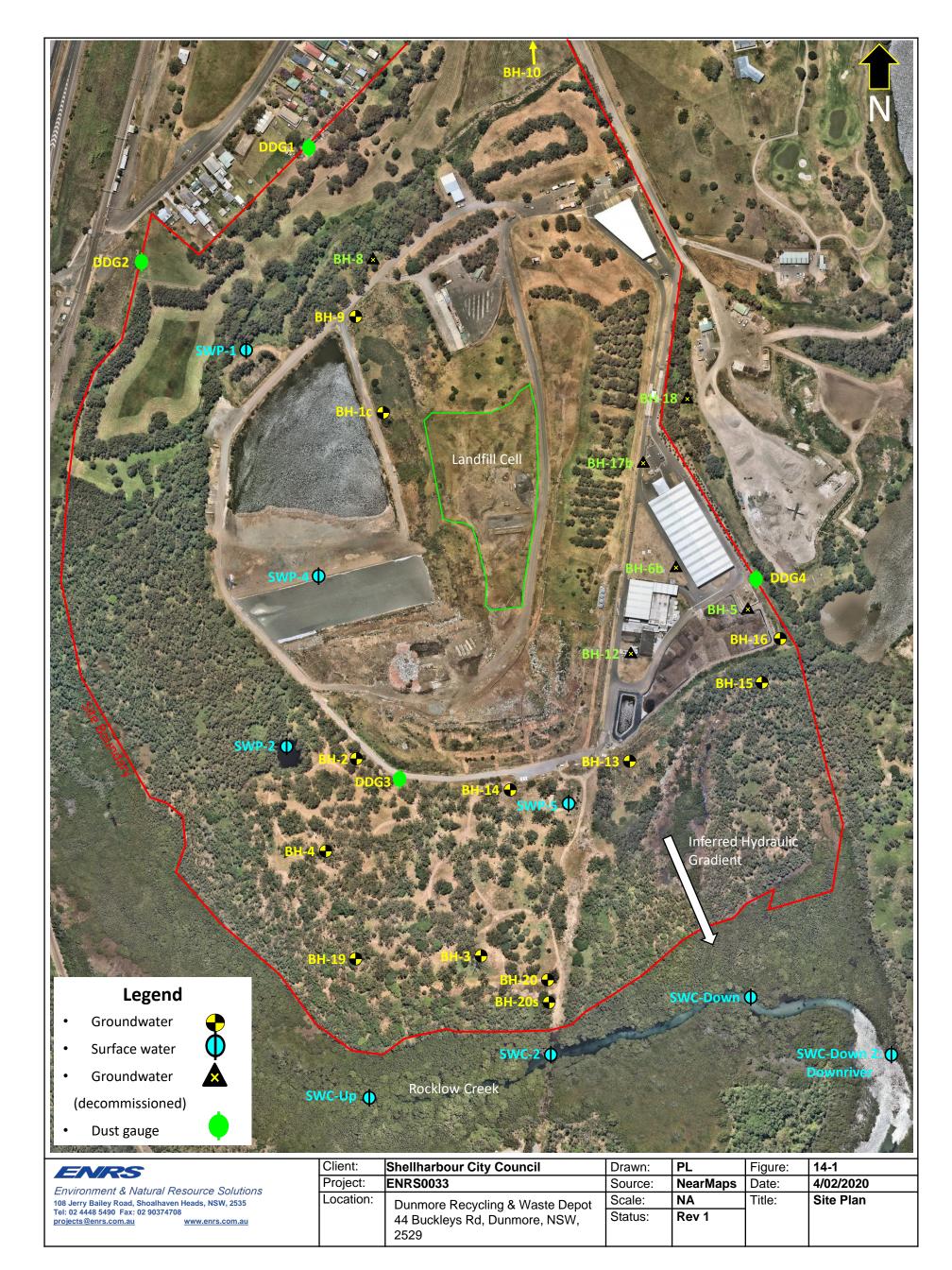
This report has been prepared on behalf of and for the exclusive use of the Client, and is subject to and issued in connection with the provisions of the agreement between ENRS and the Client. ENRS accepts no liability or responsibility whatsoever and expressly disclaims any responsibility for or in respect of any use of or reliance upon this report by any third party or parties.

It is the responsibility of the Client to accept if the Client so chooses any recommendations contained within and implement them in an appropriate, suitable and timely manner.



FIGURES

202312_ENRS0033_SCC Dunmore Landfill_QEMR





ENRS	Client:	Shellharbour City Council	Drawn:	PL	Figure:	14-2
Environment & Natural Resource Solutions	Project:	ENRS0033	Source:	SixMaps	Date:	16/01/2020
108 Jerry Bailey Road, Shoalhaven Heads, NSW, 2535	Location:	Dunmore Recycling & Waste Depot	Scale:	NA	Title:	Surface Gas
Tel: 02 4448 5490 Fax: 02 90374708		44 Buckleys Rd, Dunmore, NSW,	Status:	Rev 1		Sample
projects@enrs.com.au www.enrs.com.au		2529				transects



TABLES



								Q	uarterly V					I Conce omber 202					te Depot											
GILs -Trigger Values for	Freshwater (Protection of 9	5% of Species) ^A			-	-	-	-	-	1.9		-	-	0.9 (pH 8)	-	0.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.5 - 8.5	2200	-	-	-	
GILs -Trigger Values for	Marine Water (Protection of	95% of Species) ^A			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.91 (pH 8)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Australian Drinking Wate	r Guidelines (2018) ^C			Health	-	-	-	-	-	0.5		-	1.5	-	3	50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		6.5 - 8.5	-	-	-	- /	
				Aesthetic	250	-	-	180	-	0.1	0.3	0.3	-	0.5	-	-	-	-	-	250	-	-	-	5	6.5 - 8.5	-	-	-	-	
Lab Report No.	Sample No.	Sample type	EPA No,	Date Sampled	Chloride	Calcium	Magnesium	Sodium	Potassium	Manganese	Total Iron	Dissolved Iron	Fluoride	Ammonia as N	Nitrite as N	Nitrate as N	Total Organic Carbon	Bicarbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	Total Alkalinity as CaCO3	Sulfate as SO4 - Turbidimetric	Dissolved Oxygen	Dissolved Oxygen - % Saturation	Suspended Solids (SS)	Turbidity	Æ	Electrical Conductivity (Non Compensated)	Temperature	Standing Water Level	Total Insoluble Matter	Comments
				Units Laboratory PQL	mg/L 1	mg/L 1	mg/L 1	mg/L 1	mg/L 1	mg/L 0.001	mg/L 0.05	mg/L 0.05	mg/L 0.1	mg/L 0.01	mg/L 0.01	mg/L 0.01	mg/L 1	mg/L 1	mg/L 1	mg/L 1	mg/L 0.01	% 0.1	mg/L 5	NTU 0.1	рН 0.01	μS/cm 1	°C 0.1	mbgl 0.01	mbgl 0.1	-
EW2305322001	BH1c	Groundwater	3	Dec 2023	994	125			220	0.11		12.00	0.3	348.00	0.01	< 0.01	153	2,780	2,780	< 20					7.00	7,840	25.0	3.19		-
EW2305322002	внз	Groundwater	5	Dec 2023	118	146			26	0.09		1.39	< 0.1	9.99	0.24	14.00	11	358	358	120					7.10	1,110	18.0	3.12		-
EW2305322003	BH4	Groundwater	6	Dec 2023	64	125			22	0.12		3.15	< 0.1	2.42	0.01	0.36	11	367	367	103					7.30	894	18.4	4.25		-
EW2305322004	ВН9	Groundwater	18	Dec 2023	387	186			83	0.85		0.12	0.4	173.00	< 0.01	< 0.01	100	1,800	1,800	< 20					7.20	3,620	18.3	3.19		-
EW2305322005	BH12r	Groundwater	17	Dec 2023	200	181			28	0.45		10.20	0.2	4.08	0.02	0.60	24	523	523	157					6.90	1,580	20.6	4.30		-
EW2305322006	BH13	Groundwater	10	Dec 2023	335	211			28	0.47		2.19	0.2	8.09	0.01	0.86	40	897	897	55					6.80	2,250	21.3	4.22		-
EW2305322007	BH14	Groundwater	11	Dec 2023	62	139			16	0.18		0.65	0.4	1.84	< 0.01	0.08	17	550	550	24					6.80	1,080	21.0	4.62		-
EW2305322008	BH15	Groundwater	7	Dec 2023	408	112			130	0.24		8.19	0.2	6.35	0.02	< 0.01	34	486	486	300					7.00	2,120	17.4	21.20		-
EW2305322010	BH18	Groundwater	25	Dec 2023	11	62			8	0.29		2.46	0.2	1.58	< 0.01	< 0.01	14	273	273	< 1					6.60	459	19.1	2.19		-
EW2305322009	BH19r	Groundwater	16	Dec 2023	34	89			42	0.06		0.74	0.1	2.42	< 0.01	< 0.01	13	329	329	42					7.50	678	18.2	4.54		-
EW2305322011	BH21	Groundwater	23	Dec 2023	238	237			41	0.12		< 0.05	0.2	0.07	0.78	52.30	27	528	528	227					6.90	2,170	21.0	3.00		-
EW2305322012	BH22	Groundwater	24	Dec 2023	77	156			13	0.34		44.60	0.4	4.68	< 0.01	0.06	33	335	335	345					6.80	1,360	18.3	2.32		-
EW2305324001	SWP1	Surfacewater	1	Dec 2023	67	32	12	59	10	0.36	0.37	0.11	0.3	0.05	< 0.01	0.01	18	162	162	15	3.81		12	4.80	7.30	526	23.8			-
EW2305324003	SWC_up	Surfacewater	20	Dec 2023	1,230	52	77	617	26	0.07	1.09	0.12	0.3	0.20	< 0.01	0.03	11	120	120	162	6.44		10	10.00	7.20	3,980	21.5			-
EW2305324002	SWC_2	Surfacewater	19	Dec 2023	1,370	60	93	749	32	0.08	1.23	0.12	0.3	0.25	< 0.01	0.08	10	120	120	186	5.24		7	10.30	7.20	4,520	21.3			-
EW2305324004	SWC_down	Surfacewater	21	Dec 2023	1,480	66	106	864	37	0.08	1.48	0.09	0.4	0.27	< 0.01	0.09	10	121	121	213	6.60		6	10.30	7.20	5,220	22.0			-
EW2305324005	SWC_down_2	Surfacewater	22	Dec 2023	1,470	64	106	858	36	0.08	1.17	0.09	0.4	0.25	< 0.01	0.07	10	120	120	195	5.81		7	10.50	7.20	5,110	21.8			-
EW2305326001	Leachate Storage Tank LP1	Leachate	2	Dec 2023	1,570	51			355	1.35	5.08		0.3	330	5.76	< 0.20	142	1,770	1,900	< 10	3.40	41.3			8.60	8,410	24.4			-



				рН	Assessme	nt Criteria	Result
Ammonia Resu		against the pH Modified T C (2000) Table 8.3.7	rigger Values -	pH (lab)	pH Modifed Trigger Values - 95% Freshwater	pH Modifed Trigger Values - 95% Marine Water	Ammonai As N
			Concentrations - PQL	0.1	-	-	0.01
Lab Report No.		Sample ID.	Date	рН	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L
2.38		BH1c	4/12/2023	7.00	2.18	3.91	348.00
2.33		BH3	4/12/2023	7.10	2.09	3.56	9.99
2.26		BH4	4/12/2023	7.30	2.49	5.47	2.42
2.18	-	BH9	4/12/2023	7.20	1.99	3.20	173.00
2.09	-	BH12r	4/12/2023	6.90	2.26	4.24	4.08
1.99	Groundwater	BH13	4/12/2023	6.80	2.33	4.55	8.09
1.88	Groundwater	BH14	4/12/2023	6.80	2.33	4.55	1.84
1.75		BH15	4/12/2023	7.00	2.18	3.91	6.35
1.61	-	BH18	4/12/2023	6.60	2.43	5.07	1.58
1.47		BH19r	4/12/2023	7.50	1.61	2.15	2.42
1.18		BH21	4/12/2023	6.90	2.26	4.24	0.07
1.03		BH22	4/12/2023	6.80	2.33	4.55	4.68
0.9		SWP1	5/12/2023	7.70	1.18	1.32	0.09
0.78		SWC_up	5/12/2023	7.20	1.99	3.20	0.54
0.66	Rocklow Creek Surface Water	SWC_2	5/12/2023	7.30	1.88	2.84	0.76
0.56		SWC_down	5/12/2023	7.40	1.75	2.49	0.51
0.48		SWC_down_2	5/12/2023	7.40	1.75	2.49	0.25

TABLE 14-2: Ammonia Results December 2023 Quarter 1: Dunmore Recycling and Waste Depc

TABLE 14-3: Duplicate Groundwater Sample Results and QCData

Lab Report No.				EW2305322010	EW2305322013	
Sample No.				BH18	GWDuplicate	
Sample type				Groundwater	GWQC	RPD
EPA No,				25	QC1	RPD
Date Sampled				1/12/2023	1/12/2023	
Analyte	Units	PQL	5 x PQL	Result	Result	
Chloride	mg/L	1	5	11	11	0.00
Calcium	mg/L	1	5	62	65	4.72
Potassium	mg/L	1	5	8	8	0.00
Manganese	mg/L	0.001	0.005	0.289	0.300	3.74
Dissolved Iron	mg/L	0.05	0.25	2.46	2.59	5.15
Fluoride	mg/L	0.1	0.5	0.20	0.20	0.00
Ammonia as N	mg/L	0.01	0.05	1.58	1.58	0.00
Nitrite as N	mg/L	0.01	0.05	< 0.01	< 0.01	0.00
Nitrate as N	mg/L	0.01	0.05	< 0.01	< 0.01	0.00
Nitrite + Nitrate as N	mg/L	0.01	0.05	< 0.01	< 0.01	0.00
Total Organic Carbon	mg/L	1	5	14	14	0.00
Bicarbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	mg/L	1	5	273	267	2.22
Total Alkalinity as CaCO3	mg/L	1	5	273	267	2.22
Sulfate as SO4 - Turbidimetric	mg/L	1	5	< 1	< 1	0.00
рН	рН	0.01	0.05	6.60	6.60	0.00
Electrical Conductivity (Non Compensated)	μS/cm	1	5	459	461	o 0.43
Temperature	°C	0.1	0.5	19.1	19.1	0.00
Standing Water Level	mbgl	-		2.19	2.19	0.00

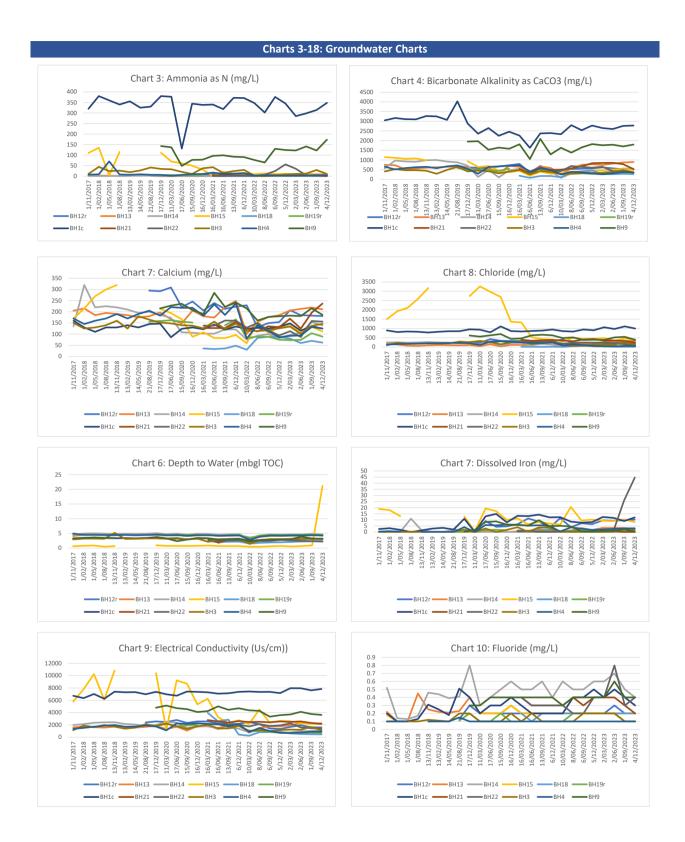
TABLE 14-4: Duplicate Surface Water Results and QC Data

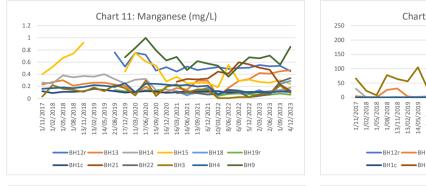
Lab Report No.				EW2305324001	EW2305324006	
Sample No.				SWP1	SWDuplicate	
Sample type				Surfacewater	OffSiteSWQC	RPD
EPA No,				1	QC2	KFD
Date Sampled				5/12/2023	5/12/2023	
Analyte	Units	PQL	5 x PQL	Result	Result	
Chloride	mg/L	1	5	67	1,290	😵 180.25
Calcium	mg/L	1	5	32	57	8 56.18
Potassium	mg/L	1	5	10	30	🔇 100.00
Manganese	mg/L	0.001	0.005	0.359	0.076	😵 130.11
Total Iron	mg/L	0.05	0.25	0.37	1.20	🔇 105.73
Dissolved Iron	mg/L	0.05	0.25	0.11	0.13	16.67
Fluoride	mg/L	0.1	0.5	0.3	0.4	28.57
Ammonia as N	mg/L	0.01	0.05	0.05	0.23	🔇 128.57
Nitrite as N	mg/L	0.01	0.05	< 0.01	< 0.01	0.00
Nitrate as N	mg/L	0.01	0.05	0.01	0.03	🔇 100.00
Nitrite + Nitrate as N	mg/L	0.01	0.05	0.01	0.03	🔇 100.00
Total Organic Carbon	mg/L	1	5	18	10	8 57.14
Bicarbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	mg/L	1	5	162	122	28.17
Total Alkalinity as CaCO3	mg/L	1	5	162	122	28.17
Sulfate as SO4 - Turbidimetric	mg/L	1	5	15	189	😣 170.59
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	0.01	0.05	3.81	5.23	😵 31.42
pН	рН	0.01	0.05	7.30	7.20	1.38
Electrical Conductivity (Non Compensated)	μS/cm	1	5	526	4,520	8 158.30
Temperature	°C	0.1	0.5	23.8	21.3	11.09

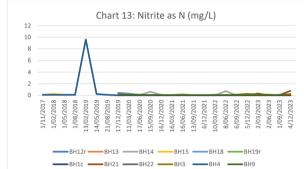


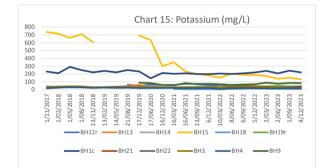
CHARTS

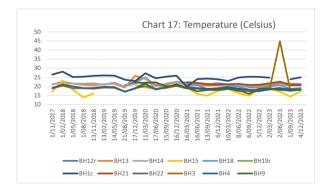
202312_ENRS0033_SCC Dunmore Landfill_QEMR

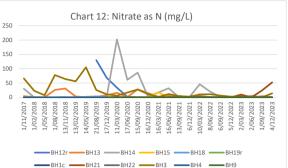


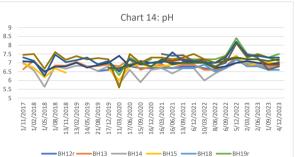




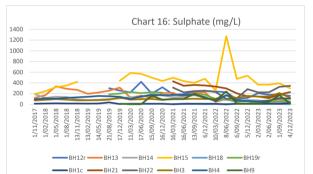


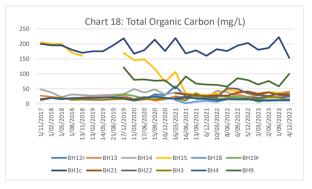


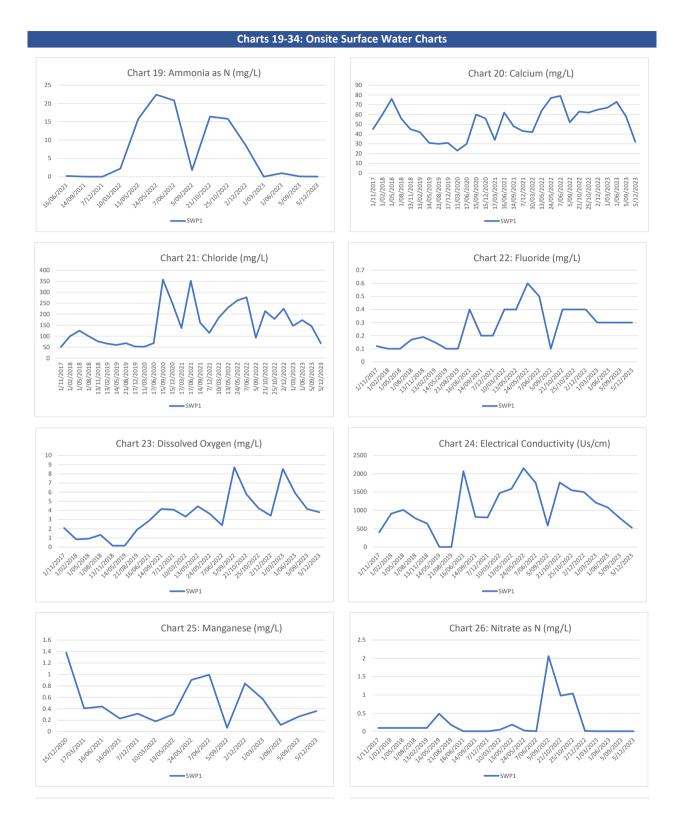


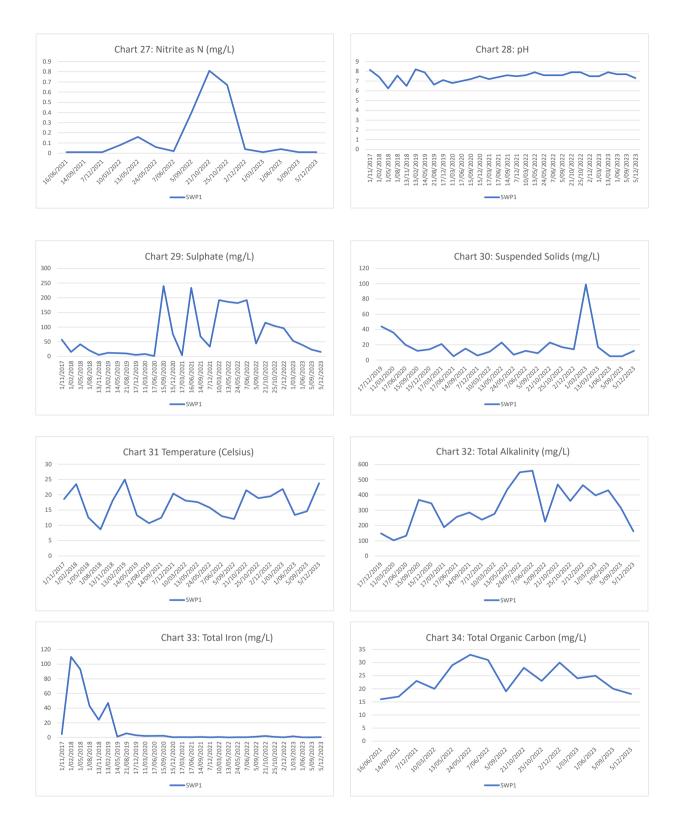


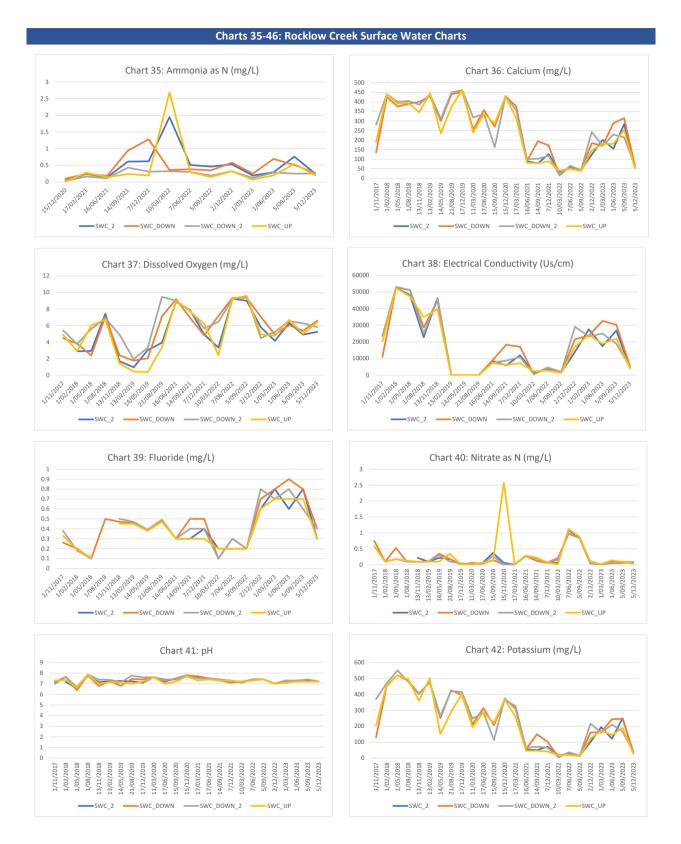
BH1c ____BH21 ____BH22 ____BH3 ____BH4 ____BH9

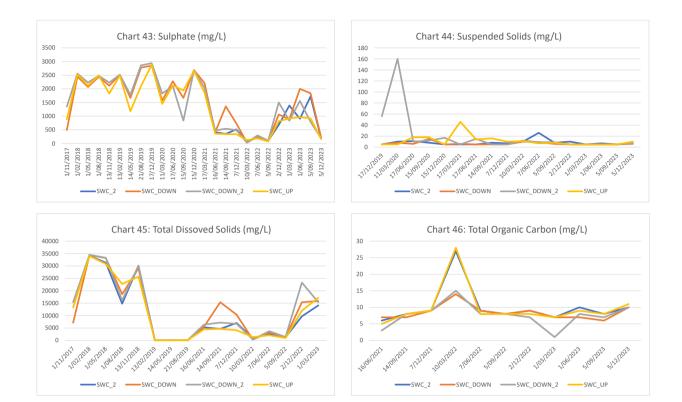




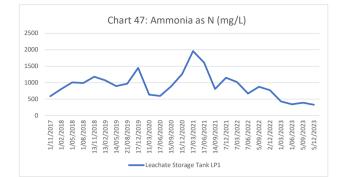


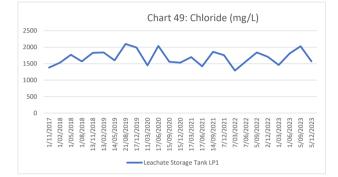


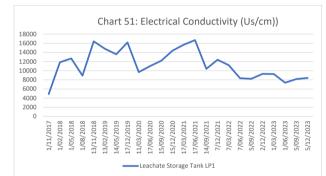


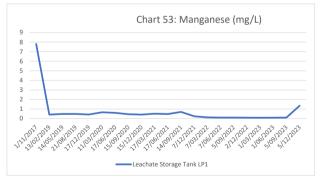


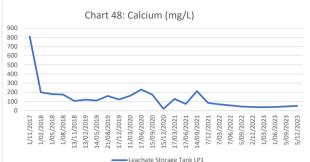
Charts 47-61 Leachate Water Quality Charts

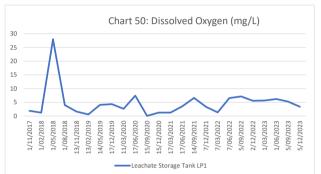


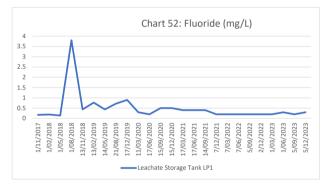


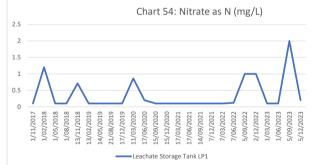


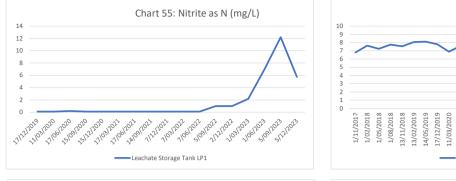


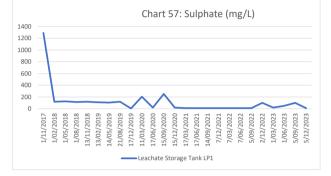


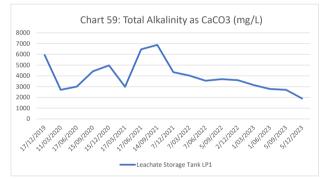


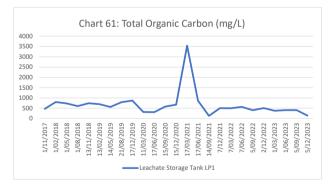


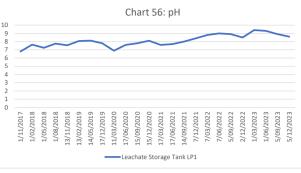


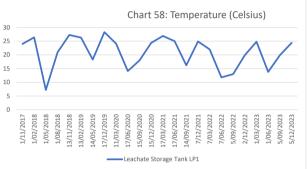












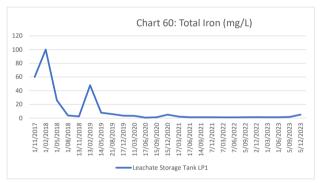
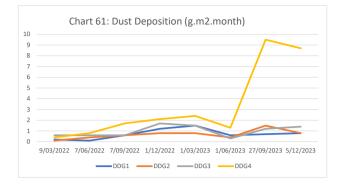


Chart 1 Dust Deposition Chart





APPENDICES

202312_ENRS0033_SCC Dunmore Landfill_QEMR



Appendix A: EPL 5984 Sampling Point Summary (NSW EPA, 10/02/2022)

2	Leachatemonitoring	Leachate tank labelled LP1 on the drawing titled "Shellharbour City Council - Dunmore, NSW - Site Layout - Figure no. 1" dated July 2019 (EPA Ref. no. DOC19/1027702).
3	Groundwater monitoring	BH1c - as shown on the drawing titled "Shellharbour City Council - Dunmore, NSW - Site Layout - Figure no. 1" dated July 2019 (EPA Ref. no. DOC19/1027702).
5	Groundwater monitoring	BH3 - as shown on the drawing titled "Shellharbour City Council - Dunmore, NSW - Site Layout - Figure no. 1" dated July 2019 (EPA Ref. no. DOC19/1027702).
6	Groundwater monitoring	BH4 - as shown on the drawing titled "Shellharbour City Council - Dunmore, NSW - Site Layout - Figure no. 1" dated July 2019 (EPA Ref. no. DOC19/1027702).
7	Groundwater monitoring	BH15 - as shown on the drawing titled "Shellharbour City Council - Dunmore, NSW - Site Layout - Figure no. 1" dated July 2019 (EPA Ref. no. DOC19/1027702).
10	Groundwater monitoring	BH13 - as shown on the drawing titled "Shellharbour City Council - Dunmore, NSW - Site Layout - Figure no. 1" dated July 2019 (EPA Ref. no. DOC19/1027702).
11	Groundwater monitoring	BH14 - as shown on the drawing titled "Shellharbour City Council - Dunmore, NSW - Site Layout - Figure no. 1" dated July 2019 (EPA Ref. no. DOC19/1027702).
16	Groundwater monitoring	BH19 - as shown on the drawing titled "Shellharbour City Council - Dunmore, NSW - Site Layout - Figure no. 1" dated July 2019 (EPA Ref. no. DOC19/1027702).
17	Groundwater monitoring	BH12R - as shown on the drawing titled "Shellharbour City Council - Dunmore, NSW - Site Layout - Figure no. 1" dated July 2019 (EPA Ref. no. DOC19/1027702).



18	Groundwater monitoring	BH9 - as shown on the drawing
		titled "Shellharbour City Council -
		Dunmore, NSW - Site Layout -
		Figure no. 1" dated July 2019 (EPA
1.5		Ref. no. DOC19/1027702).
19	Surface Water Monitoring	SWC_2 - as shown on the drawing
		titled "Shellharbour City Council - Dunmore, NSW - Site Layout -
		Figure no. 1" dated July 2019 (EPA
		Ref. no. DOC19/1027702).
20	Surface Water Monitoring	SWC UP - as shown on the
		drawing titled "Shellharbour City
		Council - Dunmore, NSW - Site
		Layout - Figure no. 1" dated July
		2019 (EPA Ref. no.
		DOC19/1027702).
21	Surface Water Monitoring	SWC_DOWN - as shown on the
		drawing titled "Shellharbour City
		Council - Dunmore, NSW - Site
		Layout - Figure no. 1" dated July 2019 (EPA Ref. no.
		DOC19/1027702).
22	Surface Water Monitoring	SWC DOWN2 - as shown on the
		drawing titled "Shellharbour City
		Council - Dunmore, NSW - Site
		Layout - Figure no. 1" dated July
		2019 (EPA Ref. no.
	-	DOC19/1027702).
23	Groundwater Monitoring	BH21 - as shown on drawing titled
		"Monitoring Point Location Plan -
		Dunmore Recycling and Waste Depot - EPL No. 5984" prepared by
		Cardno and attached to
		correspondence dated 7 April 2020
		(EPA ref. no. DOC20/317779).
24	Groundwater monitoring	BH22 - as shown on drawing titled
		"Monitoring Point Location Plan -
		Dunmore Recycling and Waste
		Depot - EPL No. 5984" prepared by
		Cardno and attached to
		correspondence dated 7 April 2020
25	Groundwater monitoring	(EPA ref. no. DOC20/317779). BH18 - as shown on drawing titled
20		"Monitoring Point Location Plan -
		Dunmore Recycling and Waste
		Depot - EPL No. 5984" prepared by
		Cardno and attached to
		correspondence dated 7 April 2020
		(EPA ref. no. DOC20/317779).



Appendix B:

Laboratory Chain of Custody (COC) & Certificates of Analysis

(COA) – Water Samples – Quarter 1

CHAIN OF CUSTODY ALS Laboratory: please tick >

Cl. Sydney: 277 Woodpark Rd, Sinitcheld NSW 2176 Ph: 02-3784-8565 E campleo.sydney@acenvire.com E Brisbane: 32 Shand St Stafford GLD 4003 Ph/07 3243 7222 Etsamoles brisbane dialser viro once Newcastle: 5 Rosenum Rd. Warabrook NSW 2504 D. Townsville: 14-15 Dearce Ct. Boble QLD 4915 EL New cashes of resegnanting, variaditors novy accorrect intervence intervence or policies or policies or policies or policies or policies of the second response of the second res

I Melbourne, 2-4 Westel R4: Springvele VIC 3171 Derth. 10 Hou Way, Malaga WA 8090 Ph/03 6649 6600 El samples melbourner@iskenvico.com Ph. 08 9209 7665 El samples perth@akenvico.com O Adelaide: 2-1 Burma Rd. Postaka SA 5095 Ph: C6 8359 0890 Eladalacie@alsenviro.com

C Launceston: 27 Wellington St. Launceston TAS 7260 Ph 03 6331 2156 E launcestoni@elsenviro.ecm

CLIENT:	Shellharbour City Council	TURNAROUND REQL	JIREMENTS :	Standard TAT (Li	st due date):							FOR LABORATORY	
OFFICE:	41 Burelli St WOLLONGONG NSW 2500	(Standard TAT may be long e.g., Ultra Trace Organics)		Non Standard or u	rgent TAT (List due	date):						Custody Seel Intact?	(var) NO NA
PROJECT:	Dunmore Quarterly Ground Waters EPL	ALS QUOTE NO .:	WO/030/19 T	ENDER			COC SE	QUENCE	NUMB	ER (Circ	ie)	Free ice / frozen ice brick	si present upon Vas No NVA
ORDER NUMBER	R:					coc:	1	23	4	5	67	Random Sample Tenjper	aura on Receipt /1 , C 'B
PROJECT MANA	AGER: Ryan Stirling				-	OF:	1	23	4	5	67	Other comment:	
SAMPLER:		SAMPLER MOBILE:		NOUISHED BY:			IVED B	Υ:			RE	LINQUISHED BY:	Environmental Distato
COC emailed to	ALS? (YES / NO)	EDD FORMAT (or default):		labert	Deho	A I	m	10	4				Environmental Division
Email Reports to	D :			TIME:		DATE		TY			DA	TE/TIME:	Wollongong Work Order Reference
Email Invoice to	:		4	12.20	14:30	2	4 \ ()	212	3				EW2305322
COMMENTS/SPE	ECIAL HANDLING/STORAGE OR DISPOSAL:	CC reports to:					(· _ · · · ·	
			······································										

SAMPLE ID	DATE / TIME 1223 G: 55 12: 53 13:10		TYPE & PRESERVATIVE (refer to codes below)	TOTAL BOTTLES	Ammonia	NT-2A (Alka, So4, Cl, Fl) Filtered Ca, K	0	Dissolved Fe & Mn	NT-4 (NO2, NO3)	l to fins		Leisphone · 02 42263125
	1 12:53					- 0 L	100	M Dis	N03	Send to Eurofins		
		w			1	1	1	1	1			Field Tests - pH, EC, Temp & SWL
	13:10				1	✓	1	1	1			Field Tests - pH, EC, Temp & SWL
	¥	w	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1	1	1	1	4			Field Tests - pH, EC, Temp & SWL
	9:25	w			1	1	1	1	1			Field Tests - pH, EC, Temp & SWL
2R	11:32	w			1	1	4	1	1			Field Tests - pH, EC, Temp & SWL
3	11:55	w	·		~	1	1	1	1			Field Tests - pH, EC, Temp & SWL
4	12:25	w			1	1	1	1	1			Field Tests - pH, EC, Temp & SWL
5	11.10	w			1	1	1	1	*	_		Field Tests - pH, EC, Temp & SWL
9R	13:30	w			1	1	1	4	*			Field Tests - pH, EC, Temp & SWL
8	8:45	w				1	1	1	1			Field Tests - pH, EC, Temp & SWL
1	10:40	w			1	-	1	1	1			Field Tests - pH, EC, Temp & SWL
2	15:20	w		_	1	1	4	1	1			Field Tests - pH, EC, Temp & SWL
icate	8:45	w			1	1	~	1	1			Field Tests - pH, EC, Temp & SWL
icate	8:43	w			<u></u>					1		
	· · · ·											
				10								
3 4 5 9 6 1 2 1 2 1 1 2	R Cate Cate	R 11:32 11:55 12:25 12:25 11:10 R 13:30 	$ \begin{array}{ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	R 11.52 W ✓ 11.55 W ✓ 12.25 W ✓ 13.35 W ✓ 10.40 W ✓ 10.45 <t< td=""><td>R 11.32 W ✓ ✓ 11.55 W ✓ ✓ ✓ 12.25 W ✓ ✓ ✓ 13.35 W ✓ ✓ ✓ 8.45 W ✓ ✓ ✓ 10.40 W ✓ ✓ ✓ 10.40 W ✓ ✓ ✓ 10.45 W</td><td>R 11.32 W \cdot \cdot</td><td>R 11:32 \checkmark \checkmark</td><td>R 11:52 V \cdot \cdot</td><td>R 11:52 W \checkmark \checkmark</td><td>R 11.52 W ✓<</td></t<>	R 11.32 W ✓ ✓ 11.55 W ✓ ✓ ✓ 12.25 W ✓ ✓ ✓ 13.35 W ✓ ✓ ✓ 8.45 W ✓ ✓ ✓ 10.40 W ✓ ✓ ✓ 10.40 W ✓ ✓ ✓ 10.45 W	R 11.32 W \cdot	R 11:32 \checkmark	R 11:52 V \cdot	R 11:52 W \checkmark	R 11.52 W ✓<

V = VOA Vial HCI Preserved Plastic; XG = XND#7 USA Vial Sodium Bisulphate Preserved; VS = VOA Vial Sodium Bisulphate Bi



CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Work Order	EW2305322	Page	: 1 of 8
Client	SHELLHARBOUR CITY COUNCIL	Laboratory	Environmental Division NSW South Coast
Contact	: Ryan Stirling	Contact	: Aneta Prosaroski
Address	: LAMERTON HOUSE, LAMERTON CRESCENT	Address	: 1/19 Ralph Black Dr, North Wollongong 2500 NSW Australia
	SHELL HARBOUR CITY CENTRE NSW, AUSTRALIA 2529		
Telephone	·	Telephone	: +61 2 4225 3125
Project	: Dunmore Quarterly Groundwaters EPL	Date Samples Received	: 04-Dec-2023 15:09
Order number	: 156810	Date Analysis Commenced	: 04-Dec-2023
C-O-C number	:	Issue Date	: 12-Dec-2023 13:38
Sampler	: Robert DaLio		HIZ-DEC-2023 13:38
Site	: DUNMORE LANDFILL TENDER		
Quote number	: WO/030/19 TENDER GROUNDWATERS		Accreditation No. 825
No. of samples received	: 14		Accredited for compliance with
No. of samples analysed	: 13		ISO/IEC 17025 - Testing

This report supersedes any previous report(s) with this reference. Results apply to the sample(s) as submitted, unless the sampling was conducted by ALS. This document shall not be reproduced, except in full.

This Certificate of Analysis contains the following information:

- General Comments
- Analytical Results

Additional information pertinent to this report will be found in the following separate attachments: Quality Control Report, QA/QC Compliance Assessment to assist with Quality Review and Sample Receipt Notification.

Signatories

This document has been electronically signed by the authorized signatories below. Electronic signing is carried out in compliance with procedures specified in 21 CFR Part 11.

Signatories	Position	Accreditation Category
Ankit Joshi	Senior Chemist - Inorganics	Sydney Inorganics, Smithfield, NSW
Dian Dao	Senior Chemist - Inorganics	Sydney Inorganics, Smithfield, NSW
Robert DaLio	Sampler	Laboratory - Wollongong, NSW
Wisam Marassa	Inorganics Coordinator	Sydney Inorganics, Smithfield, NSW



General Comments

The analytical procedures used by ALS have been developed from established internationally recognised procedures such as those published by the USEPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are fully validated and are often at the client request.

Where moisture determination has been performed, results are reported on a dry weight basis.

Where a reported less than (<) result is higher than the LOR, this may be due to primary sample extract/digestate dilution and/or insufficient sample for analysis.

Where the LOR of a reported result differs from standard LOR, this may be due to high moisture content, insufficient sample (reduced weight employed) or matrix interference.

When sampling time information is not provided by the client, sampling dates are shown without a time component. In these instances, the time component has been assumed by the laboratory for processing purposes.

Where a result is required to meet compliance limits the associated uncertainty must be considered. Refer to the ALS Contract for details.

Key: CAS Number = CAS registry number from database maintained by Chemical Abstracts Services. The Chemical Abstracts Service is a division of the American Chemical Society.

LOR = Limit of reporting

^ = This result is computed from individual analyte detections at or above the level of reporting

ø = ALS is not NATA accredited for these tests.

~ = Indicates an estimated value.

- Analytical work for this work order will be conducted at ALS Sydney.
- EK040: Poor spike recovery for Fluoride due to matrix interferences(confirmed by re-analysis).
- ED041G: LOR raised for Sulfate due to sample matrix
- EK057G: It has been noted that Nitrite is greater than Nox on sample 9, however this difference is within the limits of experimental variation.
- pH performed by ALS Wollongong via in-house method EA005FD and EN67 PK.
- Electrical conductivity performed by ALS Wollongong via in-house method EA010FD and EN67 PK.
- Sampling and groundwater depth measurements completed by ALS Wollongong via inhouse sampling method EN/67.11 Groundwater Sampling Via Bailer Method.
- Temperature performed by ALS Wollongong via in-house method EA116 and EN67 PK.
- Sample collection of Ground Waters by in-house EN67 by high flow and bailer method.
- Sodium Adsorption Ratio (where reported): Where results for Na, Ca or Mg are <LOR, a concentration at half the reported LOR is incorporated into the SAR calculation. This represents a conservative approach for Na relative to the assumption that <LOR = zero concentration and a conservative approach for Ca & Mg relative to the assumption that <LOR is equivalent to the LOR concentration.
- ED045G: The presence of Thiocyanate, Thiosulfate and Sulfite can positively contribute to the chloride result, thereby may bias results higher than expected. Results should be scrutinised accordingly.



Sub-Matrix: WATER (Matrix: WATER)			Sample ID	BH1C	BH3	BH4	BH9	BH12R
		Sampli	ng date / time	04-Dec-2023 09:55	04-Dec-2023 12:55	04-Dec-2023 13:10	04-Dec-2023 09:25	04-Dec-2023 11:32
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW2305322-001	EW2305322-002	EW2305322-003	EW2305322-004	EW2305322-005
				Result	Result	Result	Result	Result
A005FD: Field pH								
рН		0.1	pH Unit	7.0	7.1	7.3	7.2	6.9
A010FD: Field Conductivity								
Electrical Conductivity (Non Compensated)		1	μS/cm	7840	1110	894	3620	1580
EA116: Temperature								
Temperature		0.5	°C	25.0	18.0	18.4	18.3	20.6
ED037P: Alkalinity by PC Titrator								
Hydroxide Alkalinity as CaCO3	DMO-210-001	1	mg/L	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Carbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	3812-32-6	1	mg/L	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Bicarbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	71-52-3	1	mg/L	2780	358	367	1800	523
Total Alkalinity as CaCO3		1	mg/L	2780	358	367	1800	523
ED041G: Sulfate (Turbidimetric) as S	O4 2- by DA							
Sulfate as SO4 - Turbidimetric	14808-79-8	1	mg/L	<20	120	103	<20	157
ED045G: Chloride by Discrete Analys	er							
Chloride	16887-00-6	1	mg/L	994	118	64	387	200
ED093F: Dissolved Major Cations						·		
Calcium	7440-70-2	1	mg/L	125	146	125	186	181
Potassium	7440-09-7	1	mg/L	220	26	22	83	28
EG020F: Dissolved Metals by ICP-MS						·		
Manganese	7439-96-5	0.001	mg/L	0.106	0.090	0.123	0.853	0.450
Iron	7439-89-6	0.05	mg/L	12.0	1.39	3.15	0.12	10.2
EK040P: Fluoride by PC Titrator								
Fluoride	16984-48-8	0.1	mg/L	0.3	<0.1	<0.1	0.4	0.2
K055G: Ammonia as N by Discrete A	Analyser					·	·	·
Ammonia as N	7664-41-7	0.01	mg/L	348	9.99	2.42	173	4.08
EK057G: Nitrite as N by Discrete Ana	alyser							
Nitrite as N	14797-65-0	0.01	mg/L	0.01	0.24	0.01	<0.01	0.02



Sub-Matrix: WATER (Matrix: WATER)			Sample ID	BH1C	BH3	BH4	BH9	BH12R
		Sampling date / time		04-Dec-2023 09:55	04-Dec-2023 12:55	04-Dec-2023 13:10	04-Dec-2023 09:25	04-Dec-2023 11:32
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW2305322-001	EW2305322-002	EW2305322-003	EW2305322-004	EW2305322-005
				Result	Result	Result	Result	Result
EK058G: Nitrate as N by Discrete An	alyser - Continued							
Nitrate as N	14797-55-8	0.01	mg/L	<0.01	14.0	0.36	<0.01	0.60
EK059G: Nitrite plus Nitrate as N (NC	Dx) by Discrete Ana	lyser						
Nitrite + Nitrate as N		0.01	mg/L	0.01	14.2	0.37	<0.01	0.62
EP005: Total Organic Carbon (TOC)								
Total Organic Carbon		1	mg/L	153	11	11	100	24
QWI-EN 67.11 Sampling of Groundwa	iters							
Standing Water Level		0.01	m AHD	3.19	3.12	4.25	3.19	4.30



Sub-Matrix: WATER (Matrix: WATER)			Sample ID	BH13	BH14	BH15	BH19R	BH18
		Sampli	ing date / time	04-Dec-2023 11:55	04-Dec-2023 12:25	04-Dec-2023 11:10	04-Dec-2023 13:30	04-Dec-2023 08:45
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW2305322-006	EW2305322-007	EW2305322-008	EW2305322-009	EW2305322-010
				Result	Result	Result	Result	Result
EA005FD: Field pH								
рН		0.1	pH Unit	6.8	6.8	7.0	7.5	6.6
EA010FD: Field Conductivity								
Electrical Conductivity (Non Compensated)		1	μS/cm	2250	1080	2120	678	459
EA116: Temperature								
Temperature		0.5	°C	21.3	21.0	17.4	18.2	19.1
ED037P: Alkalinity by PC Titrator								
Hydroxide Alkalinity as CaCO3	DMO-210-001	1	mg/L	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Carbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	3812-32-6	1	mg/L	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Bicarbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	71-52-3	1	mg/L	897	550	486	329	273
Total Alkalinity as CaCO3		1	mg/L	897	550	486	329	273
ED041G: Sulfate (Turbidimetric) as S	O4 2- by DA							·
Sulfate as SO4 - Turbidimetric	14808-79-8	1	mg/L	55	24	300	42	<1
ED045G: Chloride by Discrete Analys	er							
Chloride	16887-00-6	1	mg/L	335	62	408	34	11
ED093F: Dissolved Major Cations								
Calcium	7440-70-2	1	mg/L	211	139	112	89	62
Potassium	7440-09-7	1	mg/L	28	16	130	42	8
EG020F: Dissolved Metals by ICP-MS								
Manganese	7439-96-5	0.001	mg/L	0.467	0.178	0.239	0.063	0.289
Iron	7439-89-6	0.05	mg/L	2.19	0.65	8.19	0.74	2.46
EK040P: Fluoride by PC Titrator								
Fluoride	16984-48-8	0.1	mg/L	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.2
EK055G: Ammonia as N by Discrete A	Analyser							
Ammonia as N	7664-41-7	0.01	mg/L	8.09	1.84	6.35	2.42	1.58
EK057G: Nitrite as N by Discrete Ana	llyser							
Nitrite as N	14797-65-0	0.01	mg/L	0.01	<0.01	0.02	<0.01	<0.01



Sub-Matrix: WATER (Matrix: WATER)			Sample ID	BH13	BH14	BH15	BH19R	BH18
		Samplii	ng date / time	04-Dec-2023 11:55	04-Dec-2023 12:25	04-Dec-2023 11:10	04-Dec-2023 13:30	04-Dec-2023 08:45
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW2305322-006	EW2305322-007	EW2305322-008	EW2305322-009	EW2305322-010
				Result	Result	Result	Result	Result
EK058G: Nitrate as N by Discrete An	alyser - Continued							
Nitrate as N	14797-55-8	0.01	mg/L	0.86	0.08	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01
EK059G: Nitrite plus Nitrate as N (NC)x) by Discrete Ana	lyser						
Nitrite + Nitrate as N		0.01	mg/L	0.87	0.08	0.02	<0.01	<0.01
EP005: Total Organic Carbon (TOC)								
Total Organic Carbon		1	mg/L	40	17	34	13	14
QWI-EN 67.11 Sampling of Groundwa	ters					·		
Standing Water Level		0.01	m AHD	4.22	4.62	21.2	4.54	2.19



Sub-Matrix: WATER (Matrix: WATER)			Sample ID	BH21	BH22	Duplicate	
(Sampli	ng date / time	04-Dec-2023 10:40	04-Dec-2023 10:20	04-Dec-2023 08:45	
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW2305322-011	EW2305322-012	EW2305322-013	
				Result	Result	Result	
EA005FD: Field pH							
рН		0.1	pH Unit	6.9	6.8	6.6	
EA010FD: Field Conductivity							
Electrical Conductivity (Non Compensated)		1	µS/cm	2170	1360	461	
EA116: Temperature							
Temperature		0.5	°C	21.0	18.3	19.1	
ED037P: Alkalinity by PC Titrator							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Hydroxide Alkalinity as CaCO3	DMO-210-001	1	mg/L	<1	<1	<1	
Carbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	3812-32-6	1	mg/L	<1	<1	<1	
Bicarbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	71-52-3	1	mg/L	528	335	267	
Total Alkalinity as CaCO3		1	mg/L	528	335	267	
ED041G: Sulfate (Turbidimetric) as SC	04 2- by DA						
Sulfate as SO4 - Turbidimetric	14808-79-8	1	mg/L	227	345	<1	
ED045G: Chloride by Discrete Analys	er						
Chloride	16887-00-6	1	mg/L	238	77	11	
ED093F: Dissolved Major Cations							
Calcium	7440-70-2	1	mg/L	237	156	65	
Potassium	7440-09-7	1	mg/L	41	13	8	
EG020F: Dissolved Metals by ICP-MS							
Manganese	7439-96-5	0.001	mg/L	0.123	0.336	0.300	
Iron	7439-89-6	0.05	mg/L	<0.05	44.6	2.59	
EK040P: Fluoride by PC Titrator							
Fluoride	16984-48-8	0.1	mg/L	0.2	0.4	0.2	
EK055G: Ammonia as N by Discrete A							
Ammonia as N	7664-41-7	0.01	mg/L	0.07	4.68	1.58	
EK057G: Nitrite as N by Discrete Ana							
Nitrite as N	14797-65-0	0.01	mg/L	0.78	<0.01	<0.01	



Sub-Matrix: WATER (Matrix: WATER)			Sample ID	BH21	BH22	Duplicate	
		Samplii	ng date / time	04-Dec-2023 10:40	04-Dec-2023 10:20	04-Dec-2023 08:45	
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW2305322-011	EW2305322-012	EW2305322-013	
				Result	Result	Result	
EK058G: Nitrate as N by Discrete Analys	er - Continued						
Nitrate as N	14797-55-8	0.01	mg/L	52.3	0.06	<0.01	
EK059G: Nitrite plus Nitrate as N (NOx)	by Discrete Ana	lyser					
Nitrite + Nitrate as N		0.01	mg/L	53.1	0.06	<0.01	
EP005: Total Organic Carbon (TOC)							
Total Organic Carbon		1	mg/L	27	33	14	
QWI-EN 67.11 Sampling of Groundwaters	;						
Standing Water Level		0.01	m AHD	3.00	2.32	2.19	

Inter-Laboratory Testing

Analysis conducted by ALS Sydney, NATA accreditation no. 825, site no. 10911 (Chemistry) 14913 (Biology).

(WATER) ED093F: Dissolved Major Cations

(WATER) EP005: Total Organic Carbon (TOC)

(WATER) EK055G: Ammonia as N by Discrete Analyser

(WATER) EG020F: Dissolved Metals by ICP-MS

(WATER) EK057G: Nitrite as N by Discrete Analyser

(WATER) EK058G: Nitrate as N by Discrete Analyser

(WATER) EK059G: Nitrite plus Nitrate as N (NOx) by Discrete Analyser

(WATER) ED045G: Chloride by Discrete Analyser

(WATER) ED037P: Alkalinity by PC Titrator

(WATER) EK040P: Fluoride by PC Titrator

(WATER) ED041G: Sulfate (Turbidimetric) as SO4 2- by DA



CHAIN OF CUSTODY

ALS Laboratory: please tick ->

 Sydney: 277 Woodpark Rd, Smithilald NSW 2176
 Plr: 02 8784 8555 Eisamples.sydney@alsenviro.com Brisbane: 32 Shand St. Stafford QLD 4053 Ph/07 3243 7222 E.samples hrisbane@alserwire.com C Newcastle: 5 Rosegum Rd. Warabrook NSW 2304 Townsville: 14-15 Desma Ct. Bohle QLD 4818 Ph:02 4968 9433 Examples newcastla@alsenviro.com Ph:07 4796 0600 E: towosville environmental@elsenviro.com

C Melbourne 2-4 Wastall Rd, Springvale ViC 3171 Ph:03.8549.9600 E: samples melbourne@alsenviro.com Cl Adelaide: 2-1 Burma Rd Pooraka SA 5095 Ph: 03 8359 0890 E.adelaide@atsenviro.com

🗇 Perth: 10 Hod Way, Malaga WA 6090 Ph: 08 9209 7655 E samples.perth@alsenviro.com Launceston: 27 Wellington St, Launceston TAS 7250 Ph: 03 6331 2158 E: launceston@alsenviro.com

					42	
CLIENT:	Shellharbour City Council	TURNAROUND REQUIREMENTS (Standard TAT may be longer for some te			FOR LABORATORY USE ON	LY (Circle)
OFFICE:	41 Burelli St WOLLONGONG NSW 2500	e.g Ultra Trace Organics)	Non Standard or urgent TAT (List de	ue date):	Castody See Infact?	NS N/A
PROJECT:	Dunmore Quarterly Surface Waters EPL	ALS QUOTE NO.: WO/030/19 T		COC SEQUENCE NUMBER (Circle		
ORDER NUMBER:	:			coc: 1 2 3 4 5 6	7 Random Sample Temperature on R	
PROJECT MANAG	NUMBER: T MANAGER: Ryan Stirling			OF: 1 2 3 4 5 6	7 Other comment:	ື S ໒
SAMPLER:	Lobert Dalis s	SAMPLER MOBILE:	RELINQUISHED BY:	RECEIVED BY:	RELINQUISHED BY:	RECEIVED BY:
COC emailed to AL	LS? (YES / NO) E	EDD FORMAT (or default):	- Robert Delio	Λ		
Email Reports to :	:		DATE/TIME:	DATE/TIME:	DATE/TIME:	DATE/TIME:
Email Invoice to :			4.12.20	5/12/27		
COMMENTS/SPEC		·				

COMMENTS/SPECIAL HANDLING/STORAGE OR DISPOSAL: CC reports to:

ALS USE ONLY	SAM MATRIX:	PLE DETAILS Solid(S) Water(W)		CONTAINER INFORMATION	I		ALYSIS REQUIRED including SUITES (NB. Suite Codes must be listed to attract suite price) /here Metals are required, specify Total (unfiltered bottle required) or Dissolved (field filtered bottle required).				Additional Information		
LAB ID	SAMPLE ID	DATE / TIME	MATRIX	TYPE & PRESERVATIVE (refer to codes below)	TOTAL BOTTLES	ISS	NT-1, NT-2A (Ionic Balance)	TOC, NT-4, NH3, Total Mn	Dissolved and Total Fe	Turbidity	NH3, NH4 & NO3	TSS, TDS, TOC, Total Mn	Comments on likely contaminant levels, dilutions, or samples requiring specific QC analysis etc.
	SWP1	5.12.23 10:4	5 W			√	1	1	1	_			Field Tests - pH, EC, DO & Temp
	SWC_2	9:26	w				1		~	1	1	1	Field Tests - pH, EC, DO & Temp
	SWC_UP	8:45	w				-		1	1	1	1	Field Tests - pH, EC, DO & Temp
	SWC_DOWN	8:55	w				1		1	1	1	1	Field Tests - pH, EC, DO & Temp
	SWC_DOWN_2	9.05					1		1	1	~	×	Field Tests - pH, EC, DO & Temp
	Duplicate	9:26	w	Environmental Divis			1		×	4		4	Field Tests - pH, EC, DO & Temp
				 Wollongong Work Order Reference EW23053 									
<u>_</u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				• 6 ⁻ †	L			ι				
fater Container Codes: P = VOA Vial HCI Preserved	= Unpreserved Plastic; N = Nitric Prese VB = VOA Vial Sodium Bisutphate Pres	erved Plastic; ORC = Nitric Preserved erved: VS = VOA Vial Sulfuric Preserved	ORC; SH = So red: AV = Airfro	ndiun Telephone : 02 42253125		Plastic; /	AG = Amber G	lass Unprese	rved; AP - Airfr	eight Unpres	erved Plastic		

HCI preserved Plastic; HS = HCI preserved Speciation bottle; SP = Sulfuric Preserved Plastic; F = Formaldehyde Preserved Glass;

ENFM204



CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Work Order	EW2305324	Page	: 1 of 7
Client	: SHELLHARBOUR CITY COUNCIL	Laboratory	Environmental Division NSW South Coast
Contact	: Ryan Stirling	Contact	: Aneta Prosaroski
Address	LAMERTON HOUSE, LAMERTON CRESCENT	Address	: 1/19 Ralph Black Dr, North Wollongong 2500 NSW Australia
	SHELL HARBOUR CITY CENTRE NSW, AUSTRALIA 2529		
Telephone	·	Telephone	: +61 2 4225 3125
Project	: Dunmore Quarterly Surface Water EPL	Date Samples Received	: 05-Dec-2023 14:04
Order number	: 156810	Date Analysis Commenced	: 05-Dec-2023
C-O-C number	:	Issue Date	: 12-Dec-2023 13:38
Sampler	: Robert DaLio		Iac-MRA NATA
Site	: DUNMORE LANDFILL TENDER		
Quote number	: WO/030/19 TENDER SURFACE WATER		
No. of samples received	: 6		Accreditation No. 825 Accredited for compliance with
No. of samples analysed	: 6		ISO/IEC 17025 - Testing

This report supersedes any previous report(s) with this reference. Results apply to the sample(s) as submitted, unless the sampling was conducted by ALS. This document shall not be reproduced, except in full.

This Certificate of Analysis contains the following information:

- General Comments
- Analytical Results

Additional information pertinent to this report will be found in the following separate attachments: Quality Control Report, QA/QC Compliance Assessment to assist with Quality Review and Sample Receipt Notification.

Signatories

This document has been electronically signed by the authorized signatories below. Electronic signing is carried out in compliance with procedures specified in 21 CFR Part 11.

Signatories	Position	Accreditation Category
Ankit Joshi	Senior Chemist - Inorganics	Sydney Inorganics, Smithfield, NSW
Robert DaLio	Sampler	Laboratory - Wollongong, NSW



General Comments

The analytical procedures used by ALS have been developed from established internationally recognised procedures such as those published by the USEPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are fully validated and are often at the client request.

Where moisture determination has been performed, results are reported on a dry weight basis.

Where a reported less than (<) result is higher than the LOR, this may be due to primary sample extract/digestate dilution and/or insufficient sample for analysis.

Where the LOR of a reported result differs from standard LOR, this may be due to high moisture content, insufficient sample (reduced weight employed) or matrix interference.

When sampling time information is not provided by the client, sampling dates are shown without a time component. In these instances, the time component has been assumed by the laboratory for processing purposes.

Where a result is required to meet compliance limits the associated uncertainty must be considered. Refer to the ALS Contract for details.

Key: CAS Number = CAS registry number from database maintained by Chemical Abstracts Services. The Chemical Abstracts Service is a division of the American Chemical Society.

LOR = Limit of reporting

^ = This result is computed from individual analyte detections at or above the level of reporting

ø = ALS is not NATA accredited for these tests.

~ = Indicates an estimated value.

• Analytical work for this work order will be conducted at ALS Sydney.

- As per QWI EN55-3 Data Interpreting Procedures, Ionic balances are typically calculated using Major Anions Chloride, Alkalinity and Sulfate; and Major Cations Calcium, Magnesium, Potassium and Sodium.
 Where applicable and dependent upon sample matrix, the Ionic Balance may also include the additional contribution of Ammonia, Dissolved Metals by ICPMS and H+ to the Cations and Nitrate, SiO2 and Fluoride to the Anions.
- pH performed by ALS Wollongong via in-house method EA005FD and EN67 PK.
- Electrical conductivity performed by ALS Wollongong via in-house method EA010FD and EN67 PK.
- Sampling completed by ALS Wollongong in accordance with in-house sampling method EN/67.6 Rivers and Streams.
- Dissolved oxygen (DO) performed by ALS Wollongong via in-house method EP025FD and EN67 PK.
- All field analysis performed by ALS Wollongong were completed at the time of sampling.
- Sodium Adsorption Ratio (where reported): Where results for Na, Ca or Mg are <LOR, a concentration at half the reported LOR is incorporated into the SAR calculation. This represents a conservative approach for Na relative to the assumption that <LOR = zero concentration and a conservative approach for Ca & Mg relative to the assumption that <LOR is equivalent to the LOR concentration.
- ED045G: The presence of Thiocyanate, Thiosulfate and Sulfite can positively contribute to the chloride result, thereby may bias results higher than expected. Results should be scrutinised accordingly.



Sub-Matrix: WATER (Matrix: WATER)			Sample ID	SWP1 Point 1	SWC_2 Point 19	SWC_UP Point 20	SWC_Down Point 21	SWC_DOWN_2 Point 22
		Sampli	ng date / time	05-Dec-2023 10:45	05-Dec-2023 09:26	05-Dec-2023 08:45	05-Dec-2023 08:55	05-Dec-2023 09:05
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW2305324-001	EW2305324-002	EW2305324-003	EW2305324-004	EW2305324-005
				Result	Result	Result	Result	Result
EA005FD: Field pH								
рН		0.1	pH Unit	7.3	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2
EA010FD: Field Conductivity								
Electrical Conductivity (Non Compensated)		1	μS/cm	526	4520	3980	5220	5110
EA015: Total Dissolved Solids dried at	: 180 ± 5 °C							
Total Dissolved Solids @180°C		10	mg/L		2990	2630	3430	3360
EA025: Total Suspended Solids dried a	at 104 ± 2 <u>°C</u>						· ·	·
Suspended Solids (SS)		5	mg/L	12	7	10	6	7
EA045: Turbidity								1
Turbidity		0.1	NTU	4.8	10.3	10.0	10.3	10.5
EA116: Temperature								
Temperature		0.5	°C	23.8	21.3	21.5	22.0	21.8
ED037P: Alkalinity by PC Titrator								
Hydroxide Alkalinity as CaCO3	DMO-210-001	1	mg/L	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Carbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	3812-32-6	1	mg/L	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Bicarbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	71-52-3	1	mg/L	162	120	120	121	120
Total Alkalinity as CaCO3		1	mg/L	162	120	120	121	120
ED041G: Sulfate (Turbidimetric) as SO	4 2- by DA							
Sulfate as SO4 - Turbidimetric	14808-79-8	1	mg/L	15	186	162	213	195
ED045G: Chloride by Discrete Analyse	er							
Chloride	16887-00-6	1	mg/L	67	1370	1230	1480	1470
ED093F: Dissolved Major Cations								·
Calcium	7440-70-2	1	mg/L	32	60	52	66	64
Magnesium	7439-95-4	1	mg/L	12	93	77	106	106
Sodium	7440-23-5	1	mg/L	59	749	617	864	858
Potassium	7440-09-7	1	mg/L	10	32	26	37	36
EG020F: Dissolved Metals by ICP-MS							·	·
Iron	7439-89-6	0.05	mg/L	0.11	0.12	0.12	0.09	0.09



Sub-Matrix: WATER (Matrix: WATER)		Sampli	Sample ID ng date / time	SWP1 Point 1 05-Dec-2023 10:45	SWC_2 Point 19 05-Dec-2023 09:26	SWC_UP Point 20 05-Dec-2023 08:45	SWC_Down Point 21 05-Dec-2023 08:55	SWC_DOWN_2 Point 22 05-Dec-2023 09:05
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW2305324-001	EW2305324-002	EW2305324-003	EW2305324-004	EW2305324-005
				Result	Result	Result	Result	Result
EG020T: Total Metals by ICP-M	S							
Manganese	7439-96-5	0.001	mg/L	0.359	0.079	0.074	0.076	0.075
Iron	7439-89-6	0.05	mg/L	0.37	1.23	1.09	1.48	1.17
EK040P: Fluoride by PC Titrato	r					·		·
Fluoride	16984-48-8	0.1	mg/L	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4
EK055G: Ammonia as N by Dis	crete Analyser							
Ammonia as N	7664-41-7	0.01	mg/L	0.05	0.25	0.20	0.27	0.25
EK055G-NH4: Ammonium as N	by DA					·		
Ammonium as N	14798-03-9_N	0.01	mg/L	0.05	0.25	0.20	0.27	0.25
EK057G: Nitrite as N by Discre	ete Analyser							
Nitrite as N	14797-65-0	0.01	mg/L	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01
EK058G: Nitrate as N by Discr	ete Analyser							
Nitrate as N	14797-55-8	0.01	mg/L	0.01	0.08	0.03	0.09	0.07
EK059G: Nitrite plus Nitrate as	N (NOx) by Discrete Ana	lyser						
Nitrite + Nitrate as N		0.01	mg/L	0.01	0.08	0.03	0.09	0.07
EN055: Ionic Balance								
ø Total Anions		0.01	meq/L	5.44	44.9	40.5	48.6	47.9
ø Total Cations		0.01	meq/L	5.41	44.0	36.4	50.5	50.2
ø lonic Balance		0.01	%	0.30	0.98	5.24	1.96	2.28
EP005: Total Organic Carbon (ТОС)					·	·	·
Total Organic Carbon		1	mg/L	18	10	11	10	10
EP025FD: Field Dissolved Oxy	gen					·	·	·
Dissolved Oxygen		0.01	mg/L	3.81	5.24	6.44	6.60	5.81



Sub-Matrix: WATER			Sample ID	Duplicate	 	
(Matrix: WATER)			· ·			
			ng date / time	05-Dec-2023 09:26	 	
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW2305324-006	 	
				Result	 	
EA005FD: Field pH		0.1	n III I nit	7.2		
рН		0.1	pH Unit	1.2	 	
EA010FD: Field Conductivity						
Electrical Conductivity (Non Compensated)		1	µS/cm	4520	 	
EA015: Total Dissolved Solids dried at	180 ± 5 °C					
Total Dissolved Solids @180°C		10	mg/L	2960	 	
EA025: Total Suspended Solids dried a	t 104 ± 2°C					
Suspended Solids (SS)		5	mg/L	7	 	
EA045: Turbidity						
Turbidity		0.1	NTU	10.2	 	
EA116: Temperature						
Temperature		0.5	°C	21.3	 	
ED037P: Alkalinity by PC Titrator						
Hydroxide Alkalinity as CaCO3	DMO-210-001	1	mg/L	<1	 	
Carbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	3812-32-6	1	mg/L	<1	 	
Bicarbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	71-52-3	1	mg/L	122	 	
Total Alkalinity as CaCO3		1	mg/L	122	 	
ED041G: Sulfate (Turbidimetric) as SO4	2- by DA					
Sulfate as SO4 - Turbidimetric	14808-79-8	1	mg/L	189	 	
ED045G: Chloride by Discrete Analyser						
Chloride	16887-00-6	1	mg/L	1290	 	
ED093F: Dissolved Major Cations						
Calcium	7440-70-2	1	mg/L	57	 	
Magnesium	7439-95-4	1	mg/L	88	 	
Sodium	7440-23-5	1	mg/L	711	 	
Potassium	7440-09-7	1	mg/L	30	 	
EG020F: Dissolved Metals by ICP-MS						
Iron	7439-89-6	0.05	mg/L	0.13	 	



Sub-Matrix: WATER (Matrix: WATER)			Sample ID	Duplicate	 	
		Sampli	ing date / time	05-Dec-2023 09:26	 	
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW2305324-006	 	
				Result	 	
EG020T: Total Metals by ICP-MS	;					
Manganese	7439-96-5	0.001	mg/L	0.076	 	
Iron	7439-89-6	0.05	mg/L	1.20	 	
EK040P: Fluoride by PC Titrator	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Fluoride	16984-48-8	0.1	mg/L	0.4	 	
EK055G: Ammonia as N by Disc	rete Analyser					
Ammonia as N	7664-41-7	0.01	mg/L	0.23	 	
EK055G-NH4: Ammonium as N I	by DA					
Ammonium as N	14798-03-9_N	0.01	mg/L	0.23	 	
EK057G: Nitrite as N by Discret	e Analyser					
Nitrite as N	14797-65-0	0.01	mg/L	<0.01	 	
EK058G: Nitrate as N by Discre	te Analyser					
Nitrate as N	14797-55-8	0.01	mg/L	0.03	 	
EK059G: Nitrite plus Nitrate as	N (NOx) by Discrete Ana	lyser				
Nitrite + Nitrate as N		0.01	mg/L	0.03	 	
EN055: Ionic Balance						
ø Total Anions		0.01	meq/L	42.8	 	
ø Total Cations		0.01	meq/L	41.8	 	
ø lonic Balance		0.01	%	1.16	 	
EP005: Total Organic Carbon (T	OC)					 ·
Total Organic Carbon		1	mg/L	10	 	
EP025FD: Field Dissolved Oxyg	en					 ·
Dissolved Oxygen		0.01	mg/L	5.23	 	



Inter-Laboratory Testing

Analysis conducted by ALS Sydney, NATA accreditation no. 825, site no. 10911 (Chemistry) 14913 (Biology).

(WATER) EA045: Turbidity (WATER) EP005: Total Organic Carbon (TOC) (WATER) EG020F: Dissolved Metals by ICP-MS (WATER) EG020T: Total Metals by ICP-MS (WATER) EK057G: Nitrite as N by Discrete Analyser (WATER) EK058G: Nitrate as N by Discrete Analyser (WATER) EK059G: Nitrite plus Nitrate as N (NOx) by Discrete Analyser (WATER) EA025: Total Suspended Solids dried at 104 ± 2°C (WATER) EK055G-NH4: Ammonium as N by DA (WATER) EK055G: Ammonia as N by Discrete Analyser (WATER) EN055: Ionic Balance (WATER) ED045G: Chloride by Discrete Analyser (WATER) ED041G: Sulfate (Turbidimetric) as SO4 2- by DA (WATER) EK040P: Fluoride by PC Titrator (WATER) ED037P: Alkalinity by PC Titrator (WATER) ED093F: Dissolved Major Cations (WATER) EA015: Total Dissolved Solids dried at 180 ± 5 °C



CHAIN OF CUSTODY C Sydney, 277 Woodpark Rd. Smithfield NSW 2176 Ph. 02 8784 8555 Elsamples.sydney@alsenviro.com D Newcastle: 5 Roseuum Rd Warabrook NSW 2304 ALS Laboratory: please tick ->

 Brisbane: 32 Shand St. Stafford QLD 4052
 Ph:07 8243 7222 Etsamples brisbana@bilsansirc.com C Townsville: 14-15 Depres Ct. Bonle QLD 4818 Ph.02 4968 9433 Elsamples newcastle@alsenvice.com Ph.07 4796 0600 El townsville.envicemental@alsenvice.com

Cl. Melbourne: 2-4 Westell Rd. Spring-ale VIC 3171 Ph:00 6549 9600 Et campies melbourne/galsenvici.com C Adelaide: 3-1 Burms Rd Poorske SA 5095 Ph: 08 5359 0990 Etadelade@a.senviro.com

El Parth: 10 Had Way Malaga WA 6090 Ph: 08 9209 7665 El camples perthigialsenviro.com El Launceston: 27 Wellington St. Launceston TAS 7250 Ph 03 5301 2158 E laundeston @alaenviro.com

CLIENT:	Shellharbour City Council	TURNAROUND REQUIREMENTS :	Standard TAT (List due date):		FOR LABORATORY USE ONLY (Circle)
OFFICE:	41 Burelli St WOLLONGONG NSW 2500	(Standard TAT may be longer for some tes e.g., Ultra Trace Organics)	Non Standard or urgent TA⊤ (List du	ue date):	Gustody Seaf Intest?
PROJECT:	Dunmore Quarterly Leachate	ALS QUOTE NO.: WO	D/030/19 TENDER	COC SEQUENCE NUMBER (Circle)	Free ice / frozen ice bricke present upon receipt?
ORDER NUMBE	R:			COC: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Random Samplé Température on Recalpt 🖉 / C
PROJECT MAN	AGER: Ryan Stirling			OF: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Other commanit
SAMPLER:	Kobert Dalis	SAMPLER MOBILE:	RELINQUISHED BY:	RECEIVED BY: REL	INQUISHED BY: RECEIVED BY:
	ALS? (YES / NO)	EDD FORMAT (or default):	Beert Palis	Anets	
Email Reports to	D ;		DATE/TIME:	DATERIME: 12/23 DAT	TE/TIME: DATE/TIME:
Email Invoice to	:		5.12.23	512123	

COMMENTS/SPECIAL HANDLING/STORAGE OR DISPOSAL: CC reports to:

ALS USE ONLY		DETAILS id(S) Water(W)		CONTAINER INFORMATION					-			id to attract suite priv tered bottle required).	e) Addition	al Information
LAB ID	SAMPLE ID	DATE / TIME	MATRIX	TYPE & PRESERVATIVE (refer to codes below)	TOTAL BOTTLES	Ammonia	NT-2A (Aika, So4, CI, FI) Filtered Ca, K	TOC	Total Fe & Mn	NT-4 (NO2, NO3)			Comments on likely o or samples requiring a	ontaminant levels, dilutions, pecific QC analysis etc.
	Leachate Storage Tank - LP1	5121012:10	Ŵ			1	1	1	1	1			Field Tests - J	oH, EC, Temp & DO
		·					-							
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·													
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·													
											Er W	vironment ollongong Work Order EW23	al Division Reference 305326	
											 	Jephone : 02 422	51125	
				ТОТАL	10						ie			i
V ≈ VOA Vial HCI Preserved	 Dupreserved Plastic; N = Nitric Preserved; VB = VOA Vial Sodium Bisulphate Preserved; Bottle; E = EDTA Preserved Bottles; ST = S 	ved; VS = VOA Vial Sulfuric Prese	erved: AV = Ai	Sodium Hydroxide/Cd Preserved; S = Sodium rfreight Unpreserved Vial SG = Sutfuric Preser	Hydroxide Pre	əsərvəd Plas ass; H≃H∢	ntic; AG = Ambe Cl preserved Pl	er Glass Unp lastic; HS = I	reserved; AP - HCI preserved	Airfreight Unpre Speciation bott	eserved Plasti le; SP = Sulfu	c ric Preserved Plastic	; F = Formaldehyde Preser	ved Glass;



CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Work Order	EW2305326	Page	: 1 of 4
Client	: SHELLHARBOUR CITY COUNCIL	Laboratory	Environmental Division NSW South Coast
Contact	: Ryan Stirling	Contact	: Aneta Prosaroski
Address	LAMERTON HOUSE, LAMERTON CRESCENT	Address	: 1/19 Ralph Black Dr, North Wollongong 2500 NSW Australia
	SHELL HARBOUR CITY CENTRE NSW, AUSTRALIA 2529		
Telephone		Telephone	: +61 2 4225 3125
Project	: Dunmore Quarterly Leachate Tank EPL	Date Samples Received	: 05-Dec-2023 14:09
Order number	: 156810	Date Analysis Commenced	: 05-Dec-2023
C-O-C number	:	Issue Date	: 12-Dec-2023 13:39
Sampler	: Robert DaLio		Iac-MRA NATA
Site	: DUNMORE LANDFILL TENDER		
Quote number	: WO/030/19 TENDER LEACHATE		Accreditation No. 825
No. of samples received	: 1		Accredited for compliance with
No. of samples analysed	: 1		ISO/IEC 17025 - Testing

This report supersedes any previous report(s) with this reference. Results apply to the sample(s) as submitted, unless the sampling was conducted by ALS. This document shall not be reproduced, except in full.

This Certificate of Analysis contains the following information:

- General Comments
- Analytical Results

Additional information pertinent to this report will be found in the following separate attachments: Quality Control Report, QA/QC Compliance Assessment to assist with Quality Review and Sample Receipt Notification.

Signatories

This document has been electronically signed by the authorized signatories below. Electronic signing is carried out in compliance with procedures specified in 21 CFR Part 11.

Signatories	Position	Accreditation Category
Ankit Joshi	Senior Chemist - Inorganics	Sydney Inorganics, Smithfield, NSW
Robert DaLio	Sampler	Laboratory - Wollongong, NSW



General Comments

The analytical procedures used by ALS have been developed from established internationally recognised procedures such as those published by the USEPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are fully validated and are often at the client request.

Where moisture determination has been performed, results are reported on a dry weight basis.

Where a reported less than (<) result is higher than the LOR, this may be due to primary sample extract/digestate dilution and/or insufficient sample for analysis.

Where the LOR of a reported result differs from standard LOR, this may be due to high moisture content, insufficient sample (reduced weight employed) or matrix interference.

When sampling time information is not provided by the client, sampling dates are shown without a time component. In these instances, the time component has been assumed by the laboratory for processing purposes.

Where a result is required to meet compliance limits the associated uncertainty must be considered. Refer to the ALS Contract for details.

Key: CAS Number = CAS registry number from database maintained by Chemical Abstracts Services. The Chemical Abstracts Service is a division of the American Chemical Society.

LOR = Limit of reporting

^ = This result is computed from individual analyte detections at or above the level of reporting

ø = ALS is not NATA accredited for these tests.

~ = Indicates an estimated value.

- Analytical work for this work order will be conducted at ALS Sydney.
- EK059G, EK057G: NOx and Nitrite for sample no.1 confirmed by re-analysis.
- ED041G: LOR raised for Sulfate due to sample matrix
- Sodium Adsorption Ratio (where reported): Where results for Na, Ca or Mg are <LOR, a concentration at half the reported LOR is incorporated into the SAR calculation. This represents a conservative approach for Na relative to the assumption that <LOR = zero concentration and a conservative approach for Ca & Mg relative to the assumption that <LOR is equivalent to the LOR concentration.
- ED045G: The presence of Thiocyanate, Thiosulfate and Sulfite can positively contribute to the chloride result, thereby may bias results higher than expected. Results should be scrutinised accordingly.



Sub-Matrix: WATER (Matrix: WATER)			Sample ID	Leachate Storage Tank LP1	 	
		Sampli	ng date / time	05-Dec-2023 12:10	 	
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW2305326-001	 	
				Result	 	
EA005FD: Field pH						
рН		0.1	pH Unit	8.6	 	
EA010FD: Field Conductivity						
Electrical Conductivity (Non Compensated)		1	µS/cm	8410	 	
EA015: Total Dissolved Solids dried at 7	180 ± 5 °C					
Total Dissolved Solids @180°C		10	mg/L	5570	 	
EA116: Temperature						
Temperature		0.1	°C	24.4	 	
ED037P: Alkalinity by PC Titrator						
Hydroxide Alkalinity as CaCO3	DMO-210-001	1	mg/L	<1	 	
Carbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	3812-32-6	1	mg/L	134	 	
Bicarbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	71-52-3	1	mg/L	1770	 	
Total Alkalinity as CaCO3		1	mg/L	1900	 	
ED041G: Sulfate (Turbidimetric) as SO4	2- by DA					
Sulfate as SO4 - Turbidimetric	14808-79-8	1	mg/L	<10	 	
ED045G: Chloride by Discrete Analyser						
Chloride	16887-00-6	1	mg/L	1570	 	
ED093F: Dissolved Major Cations						
Calcium	7440-70-2	1	mg/L	51	 	
Potassium	7440-09-7	1	mg/L	355	 	
EG020T: Total Metals by ICP-MS						
Manganese	7439-96-5	0.001	mg/L	1.35	 	
Iron	7439-89-6	0.05	mg/L	5.08	 	
EK040P: Fluoride by PC Titrator						
Fluoride	16984-48-8	0.1	mg/L	0.3	 	
EK055G: Ammonia as N by Discrete An	alyser					
Ammonia as N	7664-41-7	0.01	mg/L	330	 	



Sub-Matrix: WATER (Matrix: WATER)			Sample ID	Leachate Storage Tank LP1	 	
		Sampli	ng date / time	05-Dec-2023 12:10	 	
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW2305326-001	 	
				Result	 	
EK057G: Nitrite as N by Discrete Analyse	er					
Nitrite as N	14797-65-0	0.01	mg/L	5.76	 	
EK058G: Nitrate as N by Discrete Analys	er					
Nitrate as N	14797-55-8	0.01	mg/L	<0.20	 	
EK059G: Nitrite plus Nitrate as N (NOx)	by Discrete Ana	lyser				
Nitrite + Nitrate as N		0.01	mg/L	0.60	 	
EP005: Total Organic Carbon (TOC)						
Total Organic Carbon		1	mg/L	142	 	
EP025FD: Field Dissolved Oxygen						
Dissolved Oxygen		0.01	mg/L	3.40	 	
Dissolved Oxygen - % Saturation		0.1	% saturation	41.3	 	

Inter-Laboratory Testing

Analysis conducted by ALS Sydney, NATA accreditation no. 825, site no. 10911 (Chemistry) 14913 (Biology).

(WATER) ED093F: Dissolved Major Cations

(WATER) EP005: Total Organic Carbon (TOC)

(WATER) EK055G: Ammonia as N by Discrete Analyser

(WATER) EG020T: Total Metals by ICP-MS

(WATER) EK057G: Nitrite as N by Discrete Analyser

(WATER) EK058G: Nitrate as N by Discrete Analyser

(WATER) EK059G: Nitrite plus Nitrate as N (NOx) by Discrete Analyser

(WATER) EA015: Total Dissolved Solids dried at 180 \pm 5 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$

(WATER) ED045G: Chloride by Discrete Analyser

(WATER) ED037P: Alkalinity by PC Titrator

(WATER) EK040P: Fluoride by PC Titrator

(WATER) ED041G: Sulfate (Turbidimetric) as SO4 2- by DA



Appendix C:

Laboratory Chain of Custody (COC) & Certificates of Analysis

(COA) – Dust Samples. Quarters 1

ALS	CHAIN OF CUSTODY ALS Laboratory: please tick →	 Cl Sydney: 277 Woodpark I Ph: 02 8784 8555 Elsample Mewcastle: 5 Rosegum I Ph:02 4968 9433 Elsamples 	les sydney@alse v Rd. Warabrook	enviro.com Ph:07-3243-7222 Els k NSW 2304 D Townsville: 14-1	hand St, Stafford QLD 405; samples brisbane@alsenvi -15 Desma Ct, Bohla QLD - townsville environmental@alse	ro.com Ph:00 1818 EL A	3 8549 9600 E. samples melbourne@elsanviro.com Ph: 08 4 Adelaide: 2-1 Burma Rd, Pooraka SA 5095 Ci Lau	th: 10 Hod Way, Malaga WA 8090 9209 7655 E: samples.perth@alser inceston: 27 Wellington St. Launces 8 6331 2158 E. launceston@alservir	ston TAS 7250
CLIENT:	Shellharbour City Council		TURNAR	OUND REQUIREMENTS :	Standard TAT (Li	st due date):		FOR LABORATORY USE C	NLY (Circle)
OFFICE:	Dunmore			T may be longer for some tosts	Non Standard or			Custody Seel Imact?	and the second second states and the second seco
PROJECT:	Dunmore Dust			TE NO.: WO/030/19 TENDE				Free ice / imzen ice bricke prese reseipt?	Yes 3ko ni upon Yes No
ORDER NUMBER:				<u>_</u>				Random Sample Temperature or	n Receipt: NA 'C
PROJECT MANAGER:	Ryan Stirling						OF: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Other comment.	1.24
SAMPLER: Pob	pert Dalio	SAMPLER M	IOBILE:		RELINQUISHED BY:			NQUISHED BY:	RECEIVED BY:
COC emailed to ALS? (EDD FORMA	AT (or defau	lt):	Robert 1	2410	M. Sanhos		
Email Reports to :				[E/TIME:	DATE/TIME:
Email Invoice to :		· .		1.	12.23		1-12-23 13:30		
COMMENTS/SPECIAL H	HANDLING/STORAGE OR DISPOSA	AL: CC reports to:	-						
ALS USE ONLY		E DETAILS clid(S) Water(W)		CONTAINER INFO	RMATION		REQUIRED including SUITES (NB. Suite Codes must talls are required, specify Total (unfiltered bottle required) or Dissoive		Additional Information
LAB ID	• SAMPLE ID	DATE / TIME	MATRIX	TYPE & PRESERVATIN (refer to codes below)		CM, TIS)			Comments on likely contaminant levels, dilutions, or samples requiring specific QC analysis etc.
	DDG1		AIR	· 		 A04 (Ash, CM, 			
	1.4	2.23 1122					i		L
	DDG2	. 1110	AIR			 ✓ 		nental Division	
	DDG3	9:55	AIR	<u> </u>			Wollonge Wollonge Work O	ong order Reference	
	DDG4	8.40		 		· ·	EW	/2305319	
					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Telephone : 0	12 42253125	·
					TOTAL 10				



Work Order

Client

Contact

Address

Telephone

Order number

Project

Site

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS Page : EW2305319 : 1 of 3 : SHELLHARBOUR CITY COUNCIL Laboratory : Environmental Division NSW South Coast : Joel Coulton Contact : Aneta Prosaroski Address : 1/19 Ralph Black Dr, North Wollongong 2500 NSW Australia : LAMERTON HOUSE, LAMERTON CRESCENT SHELL HARBOUR CITY CENTRE NSW, AUSTRALIA 2529 : -----Telephone : +61 2 4225 3125 : Dunmore Landfill Dust **Date Samples Received** : 01-Dec-2023 13:30 : 156810 Date Analysis Commenced : 05-Dec-2023



This report supersedes any previous report(s) with this reference. Results apply to the sample(s) as submitted, unless the sampling was conducted by ALS. This document shall not be reproduced, except in full.

This Certificate of Analysis contains the following information:

- General Comments
- Analytical Results

Additional information pertinent to this report will be found in the following separate attachments: Quality Control Report, QA/QC Compliance Assessment to assist with **Quality Review and Sample Receipt Notification.**

Signatories

This document has been electronically signed by the authorized signatories below. Electronic signing is carried out in compliance with procedures specified in 21 CFR Part 11.

Signatories	Position	Accreditation Category
Thomas Regan	Laboratory Technician	Newcastle - Inorganics, Mayfield West, NSW



General Comments

The analytical procedures used by ALS have been developed from established internationally recognised procedures such as those published by the USEPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are fully validated and are often at the client request.

Where moisture determination has been performed, results are reported on a dry weight basis.

Where a reported less than (<) result is higher than the LOR, this may be due to primary sample extract/digestate dilution and/or insufficient sample for analysis.

Where the LOR of a reported result differs from standard LOR, this may be due to high moisture content, insufficient sample (reduced weight employed) or matrix interference.

When sampling time information is not provided by the client, sampling dates are shown without a time component. In these instances, the time component has been assumed by the laboratory for processing purposes.

Where a result is required to meet compliance limits the associated uncertainty must be considered. Refer to the ALS Contract for details.

Key: CAS Number = CAS registry number from database maintained by Chemical Abstracts Services. The Chemical Abstracts Service is a division of the American Chemical Society.

LOR = Limit of reporting

^ = This result is computed from individual analyte detections at or above the level of reporting

ø = ALS is not NATA accredited for these tests.

~ = Indicates an estimated value.

- Dust conducted by ALS Newcastle, NATA accreditation no. 825, site no 1656.
- Analysis as per AS3580.10.1-2016. Samples passed through a 1mm sieve prior to analysis. NATA accreditation does not apply for results reported in g/m².mth as sampling data was provided by the client.
- The dust gauges for all samples were full when received by the laboratory. They may have overflowed in the field. Results for these gauges are thus reported on an 'as received' basis.
- For dust analysis, the Limit of Reporting (LOR) referenced in the reports for deposited matter parameters represents the reporting increment rather than reporting limit.

Sub-Matrix: DEPOSITIONAL DUST (Matrix: AIR)			Sample ID	DDG1 02/11/2023 - 01/12/2023	DDG2 02/11/2023 - 01/12/2023	DDG3 02/11/2023 - 01/12/2023	DDG4 02/11/2023 - 01/12/2023	
			ing date / time	01-Dec-2023 11:22	01-Dec-2023 11:10	01-Dec-2023 09:55	01-Dec-2023 08:45	
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW2305319-001	EW2305319-002	EW2305319-003	EW2305319-004	
				Result	Result	Result	Result	
EA120: Ash Content								
Ash Content		0.1	g/m ² .month	0.4	0.4	1.0	5.9	
Ash Content (mg)		2	mg	7	7	17	101	
EA125: Combustible Matter								
Combustible Matter		0.1	g/m².month	0.4	0.4	0.4	2.8	
Combustible Matter (mg)		2	mg	6	6	7	47	
EA141: Total Insoluble Matter								
Total Insoluble Matter		0.1	g/m².month	0.8	0.8	1.4	8.7	
Total Insoluble Matter (mg)		2	mg	13	13	24	148	



Inter-Laboratory Testing

Analysis conducted by ALS Newcastle, NATA accreditation no. 825, site no. 1656 (Chemistry) 9854 (Biology).

(AIR) EA125: Combustible Matter

(AIR) EA120: Ash Content

(AIR) EA141: Total Insoluble Matter



Appendix D:

Surface Gas (Methane) Field Sheets. Quarters 1

ENT:	Shellharbour City Council	<u>.</u>	TURNAR	OUND REQUIREMENTS :	Standard TAT	List due date):							FORL	BORATO	DRY USE C	ONLY (Circle)
FICE:	41 Burelli St WOLLONGONG NS	W 2500	(Standard T.	AT may be longer for some tests	Non Standard			ate):					Costody	Seal (mac	2	Yes File (
OJECT:	Dunmore Quarterly Methane Te		ALS QUO	race Organics) TE NO.; WO/0	30/19 TENDER				SEQUE	NCE NUME	ER (Circ		Francica raceipi/?	/ fiozen ice	риже раз	antingon _{Yes} i No 🖌
DER NUMBER:								coc: t	2	34	5	67			mpiaturo c	m Receipt: "E
JECT MANAGER	Rvan Stirling		1					OF: 1	2	34	5		Otherc	1. A. P. A.		
IPLER:		SAMPLER N	IOBILE:		RELINQUISHED E			RECEIVED	BY:			RELI	NQUISI	ED BY:		RECEIVED BY:
emailed to ALS?	(YES / NO)	EDD FORMA	AT (or defau	uit):	DATE/TIME:	hael		A	معہ	fe						
il Reports to :	<u> </u>				DATE/TIME:			A DATE/TIME	5	, . , .		DATE	TIME:			DATE/TIME:
ail Invoice to :					7 13 121	23		131	274	~う						
MENTS/SPECIAL	HANDLING/STORAGE OR DISPO	SAL: CC reports to:														
						ANALY		QUIRED in	cluding	n SHITES	(NB Suite (odes mus	t he liste	to attract	suite orice)	7
ALS USE ONLY		PLE DETAILS Solid(S) Water(W)		CONTAINER INF	FORMATION			ire required, sp		-						Additional Information
CARDON CONTRACTOR OF CONTRACTOR																Comments on likely contaminant levels, dil or samples requiring specific QC analysis e
LAB ID	SAMPLE ID	DATE / TIME	MATRIX	TYPE & PRESERVA (refer to codes belo												
	Methane	13/12/23	w			1										
	-															
	····										1		i		1	1
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											Wolle	ongor	ng	ference		
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			1													
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							_									
					TOTAL 1	,										

			ALS Landf	ill Emissions Re	port	(ALS)
Client: Site:	Shellharbour City C Dunmore	Council		Date: Sampler(s)	13/12/2023 Robert DaLio, Michael Santos	
Transact / Location	Point	GPS North	GPS East	CH4 Conc (ppm)	Comments	
A					No Safe Access	
E	1	6168 226	302 435	2.3		
E		6168 253	302 437	2.3		
E						
		6168 274	302 437	2.3		
E	4	6168 296	302 439	2.4		
c	1	6168 434	302 375	2.4		
c		6168 380	302 390	2.4		
		6168 322	302 406	2.4		
		6167 265	302 416	2.5		
c			302 421	2.4		
C	6		302 417	2.3		
c		6168 072	302 408	2.3		
c	8	6168 046	302 405	2.3		
	1					
		6168 138	302 396	2.4		
		6168 147	302 394	2.3		
		6168 153	302 392	2.4		
		6168 163	302 389	2.4		
			302 390	7.8		
		6168 178	302 391	3.6		
		6168 188 6168 198	302 389 302 385	2.6 2.7		
			302 383	2.7		
E	1	6168	302		Overgrown	
E		6168	302		Overgrown	
E	3	6168 138	302 376	2.3		
E	4	6168 146	302 376	2.3		
E	5	6168 154	302 376	2.3		
E			302 373	2.2		
E		6168 165	302 372	2.3		
E		6168 176	302 367	2.3		
E		6168 188	302 362	2.3		
E	8	6168 194	302 377	2.2		
F	1	6168 113	302 356	2.4		
F		6168 121	302 358	2.4		
F		6168 133	302 358	2.3		
F		6168 143	302 348	2.2		
F		6168 153	302 337	2.3		
F			302 332	2.3		
G		6168 407	302 256	2.6		
G		6168 420	302 291	2.4		
G		6168 441 6168 462	302 322 302 358	2.4		
G	4	0108 462	302 358	2.4		
F		6168 433	302 261	2.9		
F		6168 394	302 261	2.9		
		6168 352	302 220	2.9		
H		6168 327	302 155	2.8		
		6168 274	302 100	2.8		
+		6168 237	302 076	2.8		
F		6168 186	301 074	2.7		
F		6168 123	301 063	2.6		
H	9	6168 071	302 66	2.4		
H		6168 030	302 104	4.8		
	11	6167 000	302 136	7.1		

ŀ		6167 946	302 185	9.5		
ŀ	н 13	6167 913	302 218	7.2		
	н 14	6167 877	302 259	4.4		
F			302 309	2.7		
ŀ			302 356	5.0		
ŀ		6167 880	302 391	3.7		
ŀ			302 424	6.8		
ŀ		6167 897	302 462	23.3		
ŀ	н 20	6167 904	302 483	2.6		
ŀ	H 21	6167 159	302 536	3.3		
ŀ	н 22		302 630	3.4		
H		6167 113	302 630	3.4		
F			302 607			
				3.4		
ŀ			302 590	3.4		
F			302 573	3.4		
ŀ			302 546	3.4		
+	H 28	6168 291	302 538	3.4		
ŀ	н 29	6168 324	302 543	3.3		
ŀ			302 550	3.4		
ŀ			302 547	3.4		
				3.1		
			302 397			
ŀ			302 367	3.0		
ŀ			302 330	3.0		
ŀ	н 35	6168 473	302 294	2.9		
	1 1	6168 179	302 244	2.4		
	1 2	6168 170	302 208	2.4		
	1 3	6168 152	302 157	2.4		
	4	6168 146	302 88	2.4		
	J 1	6168 338	302 180	2.5		
	J 2	6168 317	302 198	2.5		
	J 3	6168 293	302 217	2.5		
·	J 4	6167 252	302 234	2.5		
	J 5	6167 214	302 246	2.5		
	к 1					
		6168 525	302 385	2.4		
٢	К 2	6168 539	302 425	2.1		
	к з	6168 561	302 461	2.0		
ŀ	к 4					
		6168 592	302 412	2.0		
	к 5	6168 568	302 368	1.9		
	L 1	6168 746	302 330	2.9		
	L 2	6168 702	302 301	2.7		
	L 3		302 261	2.5		
	-	6168 631	302 243	2.2		
	- °	6168 592	302 221	2.0		
l	L 6	6168 568	302 197	1.8		
ompressor Shed	1			8.7		
ffice	1			3.1		
community Recycling Centre	1			3.0		
LD Weighbridge			1	3.6		
LD Weighbridge Toilet	1			9.3		
evolve Shop	1			2.4		
uilding Truckwash	1			2.5		
lew Weighbridge	1			3.4		
	1					
lethane Blank (Pre testing)				2.5	Taken at entrance to Dunmore site before main gate	
lethane Blank (Post testing)	1			2.5	Taken at entrance to Dunmore site before main gate	
Comments:						
ampling performed in accordan	ce to EPA Environme	ental Guidelines Solid Waste	Landfills, Second Edition 2	D16		
as concentrations are reported	as raw values without	t correction for background o	oncentration.			



Appendix E: Laboratory Chain of Custody (COC) & Certificates of Analysis (COA) – Overflow Events



Appendix F: Calibration Certificates

CERTIFICATION OF CALIBRATION





Issued by: QED Environmental Systems Ltd.

Calibration certificate number

Instrument

Laser One

16712 H-10352

Serial Number

16712

Description of the calibration procedure:

The calibration is verified with certified gas bottle. The maximum error of the instrument as specified in the datasheet.

Gas verification from 0-1000ppm CH4

Full scale (ppm)	Gas concentration (ppm)	Response 1 (ppm)	Response 2 (ppm)	Response 3 (ppm)	Average response (ppm)	Maximum error (ppm)	Maximum error (% F.s.)	Maximum error %
1000	0.0	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1000	3.07	3	3	3	3.00	0.07	0.01	0.01
1000	9.93	10	10	10	10.00	0.07	0.01	0.01
1000	104.0	102	102	102	102.00	2.00	0.20	0.20
1000	1011	1010	1010	1010	1010.00	1.00	0.10	0.10
	H					Uncertainty	0.20	%
						Max % error	0.20	% FS

Gas verification from	0-100% vol CH4
Gas vermeation nom	0-100/0 001 0114

Full scale (%vol)	Gas concentration (%vol)	Response 1 (%vol)	Response 2 (%vol)	Response 3 (%vol)	Average response (%vol)	Maximum error (%vol)	Maximum error (%F.s.)	Maximum error %
100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
100.00	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	0.00	0.00	0.00
100.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
100.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
100.00	50.00	49.90	49.90	49.90	49.90	0.10	0.10	0.10
100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
						Uncertainty	0.10	%

Max % error 0.10

Gas verification from 0-100% CH4 LEL (0-4.4% VOL)

Full scale (%vol)	Gas concentration (LEL%)	Response 1 (LEL%)	Response 2 (LEL%)	Response 3 (LEL%)	Average response (%vol)	Maximum error (LEL%)	Maximum error (% F.s.)	Maximum error %
100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
100.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
100.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Uncertainty	0.00	%
Max % error	0.00	% FS

% FS

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Registered in England and Wales 1898734







Issued by: QED Environmental Systems Ltd.

Environmental conditions during calibration

Temp.	22.7	c
Pressure	971	mBar

Gas bottles used for calibration

Gas	Cylinder number	Expiry date	Gas
N2	110241	03/11/2025	N2
3 ppm	303552	29/01/2028	CH4
10 ppm	265827	16/02/2026	CH4
100ppm	S1081135P	27/07/2028	CH4
1000 ppm	S1198731S	14/06/2028	CH4
1.0% Vol	S1198415S	10/04/2024	CH4
2.2% vol	1273046T	30/02/2028	CH4
5.0% vol	244842	08/08/2025	CH4
15% vol	268737	08/08/2025	CH4
50% vol	267652	09/05/2025	CH4
100% vol	1262313	09/08/2027	CH4

Calibration results: Pass

Next scheduled calibration: 19/10/2024

Calibration date: 19/10/2023

Issued by: Keeley Knight

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Appendix G: Gas Flare Reports



LC A CLEAN ENERGY, ZERO CARBON FUTURE.

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PROJECT PROFILE: DUNMORE, NSW

We expedite the transition to renewables with clean energy and carbon abatement solutions. Carbon credits enable a commercially viable project to create additional abatement. **Results Achieved since the Project Commenced***



BIOGAS CAPTURED

26.5 million m3



CARBON ABATEMENT

252 thousand tonnes (t CO2e - environmental benefit)

ACCUs CREATED

92 thousand Australian Carbon Credit Units (ACCUs)

SEEDLINGS PLANTED CARS OFF THE ROAD 4.2 million seedlings



5.870 for the last 12 months of carbon

abatement (t CO2e)

planted for 10 years (t CO2e)

BIOGAS CAPTURE AND CARBON ABATEMENT FROM LANDFILL

- Long-term contract with Shellharbour City Council to recover and beneficially use biogas and abate carbon from this regional landfill in Dunmore. This improves air quality, reduces greenhouse gas emissions and contributes to the local economy.
- No regulatory requirement to capture biogas, however ACCUs enable additional carbon abatement (above its 30% baseline) • from a commercially viable flaring project under the Emissions Reduction Fund (ERF).
- Since 2013, LGI has installed a bespoke biogas management system with an LGI 1000 ERF compliant biogas flare. Council • benefits from this bespoke system at minimal cost.
- LGI collaborates closely with the Council regarding the design, installation, operations and maintenance of the biogas • management system, including the monitoring and reporting services provided.

P: +61 7 3711 2225 E: enquiries@lgi.com.au in: linkedin.com/company/lgi-ltd | 57 Harvey Street N, Eagle Farm QLD 4009

Saving the planet one landfill, one megawatt, one solar panel, one battery at a time



Site:	Dunmore	Report issue date:	13/12/2023
Report month:	November 2023	Prepared by:	Grace Tap
Prepared for:	Shellharbour City Council	Checked by:	Brendan Fraser

0	
	• January 2016 - LGI disconnected the 4 lateral wells and 8 vertical wells.
	• April 2016 - LGI reconnected 8 vertical wells in the SE corner and 4 lateral wells.
system:	• June 2016 - LGI disconnected the extended gas capture system to assist Council.
	• September 2016 - LGI disconnected the extended gas capture system to assist Council.
	November 2016 - LGI commissioned the connection to leachate sump 6 as of
	23-11-2016.
	• May 2017 - LGI installed an additional 10 vertical wells to the existing LFG system
	• November 2019 - LGI on site to move mainline up batter, and reconnected infrastructure
	that had been previously disconnected, including 4 wells on the dimple and a 160mm
	leachate riser.
	• April 2020 - LGI installed a flowline to sump 6 after earlier disconnection.
	• February 2021 - LGI installed 13 new vertical wells, including a new submain
	• March 2022 - LGI replaced the flare gas analyser panel with a Draeger model analyser
	for greater accuracy and reliability
	• August 2022 - LGI repaired the 225mm mainline and and adjacent submain to allow for
	intermediate capping to continue across the top of cell 3
	• December 2022 - LGI installed a pneumatic bore pump in a j-trap, allowing for greater
	reliability of condensate management in the main gas line.
	• May 2023 - LGI installed a series of 3 pneumatic bore pumps at various wells with
	evacuated leachate being returned into sump 5.
	• June 2023 - LGI installed a series of 2 pneumatic bore pumps at various wells with
	evacuated leachate being returned into sump 5.
	- October 2023 - LGI replaced the flare with a brand new flare of identical capacity. The
	new flare has improved control systems, reliability and performance, and will be compliant
	with current Type B Gas and Hazardous Area Zoning regulations.
Comments on	Availability - 94.79 %
	Down Time: 37.50 h
maintenance:	
maintonarioor	16.08h - Planned Outage
	21.42h - Forced Outage External
	Field tuned:
	- 03/11/2023
	- 09/11/2023
	- 27/11/2023
	
Recommendations:	LGI recommends continued regular communication with Council regarding leachate
	management, site performance and future planning.



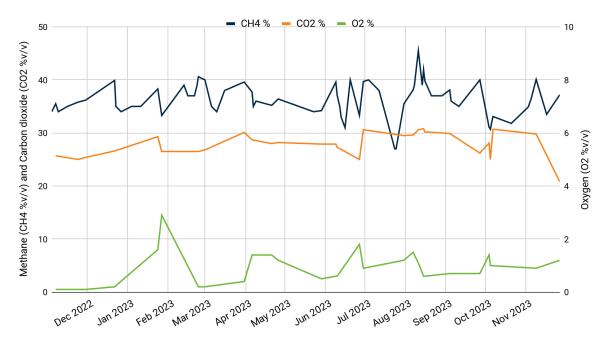
Flare Operational Data:

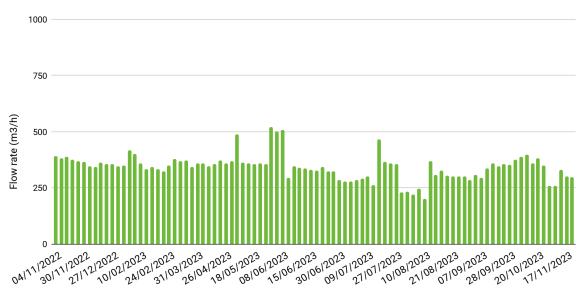
Date	CH4 (%v/v)	CO2 (%v/v)	O2 (%v/v)	FLOW (m3/h)	STACK TEMP (°C)	CUMULATIVE FLOW (m3)
09/11/2023	40.1	29.8	0.9	257	686	26,345,690
17/11/2023	33.5	-	-	300	754	26,401,136
27/11/2023	37.2	20.8	1.2	297	774	26,471,625
Average	36.9	25.3	1.05	285	738	-



Dunmore- Methane, Carbon Dioxide & Oxygen

Damaged infrastructure on 02/09/2022 has allowed an influx of oxygen into the field causing readings of high O2 and low CH4.



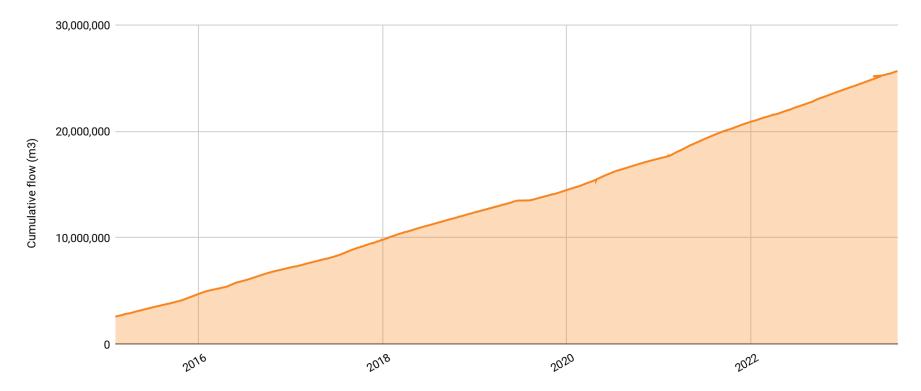


Dunmore - Flow Rate

BIOGAS MONTHLY REPORT - DUNMORE



Dunmore - Cumulative Flow



26,492,740 m3 of combusted landfill gas from the beginning of the project up to 1 December 2023 represents:

- 251,617 tonnes of CO2 equivalent (total methane abated by gas capture system to date).
- 4,193,624 seedlings planted for 10 years
- 5,870 (cars off the road for the last 12 months)
- 92,714 Australian Carbon Credit Units (ACCUs)

Biogas captured is the cumulative flow reading at the last day of the month.

LGI Limited 57 Harvey St N, Eagle Farm QLD 4009 07 3711 2225



Please note:

This report has been prepared by LGI Limited (LGI) with all reasonable skill, care and diligence, and taking account of the human power and resources devoted to it by agreement with the client. Information reported herein is based on the interpretation of data collected and has been accepted in good faith as being accurate and valid.

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